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INTERNATIONAL

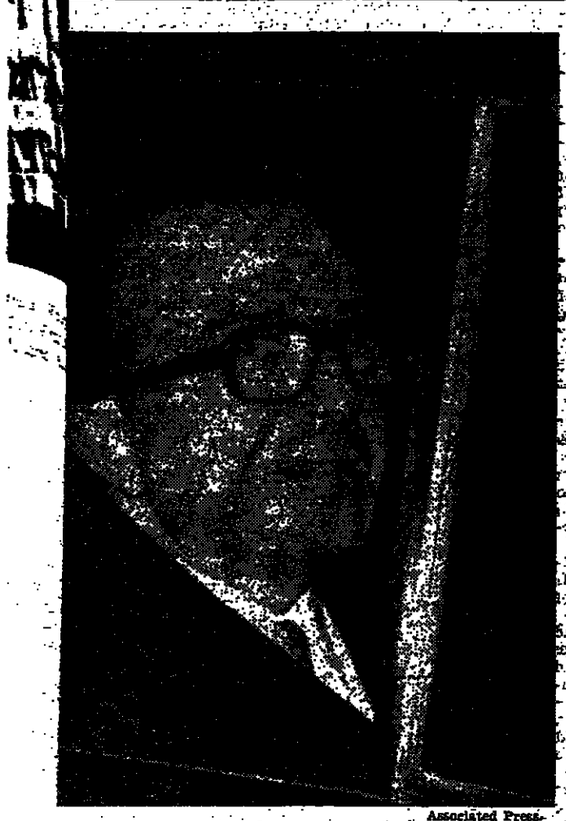
Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: ...mp. 75-59 (24-15). Tomorrow partly ...Yesterday's ...temp. 73-63 (24-17). ...ccasional rain. Temp. 64-58 (18-13). ...partly cloudy. Yesterday's temp. ...). CHANNEL: Moderate. ROME: ...mp. 84-55 (29-13). NEW YORK: ...p. 82-70 (28-21). Yesterday's temp. ...TIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2.

Austria	8 S.	Lebanon	90 P.
Belgium	14 B.Fr.	Luxembourg	14 L.Fr.
Denmark	2.25 D.Kr.	Morocco	1.50 Dr.
Eire (Inc. gas)	11 P.	Netherlands	1 Flor.
Finland	1.40 F.M.	Nigeria	3/6
France	1.40 Fr.	Norway	2.25 N.Kr.
Germany	1 D.M.	Portugal	8 Esc.
Great Britain	10 P.	Spain	18 Ptas.
Greece	12 Drs.	Sweden	1.75 S.Kr.
India	Rs. 3.75	Switzerland	1.20 S.Fr.
Iran	25 Rials	Turkey	T.£5
Italy	200 Lire	U.S. Military	30c
Israel	I.£1.40	Yugoslavia	6 D.

121 PARIS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1973 Established 1887



Associated Press.

Giulio Andreotti leaving president's palace after presenting his government's resignation.

Replacement Process Begins

...ian Cabinet Quits; Regime ...e to Left Will Be Sought

By Paul Hofmann

...June 12 (NYT).—Pre... Giulio Andreotti and his ... resigned today, begin... government crisis that is ... to result in a shift to ...

...ithdrawal of the cabinet, ...ith since the fall of the... ...s a foregone conclusion ... leadership of Mr. An... Christian Democratic ...eached a consensus on ...that an attempt should ...to renew its former long... ance with the Socialist ...

...o Rumor, a former pre... ...o has been Mr. An... interior minister, emerg... ...e leading candidate for ...ership in the proposed ...t government at a five... ...istian Democratic Na... ...vention that ended here ...erday.

Mr. Rumor or another Democrat can be named ...r-designate by President ...Leone, the head of state ... to go through the ...outine of formal con... with leaders of all ...presented in parliament ... elder statesmen.

...dreotti submitted the ...t's resignations to ...Leone after a brief ...eeting this morning. In ...s with a well-practiced ... during government ...president of the republ... ...e outgoing premier and ...rs to stay in office until ...ernment is formed.

...ne announced that he ...a his ritual talks, pre... ...o the designation of a ...er, on Thursday. Who... ...osen by the president, ...next week, would then ...iations with factions of ...party—the Christian ...—and other groups.

...w process of govern... ...ng may go on until ...h. Some urgent prob... lems, especially Italy's accelerating inflation, will be kept in abeyance pending the establishment of a new administration.

The next government will be fully functional only after both houses of parliament vote their confidence in it, which may be in July or later before Italy again has a working executive.

In keeping with practice, the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate adjourned this afternoon after having been formally told by Mr. Andreotti that his government had resigned. Parliament will reconvene when a new administration is formed.

Mr. Andreotti has been in power for 15 months. This government, his second ruling coalition, lost the slim majority it held on paper when the Republican party announced that it would withhold its support. The crisis was put off, by general agreement, until after the convention.

Says Libya ...egun Arabs' ...J.S. Battle

...June 12 (Reuters).— ...resident Anwar Sadat ...poli today that Libya's ...tion of the American ...unt Oil Co. was the ...of the battle against ...sts in the Arab world. ...e in a Libyan televi... ...iew in Tripoli.

...comment on President ...adhafi's nationalization ...Mr. Sadat said: "I have ...America should realize ...ould not be able to ... interests if it con... challenge the Arab ...i gave unlimited sup... ...ael.

...tionalization order is ...ing of the battle against ...interests... The deci... ...asic part of the ardu... ...le," he said.

...s of Egypt and Libya ...Mr. Sadat said he had ...h Col. Qadhafi to meet ...month when their uni... ...al command will issue ...ed by various mergers. He said they will also ...er steps to be taken ...scheduled referendum ...rger is held on Sept. 1.

U.S. Doubled East Europe Trade in 1972

WASHINGTON, June 12 (AP). —The United States in 1972 more than doubled its trade with the Communist nations of Eastern Europe, the government said yesterday. It reported that exports and imports last year were valued at a record $1.1 billion.

In addition, trade with Communist China totaled $9.25 million, two-thirds of it in U.S. exports, mostly wheat and corn.

The Commerce Department said agricultural exports accounted for most of the trade with Eastern Europe. Corn sales totaled $199 million, wheat $164 million, soybeans and soybean oilcake and meal $10 million, cattle hides $52.7 million and cotton $15.1 million.

Also, the United States sold $18.6 million worth of aluminum oxide and $24.6 million worth of metal-working machinery.

The Soviet Union was the recipient of most of these U.S. exports. Russia bought $546.8 million worth of products from the United States, while shipping it $95.5 million worth. In 1971, the United States had $532 million in sales to Eastern Europe.

The department said the total dollar value of export licenses to send goods to Eastern Europe dropped to $758 million last year. The main reason was that 1971 was a big year for licenses. A number of them were approved in 1971 for eventual shipment of equipment for the Soviet Union's Kama River truck factory.

U.S. Launches Satellite To Warn of Missiles

CAPE KENNEDY, Fla., June 12 (Reuters).—The United States today put a spy satellite into orbit to give instant warning of missile attack from land or sea.

Launched on a Titan-3C rocket, the secret satellite is intended to stay in stationary orbit above the Indian Ocean, where an earlier version is already orbiting, according to sources here.

Blast Kills Six Ulster Villagers

Protestants Fight Troops in Belfast

BELFAST, June 12 (UPI).—A bomb-laden car exploded in the town of Coleraine today, killing at least six villagers, police said.

A police spokesman said that the six persons were four women and two men, and that 33 persons were injured in the blast.

A doctor who attended the victims said, "There may have been more dead."

Police said the bomb was planted in a car outside the Coleraine Chronicle in the center of the town, which is 50 miles north of Belfast.

"A warning was given in terms so vague and dismissed short that there was only 40 minutes between the warning and the blast, and it was impossible to clear the area," a police spokesman said.

Another car bomb exploded five minutes later, wrecking a gas station but causing no injuries, police said.

The deaths brought to 823 the number of persons killed in almost four years of strife among Northern Ireland's majority Protestants, minority Catholics, British troops and the outlawed Irish Republican Army.

Until recently, Coleraine, predominantly Protestant, has been free of strife, police said.

The explosion outside the newspaper office sent fires sweeping through nearby shops.

Firemen, police and ambulance men said they were hampered by people wandering around in a state of shock.

A witness who survived the first blast said, "People started screaming. Within seconds, hundreds were running in all directions."

Belfast Battle

Earlier today, British troops battled gunmen in Belfast's Protestant Shankill district in a five-hour fire fight.

It was the second successive night British troops had come under fire in a Protestant area of the city.

A paratroop officer said, "This is just about the heaviest gunfire I have seen since coming to Northern Ireland."

The army said troops hit at least seven men during the battle.

"We brought a helicopter in with a powerful searchlight," an army spokesman said, "and the helicopter crew saw one man roll backwards, having been shot. They tried to follow his progress when other gunmen came to his rescue but unfortunately they lost him."

The violence came as troops switched weapon searches into the Shankill area from Protestant East Belfast, where a Protestant bus driver, Alfred Rush, was killed in a gun battle between troops and snipers yesterday.

Army officers estimated that at least a dozen gunmen were sniping at troops from dimly lit streets in the Shankill battle.

First signs of violence came when women and children erected barricades on Shankill Road protesting the detention earlier of 12 members of the Protestant paramilitary Ulster Defense Association, a militant loyalist organization.

The children rolled barrels into the road, and troops fired rubber bullets to disperse large crowds, an army spokesman said.



Associated Press.

Maurice Stans, former commerce secretary and chief of the Finance Committee to Re-Elect the President, being sworn in for testimony before Senate Watergate committee.

For Election Role While Commerce Chief

Stans Denies He Had Secret Fund

WASHINGTON, June 12 (AP). —Maurice H. Stans testified today that he knew nothing of a 1971, political memorandum, reporting that he had set aside $1 million at the Department of Commerce for activities that would help President Nixon win re-election. He said there was no such fund.

This reported fund was the subject of a July 23, 1971, memorandum, from former Nixon campaign aide Dwight Chapin, to Stans' predecessor as commerce secretary, Peter G. Peterson, and under-cover to then Attorney General John N. Mitchell. But Mr. Stans told the Senate Watergate investigating panel that it must have been based on a misunderstanding.

"If somebody is implying that we had $1 million in the Department of Commerce set aside to help in the election campaign, they are off," the former commerce secretary said. "I don't know what it means."

Rufus L. Edmisten, a deputy counsel to the Senate Watergate committee, read the Magruder memo which said that Dick Whitney, a Stans assistant in the Commerce Department, had told Mr. Magruder of a special fund to finance conferences, hiring and "other activities that might be beneficial" to the 1971 Nixon campaign.

Mr. Stans said he didn't know anything about it.

Mr. Stans made his denials in an eight-page typewritten statement, which he prepared for the committee hearings.

Private Correspondence

Earlier today, the committee heard a former Nixon campaign worker testify that he had been told that Mr. Mitchell, while still attorney general, had been shown filmed copies of private correspondence from the campaign of Sen. Edmund S. Muskie, at that time front-runner for the Democratic presidential nomination.

Mr. Stans told Senate investigators that his 1972 campaign job was raising money, not deciding how to spend it. He denied knowledge of any wrongdoing in the campaign.

Mr. Stans said anything that went wrong "was the fault of the campaign committee," which decided on tactics, not the fault of the finance committee he directed.

Reading his prepared statement, Mr. Stans said that he had no advance knowledge of the Watergate wiretapping, political sabotage or violation of any campaign laws.

He conceded only that there might have been "some unintended technical violations" of the 1972 disclosures law.

Mr. Stans is under indictment in New York in connection with a secret 1972 campaign contribution, and his lawyer asked the Senate Watergate committee to

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Both Get Partial Immunity

U.S. Judge Refuses to Bar TV Of Dean, Magruder at Senate

From Wire Dispatches

WASHINGTON, June 12.—A federal judge today rejected a request by special Watergate prosecutor Archibald Cox to order a television blackout of Senate testimony by John W. Dean 3d and Jeb Stuart Magruder, two key figures in the Watergate scandal.

Chief U.S. District Judge John J. Sirica also granted Mr. Dean and Mr. Magruder limited immunity from prosecution for their testimony before the Senate Watergate committee, and ruled that Mr. Dean must appear before the federal grand jury.

Limited immunity, or so-called use immunity, prevents witnesses from being prosecuted on the basis of their own testimony, or on the basis of investigative leads developed from that testimony. It is not as broad as full immunity, or so-called transactional immunity, which would prevent them from any prosecution in the case.

Under use immunity, Mr. Dean and Mr. Magruder could be prosecuted on the basis of evidence developed independently of their own testimony.

After Judge Sirica rejected a Dean request to quash a subpoena requiring him to appear before the federal grand jury, Mr. Dean made a 15-minute appearance but refused to answer jurors' questions, citing his constitutional rights against self-incrimination.

Jurisdiction Issue

Judge Sirica ruled that he had no jurisdiction to order a television blackout of Senate testimony by Mr. Dean, whom President Nixon fired April 30 as White House legal counsel, and Mr. Magruder, a former White House aide who became deputy director of Mr. Nixon's re-election campaign.

The ruling was a major blow to Mr. Cox, who had argued that a TV blackout was necessary to insure a fair trial and to prevent the possibility of "complete amnesty" for the guilty.

Mr. Cox said he would not appeal the decision.

"I regret the outcome, but to press the legal argument further would risk unduly delaying proceedings and divert attention from our essential tasks," Mr. Cox said in a statement.

Bonn Opposition Chief Till '75

Kohl Is Elected to Succeed Barzel as Chairman of CDU

By Craig R. Whitney

BONN, June 12 (NYT).—West Germany's opposition Christian Democrats, who have been floundering in disunity since Chancellor Willy Brandt defeated Rainer Barzel by a wide margin last fall, today elected a new national chairman, Helmut Kohl.

Mr. Kohl, who was the only declared candidate, was elected on the first tally with 520 of 601 votes at a special party congress in Bonn.

Mr. Kohl will head the party organization until 1975 and then presumably he and his party factions will have to decide whether he is the man to run against Mr. Brandt in 1976.

Mr. Barzel, who held the chairmanship until today, resigned May 9 both from that position and as parliamentary floor leader. A parliamentary unknown, Karl Carstens, succeeded him as floor leader on May 17.

Mr. Kohl, 43, has been prime minister of the Rhineland Palatinate, one of the 10 states in the West German federation.

One of his problems as leader of the Christian Democrats is the obstreperous independence of its sister party in Bavaria, the Christian Social Union (CSU), headed by Franz-Joseph Strauss.

That party has refused to give up on its opposition to the normalization treaties negotiated by Mr. Brandt's government with the East European states, particularly with East Germany.

The Christian Democratic party is also trying to make hay out of a scandal involving a former CDU parliamentary deputy, Julius Steiner. He is alleged to have been a double agent for the East Germans and the West Germans and is accused of having sold his vote and supported Chancellor Brandt in a crucial vote of confidence over the government's Ostpolitik in April 1972.

Today, the Munich magazine Quick said that Mr. Steiner, who failed to win re-election last fall, had admitted receiving a 50,000-mark bribe from the parliamentary floor manager of Mr. Brandt's party, Karl Wiegand.

Mr. Wiegand has denied the charges and today his offer to resign pending a full investigation was declined by his party.



Associated Press.

NEW PARTY LEADER—Helmut Kohl (second from right) being congratulated by his predecessor, Rainer Barzel (left), after he was elected chairman of the German Christian Democrat party. In the center is Karl Carstens, parliamentary floor leader, and at the right is Hans Katzer, vice-chairman of the Christian Democrats.

Saigon Compels Kissinger, Tho To Delay Again

By Jonathan C. Randal

PARIS, June 12 (WP).—South Vietnamese objections today again forced White House adviser Henry A. Kissinger and Hanoi's Le Duc Tho to postpone final agreement on a joint communiqué designed to strengthen the much-violated Vietnam cease-fire accords.

South Vietnam's obduracy was underlined when government sources in Saigon released a version of the 14 points said to comprise the communiqué, which President Nguyen Van Thieu's government continues to refuse to sign. The calculated leak was made just before Mr. Kissinger returned here in apparent high hopes that he had succeeded, in the past two days in Washington, in clearing away South Vietnamese objections which blocked signature Saturday.

Mr. Kissinger arrived in late morning after an overnight flight from Washington and sped to a four-and-a-half-hour meeting with Mr. Tho at an American-owned villa in suburban St.-Nom-la-Bretèche.

But despite the now standard smiles and handshakes exchanged between the two delegations, Mr. Kissinger, at the end of the meeting, simply announced that another session was scheduled tomorrow at a Communist-owned villa in Gif-sur-Yvette.

Ready for Signing

Mr. Kissinger's grueling pace, the fact that his Air Force plane had filed a flight plan to fly back to Washington tonight, and the renewed preparations for the signing ceremony at the downtown International Conference Center all testified to American desire to wind up the negotiations.

In what observers took as continued psychological pressure on Saigon, Mr. Kissinger and Mr. Tho walked arm in arm during a brief break in their talks.

Indeed, analysts were still not convinced that Mr. Thieu might not be dragging out his opposition as a means for justifying for home consumption an inevitable cave-in to American pressure—specifically, the cutting off of economic aid.

Analysts were at a loss to judge whether Saigon actually was maintaining all its objections. They assumed that Mr. Kissinger introduced many of Saigon's demands at the May 17 resumption of the talks—much as he had presented earlier South Vietnamese demands in November.

14 Points Revealed

The general outline of the 14 points released by Saigon today was revealed last week by The Washington Post. At best they were modest in scope.

Without exception they appeared to break little new ground. Rather, they appeared intended to win effective compliance with the original Jan. 27 agreement by all Vietnamese parties—Saigon, Hanoi and the Viet Cong.

Specific South Vietnamese objections centered on both military and political concessions asked of the Saigon government. In return the only implied Communist concessions concerned Cambodia. But the Saigon version's repetition of the original January language to withdraw all foreign forces from Cambodia and respect its neutrality provided only a hint of such an undertaking and made no mention of any political settlement there.

Saigon's main anxiety was based on what it said was the use of the word "territory" in

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

Iceland Asks U.S. to Revise Defense Pact

No Decision Made On Renouncing Accord

REYKJAVIK, June 12 (Reuters).—Iceland today formally asked the United States for a revision of the 1951 defense treaty under which American forces are stationed at the Keflavik Air Base.

Icelandic Foreign Minister Einar Agustsson handed a letter requesting the revision of the treaty to U.S. Ambassador Frederick Irvin.

He announced at the same time that a similar letter would be sent to the NATO Council later this month, asking for a revision of the treaty under which U.S. troops are stationed in Iceland, which is a member of the alliance.

It was not immediately known what revisions Iceland was asking.

The Icelandic letter to NATO would give six months for revision of the pact. If no agreement is reached within the six months, either party can serve one year's notice of intention to renounce the defense treaty.

But Mr. Agustsson said, after handing the government letter to Mr. Irvin, that no decision had yet been taken to renounce the treaty.

The government was giving time for it to be reviewed, he said. No final decision to renounce the treaty could be taken without putting it before the Althing, Iceland's parliament, he added.

Frustrations over NATO's refusal to order the withdrawal of British warships from Iceland's unilaterally declared 50-mile fishing limit appear to be a strong factor in the Icelandic move.

Earlier this month, at the time of the Nixon-Pompidou summit meeting in Reykjavik, Mr. Agustsson gave a warning that Iceland would seek a revision of the treaty. He warned that because NATO had failed to respond to Iceland's complaint against fellow-member Britain over the "cod war," public opinion here was turning strongly against NATO.

There are 3,300 U.S. troops manning the base—which is also used as an international airport for civilian flights.

Mr. Agustsson, on June 2, expressed disappointment that neither President Nixon nor President Georges Pompidou had given any pledge of support for Iceland in the fishing dispute while they were in Reykjavik.

"We used every opportunity to discuss the dispute with the two presidents but we felt there was no direct result," he said.

U.S. Not Surprised

WASHINGTON, June 12 (Reuters).—Iceland's announcement that it wanted to revise its treaty with the United States came as no surprise here.

"The government has been talking about revision of the treaty for some time," a U.S. official said. "We have six months and we would hope that we can work something out by then."

U.S. Airlines Get Dublin Airport Landing Rights

WASHINGTON, June 12 (AP). —After being denied for 27 years, landing rights at Dublin's airport were granted to U.S. airlines yesterday by Ireland.

Pan American World Airways and Trans World Airlines could fly until now only to Shannon.

Garrett Fitzgerald, the Irish foreign minister, and John D. J. Moore, the U.S. ambassador to Ireland, signed the notes on the agreement in Dublin yesterday.

The Irish also got something: Until now, they had to fly separate flights to the three U.S. cities they serviced, but now, Boston and Chicago can be served by the same flight in the winter season. The other city serviced is New York.

It Urged Approach to Phnom Penh

U.S. Confirms It Rejected Bid By Sihanouk for Peace Pact

WASHINGTON, June 12 (AP).—The State Department acknowledged yesterday that the United States has rejected efforts by deposed Prince Norodom Sihanouk to negotiate a peace agreement for Cambodia.

A spokesman said: "The United States believes the Cambodian people themselves should negotiate to resolve their differences without outside interference."

During his current visit to Yugoslavia, Sihanouk was quoted as saying that he had approached a number of African and Arab leaders with a plan to end the war with no victor or loser. His plan called for the establishment of diplomatic relations with his own Royal Government of *National Union*.

Sihanouk, who lives in exile in Peking, said in his Belgrade speech that the American response was to ask him to "negotiate with Phnom Penh traitors in the pay of U. S. imperialism."

State Department officials said Sihanouk's facts are correct but his interpretations are not. The department spokesman pointed out that the anti-government forces in Cambodia are composed of a number of groups and that not all of them support Sihanouk.

Funds Requested

Yesterday, the Pentagon proposed spending $132 million for "daily combat needs" in Cambodia over the next year. The proposal was made by Vice-Adm. Ray Peet, director of the Defense Security Assistance Agency, who outlined how much aid the United States wants to give to Cambodia in fiscal year 1974.

"Failure of the United States to provide military assistance to Cambodia while the North Vietnamese continue to support the Khmer insurgents would lead to the collapse of the Khmer armed forces and could endanger the Vietnam peace accords," Adm. Peet testified.

He asked the Foreign Operations subcommittee of the Senate Appropriations Committee to approve an overall $167.2 million in military aid for Cambodia.

The Pentagon official said $132 million of that would be spent for combat items such as ammunition, fuel, medical supplies and spare parts. Other funds would go for U.S. training of 36,000 Cambodian troops and the purchase of supply and training aircraft, trucks, artillery, helicopters and combat boats to patrol the Mekong River.

Adm. Peet said the emphasis in training was on light weaponry.

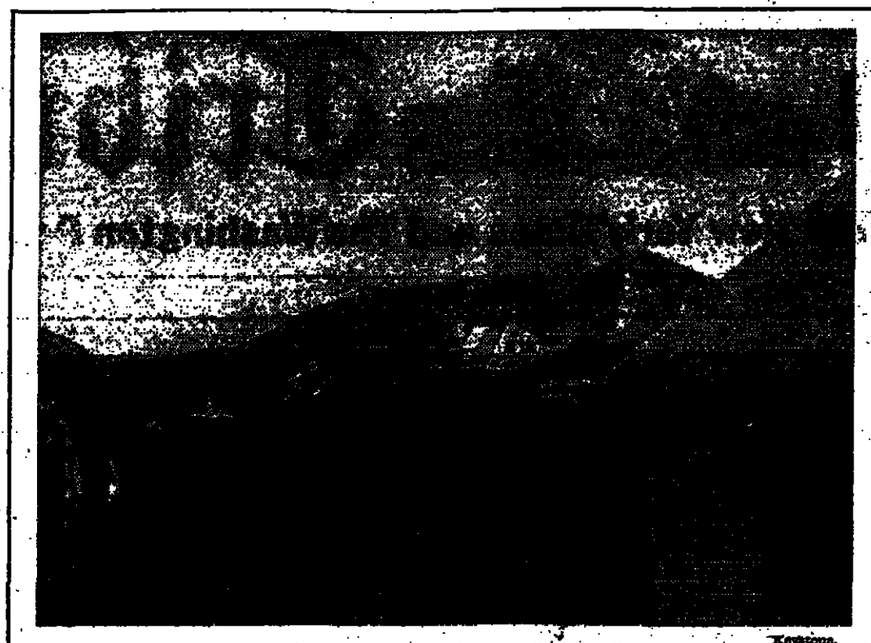
Sihanouk Relaxes

BELGRADE, June 12 UPI.—Prince Sihanouk today flew with his family to President Tito's private Adriatic island, Brioni.

The prince was to relax on the island after two days of informal talks with Marshal Tito in the Yugoslav capital.



Prince Norodom Sihanouk



Keystone.

TRAGIC AFTERMATH—Today only the rooftops are visible in little Icelandic town of Vestmannaejyar on Heimaey Island, the houses having been covered by a huge mass of lava and ashes from last February's devastating volcanic eruption.

Kissinger-Tho Accord Delayed

(Continued from Page 1)

describing the delineation of zones of control exercised by the Viet Cong and the South Vietnamese government.

The South Vietnamese were said to favor a reference to areas "under temporary control" to "territory," which raised fears of implied partition in view of Viet Cong assertions that two administrations exist in the country.

Politically, Saigon was said to be upset by the communiqué's failure to insist on a direct link between formation of the National Council of Reconciliation and Concord and a definite election timetable. The council, made up of Viet Cong, Saigon and neutralist representatives, is simply asked in the communiqué to "sign an agreement on the internal political affairs of South Vietnam within 45 days."

Such vague language has raised Saigon's fear that the council could be turned into a de-facto coalition government, which Mr. Thieu consistently has rejected.

Observers here did not take seriously Saigon's alleged anxiety over the communiqué's failure to demand the withdrawal of North Vietnamese troops from South Vietnam. They pointed out that the original January accord included no such undertaking.

However, Saigon was asked under the communiqué's terms to complete within 45 days the release of political prisoners, said to number as many as 100,000 to 200,000 persons. The original accord was much vaguer on this score.

Saigon also objected to the communiqué's provision for local military commanders to meet within 48 hours to avoid future cease-fire violations. In the past, Saigon had insisted that such contacts take place at staff or divisional level to prevent the Viet Cong from cashing in psychologically on such low-level fraternization between the two armies.

Most of the other 14 points released in Saigon were predictable, especially an end to American aerial reconnaissance over North Vietnam, resumption of demining of North Vietnamese waters and a new start to interrupted postwar economic aid talks here between the United States and Hanoi.

Fighting Rages in Cambodia, U.S. Jets Hit Red Positions

PHNOM PENH, June 12 (UPI).—Daylong fighting raged within a 20-mile radius south and southwest of Phnom Penh today.

U.S. F-4 Phantom jets and F-111 fighter-bombers hit suspected Communist concentrations in the area all day, followed up by B-52 heavy bombers, field reports said.

Officials charged that the Communists used toxic gas in a partial encirclement of government troops at Ang Snuol, 27 miles south of Phnom Penh, and that few of the government troops were equipped with gas masks.

Field reports said Communist forces followed up all-night attacks on Highways 3 and 4 with harassing and shelling fire, apparently aimed at stalling government efforts to clear the roads.

On Highway 4, where the brunt of the Communist offensive is in its ninth day, field reports said one government column had been attacked while pushing out from Bek Chan behind armored personnel carriers. At a site 11 miles south of the capital, it suffered at least two killed and 20 wounded. Communist casualties were not known.

Military authorities had said earlier that Communists used toxic gas during the fighting in the same area over the past week. The command said four government soldiers died from the gas and 75 others were "put out of action."

The command said the use of gas was "another flagrant violation of international conventions."

Field reports said some of the gassing could have been caused accidentally by rounds of white phosphorous, used by mortar and artillery crews of both sides and by spotter planes for marking targets.

Military authorities also said North Vietnamese forces assigned to the *1st North Vietnamese Division* had entered the fighting on Highway 4. This is the first government report of North Vietnamese involvement in the current fighting southwest of the capital. Previous statements referred only to Cambodian rebels.

In Saigon, a military spokesman said Communist truce violations fell to their lowest level in a week, but reports showed 32 persons killed in hostilities in South Vietnam in the past 24 hours.

Royal Family of Cambodia Emerges From Confinement

By Malcolm W. Browne

PHNOM PENH, June 12 (NYT).—The royal family of Cambodia, disgraced and under close confinement by a hostile government for three years, has cautiously begun its re-entry into the problems of daily life in a city at war.

The absent head of the family, Prince Norodom Sihanouk, who lives in exile in China, is nominally the leader of a diverse coalition of Cambodian insurgents backed by Hanoi and Peking.

The government headed by President Lon Nol released the royal family from confinement on May 29. But Prince Sihanouk himself remains under sentence of death and none of his family is free to leave Cambodia.

In an interview, two of the prince's children and a son-in-law talked about their hopes and problems. They were Princess Bopha Devi, the 30-year-old former prima ballerina of the Cambodian Royal Ballet, and her brother, Prince Norodom Charapong—they are among Prince Sihanouk's 30 children by six wives—and the princess's husband, Prince Sisowath Chivan Monirak.

Ten years ago, Princess Bopha Devi was one of the bright stars of her father's court, dancing for the illustrious from many nations. That is all in the past.

"Even since we have been allowed to go around Phnom Penh again," she said, "with five children it is hard. Besides, I worry that if I go to buy things in the market now, there might be some incident—a grenade or something."

The family says it has become accustomed to the nightly rattling of windows in Phnom Penh by B-52 raids against Sihanouk's forces and supporting North Vietnamese. But Prince Charapong and Prince Chivan Monirak, as former Cambodian Air Force pilots, deplore what they describe as indiscriminate casualties caused by the American bombers.

But Prince Chivan Monirak said:

"In 1960 and 1961 I was in the States, based at Lackland Air Force Base, and got to know Texas and Arizona. I left the United States with very good memories. I used to think that if I ever had to leave Cambodia I would like to live in France, but now I would prefer to live in the States."

His wife and brother-in-law seemed to agree.

"If my father were to return here, there would be peace in Indochina," Princess Bopha Devi said.

But all were reluctant to discuss politics or the war.

France Names Vietnam Envoys

PARIS, June 12 (AP).—France today named ambassadors to North and South Vietnam.

The decision to establish full relations with North and South Vietnam, but not with the Viet Cong's Provisional Revolutionary Government, was announced following the Jan. 27 cease-fire agreement.

Previously, France had partial relations with Hanoi, while relations with Saigon were broken 12 years ago by the late President Ngo Dinh Diem.

Jean-Marie Merillon, 47, French ambassador to Jordan, was named ambassador to South Vietnam. Mr. Merillon was secretary-general of the delegation of former Premier Pierre Mendès-France at the Geneva Conference which ended the first Indochina war in 1954.

Claude Chayet, 52, present head of the French mission in Hanoi, was raised to the rank of ambassador.

Papadopoulos Is Said to Plan Civilian Government in Greece

By Mario S. Modiano

ATHENS, June 12 (NYT).—Qualified sources reported yesterday that Greece's provisional president, George Papadopoulos, plans to remove the military from the government and set up a civilian cabinet.

The move is expected after a nationwide referendum is held next month on Mr. Papadopoulos's June 1 action abolishing the monarchy and setting himself up as president for a single seven-year term.

Both the prospective cabinet shuffle and the announcement that Mr. Papadopoulos will serve only one term are regarded here as attempts to refute assertions by opponents of the government that it is trying to perpetuate itself in power.

The informants said that some 14 former army officers now serving in the 37-man cabinet have agreed to go, including the president's two closest associates, Deputy Premiers Stylianos Patakos and Nikolaos Makarezos.

It was with these officers that in 1967 Mr. Papadopoulos, then a colonel, carried out the military take-over.

Last night the Athens government attacked the deposed king, Constantine II, accusing him of paying lip service to democracy while trying to rob Greeks of their liberty.

A press release said the king had opposed the 1967 coup because it forestalled what was described as his own dictatorship, for which he was said to have sought the consent of the United States.

The release quoted King Constantine as saying to the revolutionary leaders, "I was going to carry out a revolution myself within a few days, but wanted first to consult with the Americans. Why did you not ask me?"

The government is expected to release a resolution this week to amend the constitution. Greeks will be asked to cast a yes or no vote amendment July 29. It would convert the 1968 constitution, based on a monarchy, to one creating a president with broad executive and legislative powers.

The resolution nominates only Mr. Papadopoulos for the presidency, and a vice-presidential candidate whose name has not been announced.

Government officials have explained that while a yes vote would endorse the constitutional change, and Mr. Papadopoulos as president, a no vote would not restore the monarchy. The government would simply offer a different draft to the voters later.

Two Lose Nationality

ATHENS, June 12 (Reuters).—Greece's army-backed government yesterday deprived two cashiered navy officers of their nationality for their alleged involvement in a navy mutiny, it was announced here.

Deputy Premier Patakos issued a decree which deprived Adm. Antonios Rosakis and Capt. Nicholas Pappas of their nationality.

New Zealand Plans to Reduce Its Participation in SEATO

WELLINGTON, N.Z., June 12 (Reuters).—New Zealand will steadily reduce the level of its participation in the South East Asia Treaty Organization (SEATO), Prime Minister Norman Kirk said today.

He told the annual conference of the Returned Services Association here that if peace is to be maintained in Southeast Asia, "it is essential to come to terms with China, to engage it in a dialogue and to work with it for constructive purposes."

Mr. Kirk said SEATO had been created as part of a system of alliances to contain China and had tended to perpetuate cold-war attitudes.

The alliance groups the United States, Britain, Australia, New Zealand, the Philippines, Thailand and France. France announced Sunday that it would cease contributing funds to the organization as of this year.

Mr. Kirk suggested that a regional forum of Asian and Pacific countries be set up for the discussion of political and economic problems, but he said the countries of Southeast Asia were not yet ready for such an experiment.

The prime minister said China was so big, so close to the region, and so inextricably involved in it that stability could hardly be achieved without its cooperation.

New Zealand and Peking established diplomatic ties last December.

Mr. Kirk said that if the countries of Southeast Asia are to find a way of living at peace with China, "they will need great confidence—confidence in themselves, and also confidence in the support of their friends."

"We can continue to play our part in collective defense arrangements that are valued by the countries of Southeast Asia," he said.

New Zealand can no longer afford to rely too heavily on Britain or the United States and must learn to work more closely with other countries in Asia and the Pacific, "and especially those in the South Pacific and Southeast Asia," he added.

"The main problem confronting us in the new situation is to prevent further conflicts like the war in Indochina or the confrontation between Malaysia and Indonesia," Mr. Kirk said.

Spain Cabinet Sworn In

MADRID, June 12 (UPI).—Spain's new cabinet ministers today took the oath of office and then traveled to the Zarzuela Palace, where they were formally presented to Spain's future king, Prince Juan Carlos de Borbon. The cabinet was picked by Spain's new premier, Adm. Luis Carrero Blanco.

UN Urged to Hold To Mideast Stand

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., June 12 (Reuters).—Britain and Israel cautioned the Security Council yesterday against changing its British-initiated resolution of Nov. 22, 1967, which established guidelines for a Middle East peace agreement.

British delegate Kenneth Jamieson said it was "the duty of this council to preserve that resolution intact."

Israeli Ambassador Yosef Tekoah said he hoped members would "not tamper with the only existing basis for agreement on a just and lasting peace" in the Middle East.



Christian Dior
SALES
on June 13th and 14th:
Miss Dior, Baby Dior,
Boutique Colifichets,
Boutique Monsieur.
10 a.m.–12.30 p.m.
2.30 p.m.–6.30 p.m.
32 avenue Montaigne

London Diamond Exchange
Professional advice and guidance on selective loose diamonds for investment purposes.
London bank safekeeping and free insurance.
Informative brochure upon request:
Investment Brokerage Department
London Diamond Exchange
Audrey House,
Ely Place, London, E.C.1.

CHUNN Estabt. 1925
Norman Albatmen (Prop.)
PERFUMES
Unusual Gifts. Gloves. Bags.
Genuine export discount
43 RUE RICHER, PARIS.

Stans Denies He Had Secret Fu

(Continued from Page 1)

postpone his testimony until after the trial.

Sen. Sam J. Ervin, D., N.C., said the committee unanimously ruled against a delay, but wouldn't ask Mr. Stans anything involving the New York case, which stems from a contribution by financier Robert Vesco.

Mr. Mitchell has been indicted in the same fund-raising case.

Mr. Stans also told the committee today that the former ambassador from the Philippines and two associates tried to contribute $30,000 in cash to the Nixon 1972 election campaign.

That amount was eventually returned to the men, but not before the cash itself had been turned over to Mr. Nixon's attorney, Herbert Kalmbach, as part of $210,000 he disbursed for legal and other expenses of the seven men originally indicted in the Watergate scandal.

Mr. Stans named the would-be donor as Ernesto Lagdameo and identified him as chairman of Sanitary Wares Manufacturing Corp. He did not mention any government position held by Mr. Lagdameo. But he quoted the man as saying he knew President Nixon.

Mr. Lagdameo was ambassador to the United States from 1969 until July, 1971.

A source at the Philippines chancery said that Mr. Lagdameo now lives in Manila, but was in Washington on at least one occasion last year.

The testimony about Mr. Mitchell came from Herbert L. Porter, former scheduling chief of the Nixon campaign.

He said Mr. Magruder had given him 35-millimeter film copies of memoranda that had gone between Sen. Muskie's Senate office and his campaign headquarters. This was in November, 1971, Mr. Porter reported. He said he didn't know how they were obtained.

Mr. Porter said Mr. Magruder once told him that he was going to show the material to Mr. Mitchell, and said that it appeared to him that Mr. Magruder had done so.

Mr. Porter said that later Mr. Magruder told him that Ken Reitz, head of the youth division of the campaign, would be delivering other film strips. Mr. Porter said he was told to look at them and bring anything important and interesting to Mr. Magruder's attention.

Memos based on the film strips were sometimes typed by Mr. Porter's secretary, Martha Duncan, he testified. One dealt with a Muskie campaign memo which suggested that the Maine senator use his role as a Senate subcommittee chairman to hold politically profitable hearings in California.

Mr. Porter said Mr. Magruder ordered him to send the Muskie memo, on plain bond paper, to columnists Rowland Evans and Robert Novak, who printed it. "The hearings were never held," Mr. Porter added.

Another time, there was film of a Muskie speech text opposing the nomination of Supreme Court Justice William H. Rehnquist.

Mr. Porter said Mr. Magruder told him, "Mr. Mitchell would like to see it," and the 20-page text was typed for him.

Mr. Porter also testified about a change meeting he had with Mr. Magruder on April 14. Mr. Magruder then told him he expected eight people to be indicted in the Watergate affair, Mr. Porter reported. He said they were:

Mr. Magruder himself; Mr. Mitchell; Frederick C. LaRue, Mr. Mitchell's former assistant; Robert Mardian, another Mitchell campaign aide; H. R. Haldeman, then White House chief of staff; Gordon Strachan, Mr. Haldeman's aide; the then White House counsel John W. Dean 3d, and former White House assistant Charles Colson.

In giving specifics about $68,000 he gave to convicted Watergate burglar G. Gordon Liddy and other campaign wor
Porter said some of t
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intelligence and disrupt
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cratic presidential ho
New Hampshire and ot
where primaries were

Included in the act
cited were having pro-N
at appearances by
candidates; leaving l
other candidates' hea
and morale and move
ports from other campai

Attorney Says Gray Decic To Testify Without Immu

By Seymour M. Hersh

WASHINGTON, June 12 (NYT).—L. Patrick Gray 3d, the former *acting FBI director*, has agreed to testify without immunity, in any Watergate criminal trials, about his dealings with President Nixon and other top administration officials.

Mr. Gray thus joins Herbert W. Kalmbach, formerly Mr. Nixon's personal attorney, and Jeb Stuart Magruder, a former Republican re-election campaign official, as key witnesses for the federal prosecutors.

[An attorney for Mr. Gray, Stephen H. Sachs of Baltimore, confirming that Mr. Gray will testify without immunity, said Mr. Gray had met with prosecutors four times since early May, the AP reported. "Mr. Gray has been cooperating fully with every committee, the prosecutors and the Ervin (Senate) committee," Mr. Sachs said.

["Every time he has been interviewed going in or coming out of such a meeting, Mr. Gray has told reporters that he was answering all questions fully and was cooperating fully with the investigation," Mr. Sachs said.

[He said Mr. Gray was scheduled to appear as a witness before the committee of Sen. Sam Ervin, D., N.C., some time this month or in July.]

A source close to Mr. Gray said that he had decided to testify without making any demands for immunity in the hope that he would not be indicted as a result of any high-level attempts to cover up the Watergate scandal.

Mr. Gray is going to tell all, the associate said. "There's no question of loyalty or nonloyalty involved."

"Don't forget," the associate added, "it was he [Mr. Gray] who first raised the question of the cover-up when he talked to the President"—a reference to Mr. Gray's telephone talk with Mr. Nixon last July 6. At that time, it has since been learned, White House advisers urged to set aside an FBI in campaign funds being through Mexico on ground that some o operations would be co

A government source say whether a final de been made regarding minal charges against former FBI official, wh April 27 after the Sen confirming his nomi head the agency, has a peared before the fed jury, sources said.

Nonetheless, the fed cutors have met priv him and his attorney H. Sachs of Baltimor four times since early

Mr. Gray has told Senate's special Wat mittee and the federa tors, according to counts, of two alleg of cover-up involving Ehrlichman, who resig 30 as the President's ch tic adviser.

Mr. Gray has ask that he permitted a tw in the initial Mexican take place, but also a testimony last month ate Appropriations subc that at its end he w *Nixon* that "people on are trying to mortally w by delaying the inquiry.

Both the federal p and officials close to Cox, the special Waterg cutor, are known to be naïveté and eagerness led Mr. Gray to becom tim" as one source p senior White House a such, these officials hav could be considered less than those aides who directed the cover-up.

Anti-Crime 'Bug' Was for Steiger

WASHINGTON, June 12 (NYT).—Spokesmen for Rep. Sam Steiger, R., Ariz., and for the House Select Committee on Crime said yesterday that the bugging of a hotel room two years ago was not part of a committee investigation, but was undertaken solely for the congressman, who is a member of the committee.

The New York Times, in a dispatch printed in the International Herald Tribune, reported that a top aide to Rep. Steiger said he planted a device in a San Diego hotel wall, and said its installation was part of a committee investigation. But Frederick K. Alderson, the congressman's administrative assistant, and Christopher H. Nolde, chief counsel of the committee, said yesterday that the action was taken independent of the committee.

The device was installed in pursuit of information about the Emprise Corp. of Buffalo, N.Y., the nation's largest sports-concessions company, which has been accused by Rep. Steiger of having close ties to organized crime.

Court Restrains Vesco Disposal of Firm's Property

NEW YORK, June 12 (AP).—The International Controls Corp. won a 10-day stay yesterday of disposal of corporate property by former board chairman Robert L. Vesco, whom it has accused of wasting company assets.

Mr. Vesco owns 26 percent of ICC's stock. He also is in possession of a company-owned 707 jet.

The court decision came as the Costa Rican Supreme Court asked the U.S. government for more information on its request that Mr. Vesco be extradited to the United States.

Costa Rican Supreme Court officials have said the extradition request, presented Saturday night by U.S. Ambassador Viron Vaky, charged Mr. Vesco with violating U.S. communications law by allegedly using telegraph lines to transfer $250,000 from the British-run Bahamas to his bank account in New York.

Costan Rican Judge Atilio Visconti asked Ambassador Vaky to specify the type of crime for which Mr. Vesco is being sought in the United States. The judge indicated the crime wasn't clearly outlined in the extradition request.

The United States had requested Mr. Vesco's extradition to face charges stemming from a probe by the Securities & Exchange Commission into Mr. Vesco's handling of mutual funds.

Mr. Vesco is also sought for questioning by a New York grand jury about his $200,000 contribution to President Nixon's re-election campaign fund.

In Costa Rica, Fernando Valverde, security minister, said Mr. Vesco left Costa Rica 10 days ago for his retreat in the Bahamas.

Iraq Cutting Prices

BEIRUT, June 12 (UPI).—The Iraqi government announced today that it is cutting the prices of more than 500 consumer goods, the Iraqi News Agency reported. The agency did not say how much the prices were being reduced.

Seven Arabs on Trial For Attacks in Cyprus

NICOSIA, Cyprus, June 12 (UPI).—Seven Arabs charged with attacking an Israeli airliner and the residence of the Israeli ambassador here in April said in court today that the Palestinian guerrillas would fight on "in the name of God and the Arab people."

The seven men, taken to the first hearing in the case under heavy police escort, refused to enter the courtroom unless they were allowed to read a statement to the people of Cyprus. It said: "We are carrying out this struggle against the Jews in the name of God and the Arab people. They have ejected us from our houses and our land. . . . Whatever they do to us, we will return it. For this reason, we will find them wherever we can find them. We have not come to harm the people of Cyprus but the Jews."

East Germany Applies For UN Membership

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., June 12 (Reuters).—East Germany today applied for membership in the United Nations. The East German observer, Horst Grunert, submitted the application in person to Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim.

A spokesman for the West German observer mission said that West Germany would follow suit later this week. Informed sources said the Security Council would probably meet next week to consider both applications.

France Unve Plan to Incr Highway Saf

PARIS, June 12 (UPI).—Minister Pierre Messme laid out a new program what he called one of curses—its record high rate.

In 1972 in France, 1 sons died in road acci 8.5 persons killed for million kilometers dri second highest rate amo nations occured in W many, where 6.6 person each 100 million kilome by experts said. The 3.0 for the United Sta

Mr. Messmer said g ning on July 1, the spe national and departme ways will be cut from meters an hour to 100 use will be required outside large cities, trailer trucks will be b highways on Sundays.

The new speed limit apply to freeways and ways. Use of seat bel main optional for ad For the first time, mo will be required to w helmets.

Israeli TV, Radio

JERUSALEM, June 1 Israelis today went w television and most programming due to a str over broadcast job. Meanwhile, a strike nation's 6,000 doctors w sixth day.

WEATH

	H	F
ALGARVE	18	64
AMSTERDAM	15	64
ANKARA	29	72
ATHENS	31	88
BEIRUT	34	75
BELGRADE	23	73
BERLIN	21	70
BRUSSELS	21	70
BUDAPEST	27	81
CAIRO	37	99
CASABLANCA	21	70
COPENHAGEN	16	61
COSTA DEL SOL	26	79
DUBLIN	19	66
EDINBURGH	15	59
FLORENCE	32	90
FRANKFURT	24	75
GENEVA	24	75
ISTANBUL	23	73
LAS PALMAS	23	73
LISBON	23	73
LONDON	18	64
MADRID	33	73
MILAN	28	82
MONTREAL	25	77
MOSCOW	17	63
MUNICH	22	72
NEW YORK	29	80
NICE	23	73
OSLO	18	64
PARIS	21	70
PRAGUE	21	70
ROME	26	79
SOFIA	13	55
STOCKHOLM	13	55
TEHRAN	25	77
TEL AVIV	27	81
TUNIS	28	82
VENICE	25	79
VIENNA	21	70
WARSAW	19	66
WASHINGTON	30	86
ZURICH	23	73

(Yesterday's readings: at 1200 GMT, cloudy, 26

ملفا من الأصل

مترجم من الأصل

...e Mounts

...s and Physical Illness: ...ors Find a Strong Link

By Jane E. Brody

...RK, June 12 (NYT).— ... of mounting evidence ...s often precipitates ... well as emotional ill- ...tors are stepping up ... anticipate and head ...oblem.

... was evident at a two- ...ence here last week on ... of stressful life events, ...ill much uncertainty ...t kinds of changes in ...mstances take their ...ll in human health and ...ple are most likely to ...i by them.

What is already apparent is that the death rate of widows and widowers is 10 times higher during the first year of bereavement than for others their age, that divorced persons, in the year following their divorce, have an illness rate 12 times higher than married persons and that up to 80 percent of serious physical illnesses seem to develop at a time when the victims feel helpless and hopeless.

But even when these relationships are known, conference participants noted, physicians are ill equipped to recognize the effects of stress or to intervene when they do. That is because of the way they are trained and the way medical-care systems are currently set up.

Dr. Thomas H. Holmes, a psychiatrist, and his colleagues at the University of Washington School of Medicine in Seattle have devised a system to simplify the prediction and recognition of stress-related illness. Called the social readjustment rating scale, it is a list of 43 life events that are associated with varying amounts of disruption in the average person's life.

The scale was constructed by having hundreds of persons of different ages, cultures and walks of life rank the relative amount of adjustment necessitated by the various life events. Thus, death of spouse leads the list with a relative stress value of 100. Marriage ranks seventh, with a value of 50, and retirement 10th, with a value of 45. Trouble with in-laws is 24th with a value of 29. Vacation is 41st with a value of 13, and so forth. Dr. Holmes calls these stress values "life-change units."

Before Disease

In studies dating back to the 1940s Dr. Holmes has found, as have other researchers in the field, that a clustering of life events often precedes the onset of diseases, ranging from heart attacks to ulcers and infections as well as to psychiatric disturbances.

In studying people who become ill, Dr. Holmes found that as the amount of recent life-change units increased, so did the likelihood and seriousness of illness associated with the life crises.

His studies indicate that an accumulation of 200 or more life-change units in a single year may be more disruption than a single individual can withstand, and carry a warning to avoid further stress for awhile and possibly confer with a physician or counselor.

...ress of ...ing to Change

Scale of Impact

...ause	100
	73
...aration	65
	63
...se family member	63
...jury or illness	53
	50
...rk	47
...nciliation	45
	45
...ealth of family member	44
	40
...ties	39
...w family member	39
...adjustment	39
financial state	38
...se friend	37
different line of work	36
number of arguments ...se	35
over $10,000	31
...e of mortage or loan	30
responsibilities at work	29
...ghter leaving home	29
...th in-laws	29
...g personal achievement	28
...s or stops work	26
...nd school	26
living conditions	25
...f personal habits	24
...ith boss	23
work hours or conditions	20
residence	20
schools	20
recreation	19
...church activities	19
...social activities	18
...or loan less than $10,000	17
...sleeping habits	16
...number of family ...thers	15
...eating habits	15
	13
...s	12
...lations of the law	11

...Thomas H. Holmes



United Press International.

St. Louis youngster cooling off in fire hydrant water.

Midwest Affected Too

Heat Wave Bakes New York; Power, Water Supplies Dip

NEW YORK, June 12 (AP).—The East Coast sweltered today for a second straight day and power companies struggled to meet the demand for electricity to run air-conditioners and other cooling devices in addition to regular appliances.

As temperatures in New York City approached a record 93 degrees, Consolidated Edison Co., serving the city and Westchester County, reduced voltage in some sections for the second day.

The cutback lasted 4 1/2 hours. Con Ed said demand for power today reached an all-time record of 7,917,000 kilowatts. The previous high was 7,872,000 on July 19, 1972.

The New York State power pool —involving eight utilities—said power had been cut by 5 percent in 1 percent of the system at 11 a.m. and said the rest of the system would probably be involved by noon.

Con Ed reduced voltage yesterday by 8 percent—the maximum before the company resorts to selective blackouts. It said two of four plants that were out of service yesterday were back in use today. Two other plants, one closed for refueling and the other for overhauling, remained shut.

The Public Service Electric and Gas Co., New Jersey's largest supplier, cut voltage by 5 percent for several hours starting at 11:09 a.m. yesterday and said it expected another voltage cut late this morning or early this afternoon. The company said the reduction was virtually undetectable by customers.

In Connecticut, where temperatures were in the 90s for the third day, several minor power cutbacks were reported. Some school systems said they were closing at noon. Four roads buckled because of the heat.

New Yorkers had double trouble. People trying to beat the heat illegally opened a thousand fire hydrants yesterday, causing a severe loss of water pressure and hampering fire-fighting efforts.

Officials said pressure dropped by a critical 20 pounds. Thousands of residents received muddy, sediment-filled water from the bottom of emptying pipes and hundreds of thousands were temporarily without water.

Yesterday, the trouble stretched to the Midwest. Seven Michigan power-pool generators went out of service, forcing a 5 percent voltage cut for more than two million customers. A spokesman said the situation was back to normal today.

50 Congressmen Endorse Ban on All Atomic Tests

WASHINGTON, June 12 (AP).—More than 50 members of Congress have endorsed a study that calls for a comprehensive treaty banning underground nuclear tests by the United States and the Soviet Union.

One of the several reasons given in the study for not needing underground testing any more was that tests of peaceful uses of atomic energy have produced marginal, if any, benefits.

The study's summary and the announcement of endorsements by 19 senators and 34 representatives were released Sunday by a 140-member Washington group called Members of Congress for Peace Through Law (MCPL).

The 27-page report, with four major proposals, was prepared by the office of Sen. Philip A. Hart, D., Mich., for the six-year-old MCPL's Military Spending, Arms Control and Disarmament Committee, headed by Rep. Les Aspin, D., Wis.

The problem of verification, "the historical stumbling block to a ban," has been overcome by such technological advances as spy satellites, earth-tremor indicators and "related methods of monitoring," the report said.

Mrs. Meir Takes Rest

JERUSALEM, June 12 (Reuters).—Premier Golda Meir, apparently tired after meetings with West German Chancellor Willy Brandt, has canceled public engagements for the next few days. An official announcement said that Mrs. Meir, 76, has a cold.

...Doctors Have Performed ...avioral Brain Operations

By Stuart Auerbach

...NGTON, June 12 (WP). ...s Administration doctors ...formed at least 16 brain ...s for behavioral prob- ...rocedure which the gov- ... chief psychiatrist has ...ld not be used because ... not know enough about

..., which takes care of ...eterans, acknowledged ...es of letters to Sen. ...T. Kennedy, D., Mass., ... of the Senate Health ...ttee, that its doctors ... performing the opera- ...wn as psychosurgery, ...

...rations are performed with the permission of the patient or his guardian.

VA director Donald E. Johnson agreed yesterday to testify at a joint hearing next Monday of the Senate Health subcommittee and the Veterans Health subcommittee headed by Sen. Alan Cranston, D., Calif. Mr. Johnson agreed to testify only after the committees threatened to subpoena him.

Sen. Kennedy held a hearing on psychosurgery in February. It was at this hearing that Dr. Bertram S. Brown, director of the National Institute of Mental Health, said: "Until we do more animal research, we don't want to move into experimental psychosurgery."

Warning on Experiments

WASHINGTON, June 12 (AP).—The government-appointed committee investigating a controversial 40-year federal syphilis experiment said today that scientists should never be given a free rein to experiment on humans.

"Society can no longer afford to leave the balancing of individual rights against scientific progress to the scientific community alone," the citizens' panel said in a report on the Tuskegee, Ala., syphilis study.

"The revelations of the Tuskegee syphilis study once again dramatically confirmed this conclusion," the panel added.

The nine members spent eight months investigating the U.S. Public Health Service experiment, begun in 1932, to withhold treatment from 400 rural Alabama black men infected with syphilis, in order to study the disease's effects on their health.

The experiment was halted last October at the recommendation of the panel, which urged that treatment be provided "with all speed" for survivors desiring it. The Department of Health, Education and Welfare said it has located 112 surviving subjects, of whom 26 declined care and five are undecided.

...Doctor Says ...uana Helps ...oma Cases

...AUDERDALE, Fla. AP).—Brownies spiked ...uana were used to aid victims in a test by ...rick Blanton, a Fort ... eye surgeon. He said "This drug that every- ...s is so horrible is per- ...aucoma. It's far better ...an alcohol."

... that he fed 100 ...ach containing 1 1-16 ...amaican marijuana, to ...er glaucoma patients ...age from 28 to 35. He ... eye pressure began to ...1 an hour and a half ... brownies were eaten, ...d rising again after ...a.

...a, a disease that affects ...ercent of the popula- ...ages the optic nerve ...sure builds up from ...he eye. In advanced ...uses blindness.

...on, who has presented ...is findings at a scien- ...ng at Johns Hopkins ... said that the spiked ...duced the eye pressure ...tients from 25 to 35 ... cent of his cases ex- ...o side effects, 46 per- ...mild sensation, 2 per- ...o disoriented that they ...nction normally and ...ffered abnormally low ... Blanton said.

...son Reforms

..., June 12 (Reuters).— ...ead-and-water punish- ...is to be abolished in ...sons as being "out of ...e 20th century," Home ... Robert Carr has an- ...ce said his prison re- ... include more home ... prisoners nearing the ...ir term, and more ac- ...role.

...Stennis 'Doing Well' After Bullet's Removal

WASHINGTON, June 12 (AP).—Sen. John C. Stennis, D., Miss., was reported alert and doing well today following removal of the remaining bullet in his abdomen.

A medical report said the senator "spent a comfortable night in the surgical recovery unit. He is awake, alert and doing well."

Sen. Stennis, who will be 72 in August, was shot twice during a robbery at his home here on Jan. 30. He was in critical condition for days following the shooting but has been reported gaining strength during the past few months.



Though Publishers Modify Textbooks

U.S. Schools Are Slow to End Sexism

By Enid Nemy

NEW YORK, June 12 (NYT).—Despite nearly five years of challenges, American schools are moving slowly, if at all, to eliminate sex stereotyping in the classroom.

"It might confuse young children a little bit to be shown women out working," said Daniel E. O'Connell, director of curriculum development for the Boston schools, noting that the subject of sexism had never been discussed at a staff meeting.

"There has not been anything said to teachers about sexism," said Shirley Hammond, principal of Slowe School, in Washington, D.C. "I am not aware that it is a problem." The attitude is prevalent.

Some school boards, despite increased sensitivity to the issue, admit that action on sex stereotyping is being crowded out by racial issues.

"We've been concerned about treatment of races," said Edwin H. Friedrich, director of curriculum services in New Orleans. Dr. Alberta Baines, an assistant superintendent in Houston, reported that "the concentration in the last few years has been on increasing the ethnic portion of books and school programs."

But there are, according to Barbara Sprung, a New York City teacher associated with the Women's Action Alliance, "stirrings in the land."

Publishers Take Action

The greatest stirring is perhaps being made in the area of readers and textbooks, where many publishers, aware of widespread criticism, are taking positive steps to balance future output more fairly.

(A survey by a feminist group of 134 elementary-school books in use across the nation found that boys outnumbered girls as main characters, 5 to 2. It also found that while men were portrayed in 147 different jobs, women were shown in only 26, frequently as unintelligent, nonadventurous, one-dimensional human beings who rarely made decisions and almost never worked outside the home.)

One publisher, who admitted the validity of feminist complaints, pointed out, however, that sexism might be difficult to erase because the problem is not as clear-cut as that involving race.

"When the blacks began their protest, the industry got into a panic because we didn't have blacks in books . . . We had artists coloring black faces on white features," he recalled.

"But we've always had girls and women in our books. The sin here is of commission rather than omission . . . Women have been portrayed as mothers and sisters rather than as individuals."

Results in schools are generally less encouraging. A number of feminists actively engaged in eliminating sexism have found that "teachers in schools are incredible . . . They have a hardened attitude, and both men and women feel threatened by the topic."

In line with this contention, Thomas L. Brown, principal of the Adams Elementary School in Washington, said he felt certain a lot of sexism discrimination is practiced unconsciously, "because the teachers were raised in a sexist society."

Mrs. Eunice L. Balke, a first-grade teacher in Houston, echoed the attitude of many that "concern about sexism is a bunch of baloney . . . It is just something else to clutter up thought processes."

But there is an ever-growing number of both teachers and principals who have indicated concern with the issue.

A suburban Boston teacher said her class emphasis is "You're a human being first." A Manhattan teacher reported that she tries "to encourage the children to question their assumptions about sex roles." Such comments are becoming more frequent.

Astronauts Test New Probes for Space Industry

SPACE CENTER, Houston, June 12 (AP).—Skylab's astronauts today used a superhot electron beam to melt metals in a furnace and test a process that could lead to a new manufacturing industry—in space.

Skylab's commander, Capt. Charles Conrad, fired up the furnace to test techniques which experts believe could lead to production of perfect ball bearings, superpure metals and very strong materials which are impossible to make on earth.

The lack of gravity in space permits melted substances to mix thoroughly without heavier particles settling out. Convection currents move in uniform directions in space, permitting the production of highly pure electronic crystals for use in computers and other equipment.

Glass materials for lenses can be melted and cooled in space without coming in contact with a container, thus avoiding impurities which often distort lenses made on earth.

Capt. Conrad's crewmates, Lt. Comdr. Joseph P. Kerwin and Comdr. Paul J. Weitz, concentrated today on operation of a solar telescope and performing a series of medical experiments.

The astronauts were in their 19th day of a 28-day space mission.

Comdr. Weitz and Capt. Conrad also operated a battery of earth-resources cameras during a photo pass from North Dakota, over the Great Lakes, Chesapeake Bay, the Atlantic Ocean and the Caribbean.

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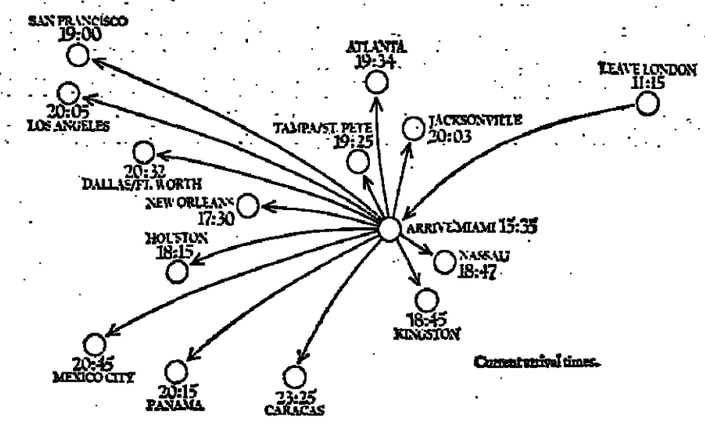
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Obituaries

F. E. von Manstein, Strategist of Nazi Blitz on France

IRSCHENHAUSEN, West Germany, June 12 (AP).—Former Field Marshal Fritz Erich von Manstein, 85, who masterminded Nazi Germany's 1940 blitzkrieg conquest of France, died Sunday, his family reported. The cause of his death was not disclosed.

Called "the Allies' most formidable opponent" by British military historian B.H. Liddell Hart, Manstein in early 1943 stabilized the wavering German Army in southern Russia after the devastating defeat at Stalingrad.

A year later, as Soviet forces began their push into Germany, Hitler relieved Manstein of his command for his blunt advocacy of a strategy of retreat, a maneuver that contradicted the Nazi leader's order to stand firm.

Captured Sevastopol

Previously, Manstein had reaped most of the laurels when, on July 1, 1942, his 11th Army captured the Soviet naval base at Sevastopol on the Crimean Peninsula, ending a 250-day siege.

Put in command of Army Group Don, he was ordered late in 1942 to break through to the Sixth Army trapped at Stalingrad.

The thrust, across frozen steppes in subzero temperatures, did not succeed. Only about 6,000 of the original 300,000-man force at Stalingrad survived the battle and Soviet captivity to return home after the war.

It was Manstein's brilliance as a strategist in armored warfare that resulted in his radical plan for the tank thrust through the Ardennes in 1940 to outflank the Maginot Line and defeated the French Army and its English allies.

Hitler liked Manstein's unorthodox plan, and, rejecting the advice of his closest military advisers, unleashed the Wehrmacht against France through the Low-land Countries on May 10, 1940. France surrendered six weeks later.

Only two years before, Manstein was one of scores of general staff officers purged from their posts by Hitler.

By 1939, Manstein had returned as chief of staff to Field Marshal Gerd von Rundstedt in the Polish campaign. During the battle for France, he was a corps commander on the western front.

Assigned to the Russian front in 1941, Manstein distinguished himself as a panzer corps commander. It was in the East that he rose to the rank of field marshal.

Manstein's dismissal in March, 1944, was a fate common to Hitler's highest staff officers. Testifying at the Nuremberg war crimes tribunal in 1946, Manstein asserted that only one of Hitler's 17 army field marshals managed to retain his post throughout the conflict. He was Field Marshal Wilhelm Keitel, hanged at Nuremberg as a major war criminal.

After the war, Manstein called Hitler "the greatest enemy of the German Army."

However, Manstein refused to take part in the June, 1944, general's plot against Hitler.

The son of a Prussian general, he was adopted by another general whose name he bears. Manstein entered the Kaiser's Army in 1906 after six years in the cadet corps. His active duty spanning 39 years ended in 1945.

In 1949, Manstein was convicted by a British military war-crimes court for carrying out a "scorched earth" policy in Russia and for shooting hostages. He was sentenced to 18 years in jail.

[Sir Winston Churchill, out of power at the time, donated £100 to Manstein's defense fund, United Press International reported.]

Manstein's sentence was later reduced to 12 years. However, following an operation for deteriorating eyesight, he was released in 1953, and retired in this small town near Munich.

Author of a volume of memoirs and books on World War II battles, Manstein was called on as a consultant by the West German government during formation of the Bundeswehr (armed forces). This decision stirred a controversy within West Germany.

Sean Kenny

LONDON, June 12 (NYT).—Sean Kenny, 40, a stage designer and theater architect, died yesterday of a stroke.

Mr. Kenny's sets for musicals such as "Oliver!" won him wide acclaim and when "Oliver!" went to New York, his sets won a Tony Award in 1963 for the complicated stage units that moved to show scenes of London Bridge, a grim workhouse, thronged London streets and an elegant town house.

Mr. Kenny started his career in 1957, and by 1970 he had designed sets for more than 30 major West End productions. He also designed television and film sets.

Mr. Kenny redesigned the Old Vic Theatre when the National Company took it over.

Mr. Kenny was born in Tipperary, Ireland. After graduating from the Dublin School of Architecture, he practiced briefly as an architect. He subsequently went to the United States on a scholarship to Frank Lloyd Wright's Wisconsin summer school. He stayed in America for five years.

Mr. Kenny designed the gyroton, the spectacular ride at Expo '67 in Montreal, a mechanized multilayer stage for the Casino de Paris in Las Vegas, and an all-glass underwater restaurant in Nassau, the Bahamas.

He had also extended his field to directing plays and had been due to start rehearsals today of Sean O'Casey's "Juno and the Paycock."

Roy J. Turner

OKLAHOMA CITY, June 12 (UPI).—Former Oklahoma Gov. Roy J. Turner, 78, a former treasurer of the National Democratic party, died yesterday of cancer.

Born in Lincoln County, Okla., on Nov. 6, 1894, 13 years before Oklahoma statehood, Gov. Turner served as the state's 13th governer, from 1947 until 1951.

He made a fortune in the oil fields of Texas and Oklahoma.

H. J. Sandoval

EL PASO, Texas, June 12 (UPI).—Hilary Joseph Sandoval jr., 43, former head of the Small Business Administration and, at the time, the highest ranking Mexican-American in the federal government, died last night.

Mr. Sandoval, a Republican leader in El Paso, stepped down from the SBA post in 1971 for health reasons. He underwent surgery a few months later for a brain tumor and had been ailing since.

Mr. Sandoval was appointed to the SBA post in 1969 and a year later came under criticism for calling for Republican support of President Nixon on SBA stationery.



AP.

Fritz Erich von Manstein before a British Military Court in Hamburg in 1949.

Tutsi Massacre of Hutus In Burundi Said to Resume

DAR ES SALAAM, Tanzania, June 12 (NYT).—More than 10,000 members of the majority Hutu tribe in Burundi have fled into Tanzania in the last month, according to missionaries in the frontier area.

The refugees speak of brutality by troops of the ruling Tutsi tribe, which accounts for 15 percent of the population.

One woman reached a mission hospital after both hands had been hacked off with a machete. She said that soldiers had killed everyone else in her village and had burned houses and crops.

Some of the other refugees were in poor physical condition and had not eaten for days. Three men who were exhausted and starving died soon after reaching a refugee center set up by the Tanzanians at Kigoma, a port on Lake Tanganyika.

The exodus followed a new uprising last month by the Hutus against the Tutsis, traditionally a warrior people. Last year, large numbers of Hutus were massacred in Burundi after a reported coup attempt by Hutu tribesmen against the Tutsi government of Col. Michel Micombero.

Creating Cordon

Refugees say that Tutsi troops appear to be trying to create a cordon in southern Burundi to prevent refugee bands in the remote frontier area of Tanzania from crossing Burundi to attack government posts.

The mountainous border area is largely undeveloped, and although the Tanzanians have moved about 16,000 Hutu refugees 250 miles inland away from the frontier to ease tensions, there are thought to be at least 30,000 refugees still in the area.

Repression is reported to be continuing elsewhere in Burundi. Many Hutus have been killed in the outskirts of Bujumbura, the capital, by Tutsi "anti-terrorist security patrols," and a mass grave has been seen outside the city, the reports say.

Companies reportedly are being forced to release all Tutsi employees for military training, and one European who arrived here from Bujumbura reported that "the Tutsis believe now that it is a case of kill or be killed."

U.S. Policy Assailed

WASHINGTON, June 12 (NYT).—The administration has been criticized for acting with "indifference, inertia and irresponsibility" in response to the massacres that occurred in Burundi in the spring and summer of 1972.

A study of the government's reaction to the massacre, in which 100,000 to 250,000 Hutus were estimated to have been murdered by Tutsis, said that the United States had never spoken out against "the horror in Burundi."

The study, entitled "Passing By: The United States and Genocide in Burundi, 1972," was issued Sunday by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, which financed it.

When asked about the study, the State Department said that "the United States did more than any other government to give practical help to the victims and to stop the killing."

"The United States government was first to extend relief," the department said. It noted that a total of $635,000 was given to aid Hutu refugees.

"Operating in another country where passions were high, our activities were circumscribed to make sure we were permitted to assist the afflicted parties," it said.

Lebanon Premier Obtains Delay of Confidence Vote

BEIRUT, June 12 (AP).—Premier Amin Hafez today won a postponement of the crucial parliamentary vote of confidence on his tottering government. There was speculation that he might have to resign.

The parliament session was to have involved a confidence vote aimed at ending political maneuvering in the wake of Lebanon's army-guerrilla conflict. The postponement only added to the chaotic tangle of sectarian differences.

Mr. Hafez, a Sunni Moslem who was named premier after Israel's commando raid in the heart of Beirut April 10, faces growing opposition from leaders of his own sect. All boycotted the parliament session, and the two Sunnis in his 17-man cabinet resigned today.

Although there was a parliamentary quorum, with 61 out of 99 legislators attending, leaders of other sects supporting the 47-year-old premier threatened a walkout, saying that they could not vote for a government without Sunni representation.

Mr. Hafez immediately demanded a postponement of his policy statement, which was to have preceded a debate on the vote of confidence, and the session was adjourned indefinitely.

Pompidou Back in Paris

PARIS, June 12 (Reuters).—President Georges Pompidou, whose health has aroused speculation, returned to Paris today from a week's vacation at his home in Cajarc, central France. Mr. Pompidou, 61, immediately resumed his official schedule with a dinner for the diplomatic corps.

Soviet Author, In Jail, Faces Another Trial

MOSCOW, June 12 (AP).—Imprisoned author Andrei Amalrik has cabled his wife to find "urgently" a defense lawyer, prompting her to believe that he will soon face a second trial for "defaming" the Soviet Union.

Mr. Amalrik, 35, whose books critical of the regime have been published in the West, was to have finished a three-year labor-camp sentence on May 21. But two days before his expected release from the camp in the Far Eastern province of Magadan, he was informed that he was again under investigation.

The charge again involved Article 190-1 of the Criminal Code: "Deliberate defamation of the Soviet state and social order."

Mr. Amalrik's wife, Gyuzel, 30, said yesterday that she received a telegram from him telling her to "urgently look for a lawyer and send me his name."

"If Andrei is looking for a lawyer," Mrs. Amalrik said, "that means his case has almost come to a conclusion and that there will soon be a trial. I still do not know the basis of the case."

Sakharov Speaks Out

The detention of Mr. Amalrik and initiation of new proceedings have prompted protests in the Soviet Union and abroad. Civil rights advocate Andrei D. Sakharov, a nuclear physicist, has denounced the new charge as "a crying injustice" and "an impermissible attempt against intellectual freedom."

Mr. Amalrik is best known in the West for a book called "Will the Soviet Union Survive Until 1984?" This forecasts an eventual war with China and the collapse of Soviet hegemony in Eastern Europe.

The slight, bespectacled specialist in Russian history is also the author of "Involuntary Journey to Siberia," an account of his exile in the mid-1960s.

The books, banned here, formed part of the evidence at his two-day trial in November, 1970, in the Urals city of Sverdlovsk.

Mrs. Amalrik said she had consulted with the Moscow lawyer who defended her husband in that trial. However, she said, the lawyer, Vladimir Y. Shveisky, declined to take the new case on the grounds that he would not get approval from the Lawyers' Collegium of the Justice Ministry.

"He seems to be afraid to defend Andrei," Mrs. Amalrik said. "He did not say this outright, but it seems he is afraid of losing his post."

Mr. Shveisky had been praised by Mr. Amalrik's friends for a spirited defense in a losing cause.

Drop in Guard, Reserve

WASHINGTON, June 12 (UPI).—The Defense Department yesterday asked Congress to cut the authorized personnel strength of the National Guard and Armed Forces Reserves by 66,044 because of a shortage of volunteers. Lt. Gen. Robert C. Taber, deputy assistant secretary of defense for manpower and reserve affairs, predicted that the personnel deficit would hit about 67,000 by the end of this month.

Ezra Pound's Two Lost Po… Found in Mussolini's Pap…

FLORENCE, June 12 (AP).—Ezra Pound's two missing Cantos have been found among Mussolini's papers, now in the hands of the U.S. government, according to historian Dullio Susmel. Prof. Susmel said today that Pound sent the two poems, which are in Italian, to Mussolini in the late years of World War II. "They are rather long, and their Italian is nearly perfect," he said.

Pound died in Venice last November at the age o… Fascist associations bro… indictment for treason … the United States. He … brought to trial but wa… a Washington mental … until 1958.

He wrote 106 Cantos, … 104 have been publish… missing ones were Nos… 73.

Magnum Opus

Generally regarded a… magnum opus, the Cant… when they were in the… stage, the poet descri… work "of some length … written over a period o… 30 years.

Contemporary interes… cused largely on a l… known as the "Pisan … whose name derives … period of Pound's capt… steel cage at a U.S. Ar… tion center in Pisa. … taken there after his … 1945 by invading Ameri…

The Pisan Cantos—a… of the earlier Cantos—… a time continuum a gre… of historical and my… allusions with referenc… temporary events and … Pound's obsessive inter… as monetary policy. … defects of democracy … he saw as the admirab… of Fascism.

Prof. Susmel said tha… unpublished Cantos are … *huge quantity* of … papers that U.S. … seized in Italy at the e… war but never scrutini… tail.

The historian said th… photocopies of the pap… to him by a former An… telligence agent whom h… to identify. With th… Prof. Susmel said, … several letters the poet … to Mussolini and his …

Letter With Po…

According to Prof. … Pound sent one letter … two poems, restating … tion to the cause of F…

"Duce, my talent is … service. I hope that at … to 73' can be of use," Pr… quoted the poet as say… letter.

The historian said … found the letters … months ago and that h… tacted several Italian … "for the highest offer" … cation.

Prof. Susmel has d… last 30 years to studyi… lini and his secret p… has written 45 books … solini and makes no se… admiration for the man … Italy for 20 years.

Peking Offi… Messmer Co…

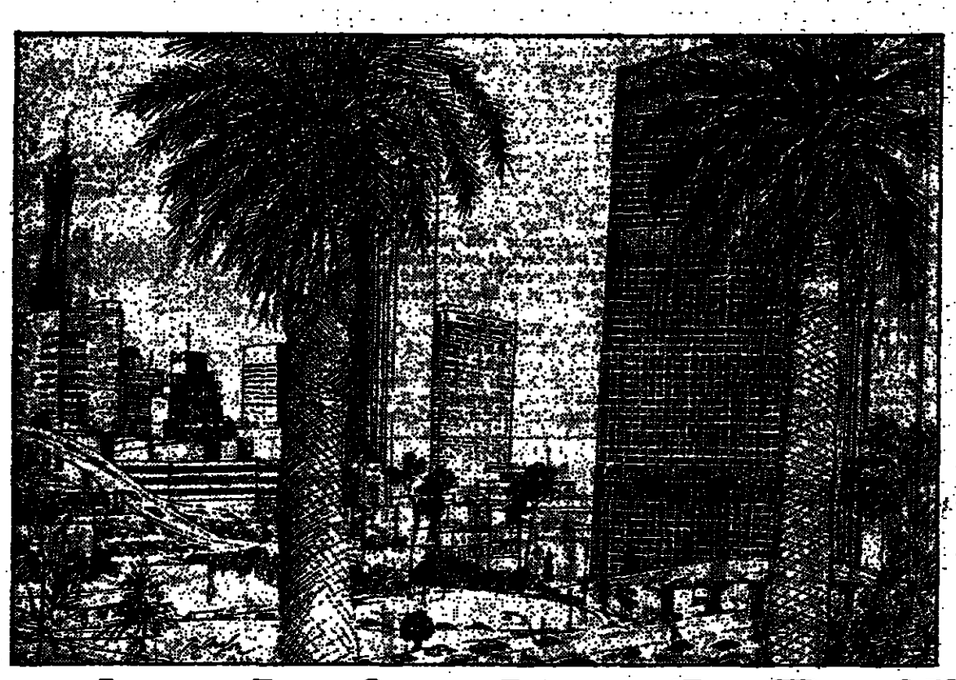
PARIS, June 12 (… Chinese Foreign Mi… Peng-fei today began t… political and economic … French leaders by con… 80 minutes with Prim… Pierre Messmer.

Aides of the prim… said the two covere… variety of internationa… in their talks, with … devoting particular a… European matters and … Union's policy of déten… West.

Diplomatic sources … suggested that China … to see Western Eur… and independent of … States and the Soviet …

DEATH NOTIC…

GENERAL MA… Herman Frederik Care… Royal Netherlands Air Fo… Officer in the Order of O… with Sword, Honorary C… the Royal Victorian Or… Utrecht, June 11, at the … He was until his death … tor of the Agency for th… Armaments of the Weste… Union in Paris. He is su… widow, the former Ma… Cowles of Boston, and th… wijk Edouard Holtz, who … attached to the Royal … Embassy in Djakarta, In…



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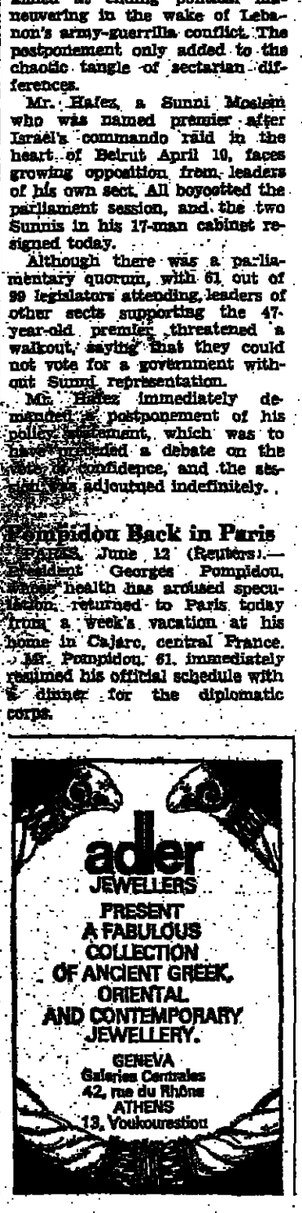
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Associated Press.

NENTAL LINK—New Turkish bridge across the us linking Europe and Asia will be completed ll. Above view is taken from Asian side with peyi in foreground and Istanbul in background.

News Analysis

Approach on Israeli Ties Started by Brandt Visit

By Terence Smith

LEM, June 12 (NYT). -day state visit of West chancellor, Willy hich ended yesterday have been an emo- political watershed in man relations.

ally, the mere presence German leader in Israel rst time was a trau- rience for many Israel- sound of the German the strains of the West ational anthem and the he Iron Cross still stir t feelings among 500,- is who survived Nazi ion camps.

out of consideration for ngs, in fact, that the dio decided to delete coverage of the arrival arture ceremonies the the Israeli Army band *Deutschland Uber Al-* were afraid it would many listeners," a sta- al explained.

the depth of the sen- e 59-year-old chancel- ceived by a great majo- raelis as a friend. This y a reflection of his anti-Nazi background, was no avoiding the fact as here as the symbol st German people.

r Demonstrations

ere a few minor dem- s, limited to the youth of the right-wing op-

t that a German lead- e here and be received as he was, whatever , is remarkable," an ofessor observed. "It older Israelis are com- s with their past and the realities of the

y, the visit appears to ed the end, or at least ping, of the so-called elationship that has etween the two coun- wo decades. With a liptical but unmistak- ations during his visit, put the relationship pragmatic footing.

52, when agreements German reparations to victims of Nazism iated, successive gov- in Bonn have ack- a moral obligation to the representative of people.

gation has been trans- individual and collec- tions totaling nearly xtensive und continu- ic assistance and con- tical support. Before Germany also provided funnel for the supply pons.

and private comment randt frequently spoke ors of the Nazi period. ed the importance of ng the past, but at the he repeatedly stressed s leading a new Ger- e than half of whose has been born since ust and to whom n abstract concept.

ismay of some Israeli ic chancellor did not reaffirm the special . He spoke, rather, of lations with a special -a formulation origi- his foreign minister, eel, a vigorous pro- normalizing relations.

Israeli officials and the semantic distinc- ificant. They feel that was skillfully advis- that relations must be mmon interests rather obligations.

lieve he was saying g as interests converge, continue to count on many's wholehearted id backing. But when ests are in conflict, he be saying, West Ger- feel free to act in its own interest, the past notwithstanding.

In the short term, Israeli officials do not expect the modification of attitude to affect Israel's position, for they are confident that cooperation will continue unabatted. Their concern is for the future.

They are worried, for instance, about Mr. Brandt's expressed determination to work toward a joint stand in the European Economic Community on major international issues such as the Middle East. He stressed this point during his visit, explaining that the members would have to bridge their differences on issues of that sort if a true West European political union is to be achieved.

The Israelis have vigorously discouraged such activity by outside powers on the ground that it provides the Arab states with alternatives to direct negotiations with Israel. Mr. Brandt may well concede the logic of that argument, but he made it clear during his visit that he would not let it stand in the way of a step that would contribute to the European political unity he is seeking.

It is over such issues that West Germany and Israel may argue in the future. If so, as an Israeli official observed with a smile, " We may look back to the period before this visit as the good old days."

Paris, Bonn Split On U.S.-EEC Tie

BONN, June 12 (Reuters).—French Foreign Minister Michel Jobert said after a day of talks here today that differences persist between Paris and Bonn.

At an informal press conference in the gardens of Gymnich Castle near here he and his host, West German Foreign Minister Walter Scheel, made it clear that the differences centered on the proposed talk over cutting forces in Central Europe and on some aspects of relations between the European Economic Community and the United States.

Mr. Jobert is here to prepare the ground for the summit meeting to be held here on June 21 and 22 by President Georges Pompidou and Chancellor Willy Brandt.

Mr. Scheel said he and the French minister agreed on the nature of relations between the EEC and the United States but differed on the form of the dialogue. His government wants multilateral talks with the United States, he said, and thinks it quite possible for President Nixon to meet the EEC Ministers' Council as a body. France is not in favor of this at present.

NATO Foreign Ministers Get Dispute

Split Between U.S. and Allies Stalls Vienna Troop-Cut Talks

BRUSSELS, June 12 (UPI).—A split between the United States and its European allies brought East-West troop-cut talks in Vienna to a halt today.

A spokesman for the Belgian government, which has emerged as a leader of the European bloc, said that most Western delegates flew from Vienna to Copenhagen to lay the impasse before their foreign ministers who will meet in the Danish capital Thursday and Friday.

Preparatory talks in Vienna for Mutual and Balanced Force Reductions (MBFR) in Central Europe are nearing completion, and a communiqué is being prepared which will say that enough common ground exists for full-scale MBFR talks to be held.

Dispute Over Date

But the Belgian spokesman confirmed reports from Vienna that the Soviet Union opposes the inclusion in the communiqué of a date for the full-scale talks. He said that the United States supports the Russians on this.

Most European nations, he said, insist that the communiqué must set a firm date—"a fundamental element."

Otherwise, he said, the entire issue must be decided by the NATO foreign ministers—the body that originally agreed to the preparatory talks and gave them the mandate to set the date for full talks. This is why the NATO foreign ministers will be asked to debate the issue in Copenhagen this week.

European diplomats said privately that they felt the United States and Russia were trying to ram an MBFR agreement past their allies on grounds that the two superpowers will be doing most of the troop cutting. The Europeans argue that any cuts to be made will affect European defenses most of all.

SALT-2 Recesses

GENEVA, June 12 (UPI).—U.S. and Soviet negotiators today recessed the second round of Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT-2) for the visit to Washington starting next Monday of Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev.

SALT will be a major topic of discussion between President Nixon and Mr. Brezhnev and their discussions will probably lead to new instructions to the two delegations in Geneva, conference sources said.

Reports from Washington said there may even be some preliminary agreements in Washington although, sticking to their agreement on absolute secrecy, there was no indication of that by envoys here.

Damascus Paper Warns Lebanon Of 'Firmer' Stand

DAMASCUS, June 12 (UPI).—The newspaper of Syria's ruling Baathist party yesterday accused Lebanese authorities of planning to liquidate the Palestinian guerrillas and said that Syria might have to take a "firmer and crueler stand" toward Lebanon.

An editorial in the newspaper, Al Baath, also accused Lebanese authorities of torturing "smugglers" and of "stooping to the morals of the [Israeli] enemy."

The editorial did not say what "firmer and crueler" measures Syria might take. But last week official sources in Damascus said that Syria was thinking of closing its air space to Lebanese planes. Syria closed its border with Lebanon May 8 during the army-guerrilla fighting in Beirut.

Algerian Force in Syria

BEIRUT, June 12 (AP).—A sizable Algerian Army force has arrived in Syria to take up position near the Israeli-occupied Golan Heights, the Beirut newspaper Al Hayat reported yesterday. The size of the Algerian contingent was not reported.

A 1,800-man motorized Moroccan Army force sent by King Hassan II last month already has been deployed on the Syrian-Israeli border.

Nazi Barbie Is Said To Have Heart Ailment

LA PAZ, Bolivia, June 12 (UPI).—Former Nazi war criminal Klaus Altmann, 57, under arrest here on an extradition warrant from France since March 2, is suffering from a serious heart ailment, court sources said yesterday.

Altmann has admitted that he is Klaus Barbie, a former SS chief in Lyons whom a French court has sentenced in absentia to death for war crimes.

France asked for his extradition early last year.

Woman, 90, Held As Drug Pusher

PHILADELPHIA, June 12 (AP).—Police have a 90-year-old woman narcotics suspect on their hands.

Police said Mrs. Francis Kelly was arrested Saturday night after several women complained that she was selling narcotics. The arresting officer said he chased her a short distance and caught her when she failed in an attempt to climb a wall.

Police said the woman dropped three glazed packets containing a white powder believed to be heroin. A neighbor said she had noticed teenagers going in and out of Mrs. Kelly's home lately.

Uruguay Strike Called

MONTEVIDEO, June 12 (UPI). Municipal employees throughout Uruguay went on a 24-hour strike today for better wages.

Sicilian Suit Over Pink Hot Pants Fails In an Attempt at Cover-Up

MESSINA, Sicily, June 12 (AP).—A Sicilian court ruled today that a woman who wore hot pants which allegedly left her "buttocks open to sight" did not commit a crime.

Lise Wittrock, 28, of Copenhagen, was tried in absentia and acquitted. The suit was filed here by a judge, Vincenzo Salmeri, who saw the tall, attractive Dane strolling with friends in Palermo on Aug. 16, 1971.

Mr. Salmeri said in his brief that Miss Wittrock wore pink hot pants which "covered only the central part of her back, leaving the buttocks open to sight." He said the "volume of the physical attributes of the girl" helped to arouse "scandal and curiosity among passersby."

Mr. Salmeri had Miss Wittrock taken to a police station, where she was charged with "an act contrary to the public decency." Miss Wittrock, who does not speak Italian, was stunned. She later returned home, and her lawyer said she was taking exams at Copenhagen University.

The lawyer, Antonio Marrone, argued that "a beautiful pair of legs can appear as evil only in the ambiguous minds of false moralists." The public prosecutor agreed that she should be acquitted "because her act does not constitute a crime." Miss Wittrock could have been fined or sentenced to several months in jail if found guilty.

The verdict was applauded by a courtroom packed with almost 100 persons, but some voiced disappointment that the defendant did not show up. A hotel owner said he would have given Miss Wittrock free accommodations if she had attended the trial.

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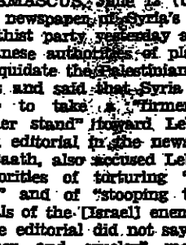
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Ω OMEGA

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Page 6—Wednesday, June 13, 1973

Eternal Triangle

After Henry Kissinger and Le Duc Tho broke off their second effort in Paris to restore the fractured Vietnam peace last week, an American official said that difficulties had arisen due to a "triangular argument" among the governments of the United States, North Vietnam and South Vietnam.

That unfortunately has been the story of Vietnam for nearly two decades. In the interests of stopping Communism, the United States in 1954 became party to an argument among Vietnamese which 19 years of death, destruction and agony on all sides have been unable to resolve. In spite of the "peace with honor" proclaimed by President Nixon last January, the quarrel persists, the fighting continues and the United States remains heavily involved.

Even if Mr. Kissinger is able to persuade the fractious Vietnamese to agree to some new cease-fire arrangements in Paris this week, the best that can be hoped for is a temporary lull in hostilities. Only a political settlement can eliminate the causes of conflict and, as a Senate staff report noted last week: "There appears to be little prospect that peace will be restored by political means given the apparent continued determination by Hanoi and the Provisional Revolutionary Government to displace the existing structure in the South and given the South Vietnamese government's adamant refusal to afford either the Communists or the non-Communist opposition any meaningful role in political life."

The persisting intransigence of both sides to the Vietnamese dispute is a tragedy that cannot be resolved by third parties. It is a tragedy that can only be prolonged and deepened by the bombs and threats that have been the hallmark of the administration's intervention for "peace." It is past time that the "triangular argument" over the fate of Vietnam was reduced to its proper dimensions, with the United States withdrawing completely at last to allow the Vietnamese to settle their own affairs.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Spain's Rightward Swing

When a country has suffered dictatorial rule for decades, there is usually hope that major governmental change will restore a measure of freedom or at least lighten the repression. No such hopes arose when Generalissimo Francisco Franco last week officially turned over administration of the Spanish government to his loyal friend and long-time deputy, Adm. Luis Carrero Blanco.

The seventy-year-old admiral promptly underscored his reputation as hardliner and right-winger even within the Franco spectrum. In appointing a new cabinet he sharply cut back the influence of the so-called "technocrats," affiliated with the lay Catholic movement known as Opus Dei, and restored to power several leaders of the Falange, the fascist-type party that was organized to support Gen. Franco in the Spanish Civil War of 1936-39.

The "technocrats" are not liberals but they have had a moderating influence on government policy and they include modern economists who have had substantial success in rejuvenating Spain's economy in recent years. There will be regrets in both East and West that one casualty of the cabinet reshuffle was Foreign Minister Gregorio Lopez Bravo, assailed by the Falange as too friendly to the United States, too conciliatory toward Britain on the Gibraltar issue and too open to Communist governments.

An official swing to the right had been expected since 5,000 Falangists and other nationalists marched in Madrid last month, demonstrating against Opus Dei, "red priests" and even the government itself. They had been provoked by the killing of a policeman on May Day, allegedly by left-wing demonstrators. The cabinet changes would doubtless have come even if Adm. Carrero Blanco had not been appointed premier at this time.

In elevating the admiral, while remaining chief of state and commander in chief of the armed forces, Gen. Franco at 80 is taking one more long-planned step to try to insure peaceful transition to the post-Franco era. That transition, which will include the crowning of Prince Juan Carlos as king and chief of state, is not likely to be an easy one, given Adm. Carrero Blanco's well-known inflexibility and a political philosophy that lumps liberalism in with Communism and Socialism as the evils from which he believes Spain was saved by Gen. Franco's victory in the civil war a generation ago.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

The Brezhnev-Nixon Meeting

The decisions taken in the intimacy of the forthcoming Brezhnev-Nixon meeting may anticipate some of the ground to be covered at the big European security conference. The Russians have clearly shown how little interest they have in discussing certain questions—especially in the realm of security—with the Europeans, and how powerful is their drive to reach direct arrangements in this area with the Americans. And it is not yet clear to what extent this tendency toward bilateralism may have rubbed off on U.S. leaders, coming into conflict with the "Atlantism" recently trumpeted in Washington.

The prospects for this two-way meeting, which will by nature be a test of strength, are not exactly glowing. Brezhnev, at the apex of success and apparently in a well-secured position, will encounter a Nixon politically crippled by Watergate and subject to a powerful temptation to acquire a halo by playing the role of a peacemaker at any price. The cost could be rather high—and not for America alone.

—*From Neue Zuercher Zeitung (Zurich).*

Communists and Italian Politics

The Christian Democrats are and always have been a party of power and to consort with the Communists could, in the majority view, undermine the independence which the party now enjoys. Besides, the Socialists, while in opposition, have strengthened their links, both at a local and regional level with the Communist party. Though this in itself may create the seeds of future dissension within a new center-left alliance, it certainly provides one means of contact with the main opposition and perhaps improves the prospects of reform.

—*From the Financial Times (London).*

Brandt's Visit to Israel

Mr. Brandt has carried out a delicate mission in Israel with tact and dignity. Anti-Nazi credentials do not come better than his, but the slaughter of six million Jews by Germans obeying Hitler's orders is too frightful a crime to be forgotten. Even Mr. Brandt could not have expected to erase the fundamental feelings of Jews toward Germans simply by visiting Israel. While his own personal record is blameless, he still represents the West German people. He was nevertheless the right man to make the approach. He is the first and last German chancellor to have suffered under the Nazis. It is a sign of West Germany's and Israel's maturity that the visit should have been attempted, that it should have been a success, and that the two governments should have agreed that even if the past is unforgettable their future relations can be less tense.

—*From the Guardian (London).*

* * *

Mr. Brandt's visit to Israel has been a very moving occasion. Nazi Germany's attempt to exterminate the Jewish race was infinitely more horrible than a war between states. Reconciliation between West Germany and Israel therefore has a moral dimension that extends far beyond state relations. What Mr. Brandt has been trying to do this week is to refine relations with the living Jews in the state of Israel, which is something different. The message he has been conveying is that although the relationship is bound to have a special character it can no longer be dominated by the need to atone for Nazi crimes against the Jewish race. A new generation is growing up in both countries, and more than half the population of West Germany was born after the war. They do not acknowledge inherited guilt.

—*From the Times (London).*

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

June 13, 1898

PARIS—Not to be a "chauffeur" nowadays is to be nobody. "Chauffeur" is Parisian for automobiliste. Put in English you would get "stoker," and it would be about as pretty. It is astonishing how automobilism has spread within two years. It is now "chic" to pass an examination as your own "chauffeur." Those who are newly converted say it is not a fad at all. On the contrary, they claim that automobiles will drive carriages off the streets just as the locomotive has done with the mailcoach. That they may chase foot passengers out of the streets is also probable.

Fifty Years Ago

June 13, 1923

LONDON—If the United States expects to have a mercantile marine 20 or 30 years from now, carrying a fair share of the world's commerce, she must, according to Senator Albert B. Fall, begin now to pursue a vigorous policy to ensure future supplies of oil. "I have tried to arouse American opinion on this necessity," he said. "But to mention the word 'oil' makes many Americans think it is propaganda for big interests. The fact is that, today, we are producing 73 percent of the world's oil and are consuming 76 percent."



'Smile! You Are Dancing Because You Are Now a Democracy!'

Isolationism Has Two Faces

By C. L. Sulzberger

BRUSSELS.—NATO was thrown into a tizzy by a speech made here last week by the new U.S. defense secretary, James Schlesinger. Schlesinger appeared deliberately to downplay Soviet military capabilities in direct contradiction of a report simultaneously delivered by the alliance's own intelligence analysts.

The latter concluded that new missiles and other weapons systems had increased Soviet striking power and that between 70 and 75 percent of its air and ground forces were poised against NATO, despite the build-up aimed at China.

Schlesinger, in contrast, cautioned against exaggerating the adversary's strength. He reckoned approximately 35 fewer Russian and Warsaw Pact divisions faced NATO than the alliance's own assessment calculated.

Allies Puzzled

The gap in estimates and their implications puzzles and worries allied leaders. They conclude either that U.S. intelligence is not sharing its true information with its partners of that the potential enemy's power is being deliberately minimized for political reasons. Neither suspicion is comforting.

Our allies fear that Washington, seeking to reduce its balance of payments deficit and facing the imminent shift from a selective service to a wholly volunteer armed service, is trying to ease European worries envisioning force withdrawals, for political and budgetary reasons, rather than offering objective analysis.

The United States keeps assuring NATO there will be no unilateral reduction of American strength in this theater. But everyone is so sensitive on this point and also so aware that U.S. taxpayers are bound to pay more for fewer volunteer servicemen that they wonder if Schlesinger's speech wasn't tailored to prepare for cuts.

There is a feeling that Washington now "governs by surprise" and is getting ready to spring something. While this may not be true, the sentiment is disquieting. Moreover, it has been suggested by frustrated American officials that if Europe cannot do more to help the United States ease the balance of payments burden of keeping troops here, they may be extricated and Washington could make its own deal with Moscow.

There is much loose talk along such lines. President Nixon has promised there will be no unilateral cuts. But Brezhnev's American journey—following his talks with Kissinger—are never forgotten, although it is acknowledged these must be seen against the background of similar colloquies between Soviet and European leaders.

The lacuna between the military estimates of Schlesinger and alliance experts appears large. The Americans seem to think NATO forces as now constituted could in the remote likelihood of war hold out for two or three months against conventional attack.

NATO's international experts feel it is improbable they could resist more than two or three weeks, and that Soviet fear of China breathing down its neck is as much of a deterrent as Western power.

This becomes more than a theological debate when related to insistent U.S. demands—repeated by Schlesinger—that the European allies take up the entire American balance of payments slack for financing the garrison the United States maintains here as part of its defense role.

There is undoubtedly allied sympathy for Washington's budgetary problems and their reflection in Congress. Nevertheless, it is pointed out, each ally has its own parliament which must accept national financial obligations.

Moreover, if there is an increase in payments of one or another sort to offset American troop costs here, this may be mirrored in reductions of individual national defense outlays. Furthermore, other NATO partners such as Britain and Belgium keep troops stationed in West Germany without the kind of rebate Washington demands.

Troublesome Problem

This is a troublesome problem. The tentative figure offered by Schlesinger as one that should be offset to the United States is $1.5 billion annually although no precise program has yet been set forth. It is pointed out this represents less than one-tenth of the current U.S. balance of payments deficit.

Some among NATO's smaller members fear the United States is being so tough on this question that it risks straining the alliance. It makes U.S. troops here appear to be mercenaries by insisting they be paid for by others. And threats to pull them out otherwise or to make some kind of private deal with Russia—never formally outlined but often hinted at—encourage an explosion of verbalism which, in its turn, scarcely disguises growing isolationism.

Americans, concerned about the neo-isolationism seen these days in their Congress, sometimes forget that there is also isolationism on this side of the ocean. Wherever it originates, it could kill NATO.

Clark Clifford's Sunburst

By William F. Buckley Jr.

NEW YORK—Hey, kids, do you want to know what they are talking about in the New York salons? Probably not, and for good reason, but the philanthropic imperative prevents me from keeping it to myself. It is the article in The New York Times by Clark Clifford on how to cope with the mess in Washington.

It is all just this simple:

1) Nixon gets Agnew to resign.
2) Nixon asks Congress to nominate a successor Vice-President.
3) Nixon selects from Congress's nominees.
4) Congress confirms the nominee.
5) Nixon resigns.
6) The new guy becomes President.

The result?

7) A transformation of "the next three and a half years from years of bitterness, divisiveness and deterioration to years of healing, unity and progress."

Buy South Africa

I know a lady who figured out how to solve the problem of minorities in South Africa and the United States, and the problem of under-population in Australia: The United States should buy South Africa from the white people who won it, then make a gift of South Africa to our own Negro people, and arrange to ship them there. The white people in South Africa, with the enormous capital they got from selling their country to the United States, would remove to Australia. Hesto presto: There is no racial problem left in South Africa, no black problem in the United States, and no shortage of white people in Australia. The wonder is that Clark Clifford didn't think of it. If he had, no doubt the Times would have published it.

The turgidity of Mr. Clifford's presentation makes it sadistic to dwell on the analysis, but one must, one absolutely must, since such chutzpah requires recognition. Mr. Clifford speaks of this as being "no time for partisanship"—while proceeding to write as though it were a bipartisan conviction that Spiro Agnew, though he was elected Vice-President of the United States and though he is utterly unimplicated in Watergate, should not, in the event of the President's resignation, proceed to the post for which he was designated by the American people.

Mr. Clifford says that "under our system of government, a President cannot function without the confidence of the American people." In fact he can, and has; as recently as when Mr. Clifford agreed to serve in the cabinet of President Johnson even though President Johnson had already lost the support of the American people.

Mr. Clifford says that Mr. Nixon has by his contempt for the press and our institutions "irreparably" damaged himself. Mr. Clifford's respect for the press is best recalled by his willingness to serve President Johnson when Johnson asked Clifford to visit Washington publishers in 1964 and beg them to suppress the news that Johnson's assistant Walter Jenkins had been caught not at Watergate, probing intimate Democratic secrets, but at the YMCA washroom, probing other intimacies.

Johnson went on to win a landslide election, and Clifford was not very resonantly accused of trying to suppress Johnson's attempt at cover-up, nor did anyone in sight suggest an *auto-da-fe* for him.

Mr. Clifford says that the "present administration has come to treat Congress as an inferior branch of the government." That's true. But so did the Johnson administration treat it, and so did Kennedy's, and so did FDR's. The truth of the matter is that Congress has earned the reputation as an inferior branch of the government and it is historically the fault not of Nixon, but of Congress.

The Noble Thing

Mr. Clifford says that, after all, Lyndon Johnson in 1968 did the noble thing. "On that occasion, President Johnson said: 'What we won when all of our people united must not now be lost in suspicion and distrust and selfishness and politics among any of our people.'"

Right, that's what Johnson said. And what happened was that the people remained disunited and distrustful and selfish, and politics continued. Johnson's self-removal had nothing to do with healing the wounds of the nation to the extent that they were healed. That was the result of the practical policies of Richard Nixon. And the nearest the country ever came, in recent years, to being united was in preferring Nixon to the democratic choice of the Democratic party, George McGovern, whose singular contributions to disunity were reproached neither by Mr. Clifford nor by The New York Times.

By God, I do believe that Richard Nixon is going to be saved by his enemies, and he deserves to be.

Letters

The Martian View

Regarding "Watergate From Mars" (Letters, June 7): Watergate is an internal American affair on which, as a foreigner, I do not wish to comment. The more so, since I am convinced that the American people and democratic institutions will eventually succeed in solving this problem satisfactorily.

However, the Wedel letter really only uses Watergate as a pretext to expound certain political views, which do concern all of us. Not to mince words: It is in fact one of the most insane pieces of fascist trash I have come across since the Nazis were disposed of in my own country and I feel that this type of political pornography might be harmful to the young and innocent if left unchallenged.

The letter speaks for itself and needs no detailed analysis. It should suffice to highlight only three of T. Carl Wedel's charming proposals: burglary is legitimate, wiretapping should be welcomed by everyone and a strong secret police is desirable if all this serves a "government dedicated to preserving the productive blessings of the free enterprise, capitalistic system." T. Carl Wedel wanted to "clarify" our thinking on these issues—well, he's done an admirable job.

ERWIN KIPPMULLER.
Paris.

Mr. Wedel's letter (IHT, June 7) is in essence an apology for Watergate and Nixon's manner of governing which excuses everything because, in the eyes of his imaginary man from Mars, nobody really got hurt. And anyhow, says the man from Mars, Wedel, only enemies of our "absolutely free" (sic) society can want to threaten the Nixon administration.

I suggest that Mr. Wedel read with care and think about the article, "Watergate—A Primer for Non-Americans" (IHT, May 29). Since he wishes to clarify the thinking, says he, of his four children and other citizens, he needs desperately to begin to have some faint glimmer of how fundamental the issues involved are to the American system of government.

OLIVER ANDREWS Jr.
Aix-en-Provence, France.

Too Much Watergate

I am sorry to remark that the Watergate affair became "la tarte à la crème" you are feeding your readers daily causing nausea, undermining the authority of President Nixon and the prestige of the United States—and for what purpose?

In persisting, you will only lose your own standing as a serious, clean and impartial newspaper I liked so much to read. Please, stop it! What is enough is enough!

V. REMERY.
Rheims, France.

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Louis McRedmond From Dublin:

Only the myth-makers nee be surprised that Ireland has a Protestant President

DUBLIN.—We have just elected a president. My American friends, for some reason that escapes me, say this was a rash thing to do. We need a head of state like everybody else and we can scarcely expect other people to call him the Uachtarain. That is the official Gaelic title for the office. A scholar-journalist some years ago noted that the word was cognate with *uachtar*, which means "cream," and suggested that our First Citizen should be known in English as the Dairy Manager of Ireland. Sadly, the proposal never caught on. Perhaps the risk was too great that the First Lady might become the Milk Maid. Anyway, like the rest of the world, we settled for a president.

But about the election. After a hotly-contested race, Erskine Childers won by a clear length. This will surprise those of our friends abroad who have simple-minded notions about Ireland and the Irish. Mr. Childers is a Protestant. He went to school and university in England; he speaks the English language so impeccably that he left the BBC commentator, in a post-election interview, sounding distinctly off-key

Irish Roots

His opponent, by contrast, was a Catholic whose roots were wholly Irish and whose distinguished career included the remarkable feat of running the god-President Eamon de Valera to within a few thousand votes of victory last time out in 1966. If the legends were true about the reactionary, ultra-nationalist Irish Catholics, Mr. Childers should not have stood a snowball's chance in hell. An English acquaintance who believed the myths could only surmise: "You're like us, you want a foreign monarchy." He missed the point and got no nearer to it in an extended lecture on the inappropriateness of Lt. Phillips as a husband for Princess Anne.

Some judgments nearer home were wide of the mark as well. "The Protestants voted for their own," said one man I met. "And sure who'd blame them?" he added, with expansive tolerance. As evidence for his theory, he invited me to "look at Dun Laoghaire." I looked at Dun Laoghaire, the seaside town outside Dublin where Protestants are fairly heavily concentrated by Irish standards. It used to be called Kingstown in the days of Empire, after which a dwindling number of Irish Protestants still hanker. "How far are we from Kingstown?" asks the lady on the bus in a now aging story. "About 30 years, ma'am," answers the republican ticket-checker. That could explain Dun Laoghaire, although many of us doubt it. It does not at all explain the heavy backing for Mr. Childers in Cork, Tipperary, Offaly and other parts of rural Ireland.

The Protestant vote is another myth. If it existed it would be rather less than 5 percent of the national franchise. It would be hard put to swing the election of a town councillor, let alone that of a president.

The trouble with myths is that they are half-true. Their half-truth tends to be noticed, whereas their half-falsity gets ignored. Thus, the Catholic ethos manifestly pervading independen land is everywhere acknowl The Irish voter's ability to his religion outside the booth receives less attention it is an old habit, sympto of the attitude summed the 19th-century parliam leader, Daniel O'Connell: take our religion from Ro our politics from home." the people were to mak Protestant Parnell their pion, while the national pa is crammed with name Tone, Emmet, Mitchel—I tant, and sometimes half-E founding fathers of the r can tradition itself.

Not the First

Indeed, Erskine Childe not be our first Protestant dent. Douglas Hyde served him as the nominee agreed the political parties back t As it happens, too much h made of all this in Irel people guiltily anxious to our liberal impartiality. not prevented us from legi within and for the C ethos: Our censorship la anti-contraception measu part of the picture also. I people draw a firm line, a should be more widely The election of President C neatly underscores it.

If you want to know, the Mr. Childers was chosen yc to ask quite different qu than what church he wors where he went to school he articulates his vowels. not even tell you much t that his father was killed the "Troubles" of the 19 were his opponent's gran and uncle.

What matters more is t Childers was deputy pren Jack Lynch's government went out of office earli year; that he took a stro on law-and-order and a c tory line on the Northern question; that he showe concern for the health during his long tenure department of state. It m too that he was the candi what is now the oppositio which has the best or political machine in the

The new government doubtedly popular and liv to all it promised. But t like to keep governme government—in its place, means giving it no more than it needs. It does n the largely figurehead pr to govern. So Mr. Childe ponent drew no advanta his sponsorship by the ment. Finally, it matter much that Mr. Childers calm and dignified de reserved without being a

A Gentleman

As a boy I once found at a town meeting at wh principal speaker was Sea Bride, later to be foreig ister and now chairman nesty International. W ended his speech, I he knobbly-handed farmer another, "You know, Mic gentleman." Mr. Childe the same kind of essentia ocratic respect for a m bears himself well, equally condescension ar teur.

What it amounts to, t is that the Irish chose t president for a variety of ly normal reasons, perso political, which anywhere the West would cause no or excitement. The only facing them was to d whose favor these reason up when two admirably candidates presented the But I would wager a t that for months to come hear the cant at home how tolerant we are, we *Protestant* president." F eign observers will rese equally infuriating c about the unpredictable until they can convenient the awkward fact that g way of a good myth.



هكذا من الأصل

IS FILMS

oody Allen and Sexploitation

omas Quinn Curtiss

June 13 (IHT).—Theat- the world is in a y state. What were wn as "French farces" made in the United while the homespun, alues" comedies of brand are now being ured in France.

Allen's "Everything You Vanted to Know About Were Afraid to Ask" riomphe, the Jean Coc- the Paramount-Odéon h), as its title hints, a pantalonnade from s-Royal. On the other ques Martin's "Na . . .!" Marignan, the Danton Gaumont Richelieu), in e rights of some senior of Nice are staunchly an idealistic reformer of jail), seems to have m the Hollywood of a ocent age. One can well Mary Pickford shaking fist at authority as the

Bing Award

dolf Bing, the Vienna- ner general manager of politan Opera, has been the Golden Medal of services to the Austrian He is expected in his month in connection publication of the Ger- guage edition of his ok on his career as an mpresario.

All comics, great or small, funny or unfunny, American, French, Czech or Eskimo, have two traits in common. First, a fervent fidelity to their established image, regardless of any costume changes. Charlie Chaplin, for instance, whether portraying king or pauper, never alters personality. Secondly, the star clown is always at odds not, as the cliché runs, with society, but rather with reality. He is as contemptuous of logic as he is of the law. Both Allen and Martin, a French TV favorite, adhere to these basic principles, setting the personality cult above characterization.

Allen's film is a burlesque of the what-everyone-should-know lecture, explaining with grotesque illustrations and vaudeville patter such subjects as frigidity in women, impotence in the male, bestiality, transvestism and other erotic manias. The violent black humor that attends these daring investigations turns the zany comedy into a sly satire on the current American craze for sexploitation.

The sagacious Allen, who wrote and directed the collection of sketches, does not appear in them all. He is comically himself as a medieval court jester who loses his head when he is unable to wrench his hand from the queen's chastity belt; as a brooding Italian with dissatisfied do-gooding leader, a role that Martin himself undertakes.

Yanne-like, Martin parades here as a hippie samaritan, spreading the gospel of protest against the consumer society among doddering elders on the Riviera. He organizes them to hold meetings and march on supermarkets and unwittingly causes them to rob a bank. The gags are almost as old as the driveling ancients and the film is only funny in suggesting that it is a belated adaptation of one of Channing Pollock's uplift dramas in which the crippled heroine smiled so bravely and so much that she won the heart of a multi-millionaire tycoon.

mate, a skit done in mock-Antonioni styles as an intruder into a mad scientist's laboratory and as a cosmically sperm germ. The central core is several other sections have been left to others. Gene Wilder as the doctor who falls in love with a sheep and, deprived of both his practice and his lamb, sinks to the Bowery pavement more swiftly than the frolicsome Hopalong of Dreiser's "Sister Carrie." Lou Jacobi is howlingly funny as the fired bust-maker with his unrepressed desire for feminine attire.

Woody Allen's latest is the most stimulating and original of his film comedies. Movie-goers should rejoice at the discovery of such a droll humorist with 30-20 satirical vision.

Jacques Martin, making his screen debut as author-director-actor with "Na . . .!", shows alarming signs of being another Jean Yanne. One hopes this disconcerting first impression is false. The French cinema has sufficient troubles without a second Yanne.



Woody Allen in "Everything You Always . . ."

On the current recommended list are:

"La Grande Bouffe" (at the Mercury). Marco Ferreri's ribald, macabre extravaganza about death and the senses with Michel Piccoli, Ugo Tognazzi, Marcello Mastroianni and Philippe Noiret as a quartet of life-weary men who decide to commit suicide by overindulgence.

"Français, Si Vous Saviez" (at the Studio Saint-Séverin). André Harris's and Alain de Sedouy's three-part documentary covering French history during the last 50 years.

"Young Winston" (at the Gaumont-Ambassade in English). A biographical account of Churchill in early manhood with Simon Ward as the statesman in his salad days and with Robert Shaw as his erratic father and with Anne Bancroft as his American mother.

"Themroc" (at the Quartier Latin). Claude Faraldo's eerie fantasy of anarchy in a tenement house.

"La Nuit Américane" (at the Concorde-Pathé). François Truffaut's entertaining valentine to the craft of movie-making.

"Valparaiso . . . Valparaiso!" (at the Studio de la Harpe). Pascal Aubier's satirical caricature of a modern intellectual's downfall.

MUSIC

The West End Goes to Dietrich

By Henry Pleasants

LONDON, June 12 (IHT).—Marlene Dietrich's opening of a week's engagement at the charming Wimbledon Theatre last night recalled the old saw about the man who builds better mousetraps.

Wimbledon is a long way from the West End. But the audience that packed the Wimbledon Theatre was a West End crowd. For a Marlene Dietrich, at 70, or thereabouts, singing pretty much the same songs she has sung for the past 20 years, pretty much as she has always sung them, the world will beat a path to her door, be that door in Wimbledon, or, as it was last week, in Cardiff or, as it will be next week, in Paris.

The show is, as it always has been, a study in total professionalism, right down to Burt Bacharach's superb arrangements, solicitously played by a 22-piece orchestra under William Blezard, and each and every curtain call. If some churl could find a fault, it would be that the professionalism is a bit too studied, which is another way of saying that the study too often shows.

"Technique and control," she told an interviewer in Cardiff, "they are all that matter. In every single bar of my music, every single light that hits me—I know it and I can control it. In films, too many people, too many intangibles. Here, if it goes wrong, I know whom to blame—me . . . On stage, I can be myself, Nobody cuts or dubs or edits me afterwards."

She is at her best, that is, the professionalism is least conspicuous, in songs whose content draws her beyond artifice into art—or makes you think that it does—"Go Away From My Window," for example, or "La Vie en Rose," or Pete Seeger's "Where Have All the Flowers Gone?"



UPI.

Marlene Dietrich
. . . in '73 TV show.

And it is always a joy to hear her delving back in her memory to resurrect those treasurable Richard Tauber *Schlagers* such as "Das Lied Ist Aus" and "Frag Nicht Warum" She sings them, thank goodness, in German. Language means much to her, not just the words, which she enunciates impeccably, but the music inherent in the words and phrases.

This is true, too, of Peggy Lee and Juliette Greco, both singers, like her, who have had to make very little voice go a long way, and who never ask of the voice more than it can readily give. It is the secret of their success, and Dietrich's.

"A little pianissimo," she sings in "Lola," is always bound to please. It's something for today's young pop singers to ponder. They could learn a lot from the phenomenon known as Dietrich.

On the Arts Agenda

An excerpt from a new work by Leonard Bernstein, "The Dybbuk," is scheduled to have its first performance June 29 at the Theater in der Josefstadt in Vienna as part of a special program for the 125th anniversary of the newspaper Die Presse. He will be in Vienna at the time for the first European performances of his "Mass," and reportedly efforts are under way to sign the composer-conductor for a production at the State Opera and concerts with the Vienna Philharmonic during the 1974-75 season.

Claudio Abbado is expected to make his debut at the Vienna State Opera in 1975 with a new production of Mussorgsky's "Khovanshchina" that is planned for a Russian-language performance with a cast including Nicolai Ghiaurov, Martti Talvela and Christa Ludwig. At La Scala, the conductor is scheduled for a new production of Mozart's "Le Nozze di Figaro" in which Otto Schenk will make his Milan debut as stage director, and with a cast including Katia Ricciarelli, Mirella Freni, Teresa Berganza, Hermann Prey and Ruggero Raimondi.

xris Couturier's Taste for uxury Leads to Furniture

By Hebe Dorsey

June 12 (IHT).—For a time Serge Manzon has the verge of making it way but just missing. pected fashion designer, own for elegant, expen- l classic clothes, backed safe beauty of cashmere, hair and silver buttons, pecially good at timeless s, acces- nd mas- kers that close to mooth, e sculp- Mr. Man- lost faith ion as it today. A e man, soul-scar- k and a en-like f hair. Mr. wears monogram- irts, eats d, believes are "an- and must one feels, th Guer- ap. His is an un- rising love of quality rives the price of every- e designs to what mer- feel are unrealistic

trouble," he said yester- oking his cigar with a possessed look, "is that ays been in love with Today, that's impossible n because women won't at kind of money any

s, fashion moves so fast expensive dress is sure modé six months later. hole thing doesn't make y more."

Other Fields

tuation has led him to is fashion activities and talents to more promis- . He still creates ex- ccessories plus a fur col- r Marie Martine. But ly signed a two-year con- Longines to take over watch designing. suits are advertised in many jewelry shops and will have a première at Tiffany's in June. His watches come to a market already crowded with new designs, but they have the advantage of looking strikingly different. Stamped with Mr. Manzon's expensive sportswear look, they look like the belts he has been designing for years with the watch nestled into the the belt buckle.



Serge Manzon

What he is earning with one hand, he is spending with the other. His latest venture is furniture designing. Since he started six months ago, he has completed three tables; with six more to come. All done in black lacquer, touched with steel or chrome, they have the neat, streamlined look of Art Déco furniture, the likes of which you see in Ernst Lubitsch's films.

Still on his exclusive, expensive kick, Mr. Manzon would like to make only nine of each, which, numbered, would make them collectors' pieces.

The Prices

The prices (from 15,000 to 20,000 francs for a coffee table) if nothing else, should limit the market to the chosen few.

"I have to charge that much," he said, pointing at the coffee table, a huge slab of black lacquer (1-meter-20 square) resting on two half-moon-shaped stands of shiny bronze, "because I don't want to fall into the trap of mass designing. It would be easier, of course, but it would destroy the beauty of what I'm trying to do. I'd rather think in terms of objets d'art, with a solid built-in investment value."

While everybody else is seemingly trying to make a fast buck, Mr. Manzon's hard line on what designing talent is all about comes as a refreshing change.

When you've finished your business, what are you going to do for memories?

So your business takes you away from home. What are you going to do after hours?
Or on week-ends? We'll tell you.
Every Lufthansa office in the world has access to our tourist information service about Germany.
We know where the wine festivals are and the village festivities, where the Rhine steamers stop and which castle has a happening.
Or whatever.
And when you get home, you can talk about your memories. Except those you want to keep to yourself.

Lufthansa
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ANTIQUAIRES A PARIS

DIDIER AARON & Cie
AVELINE & Cie
B. FAIRE & FILS
J.-P. HAGNAUER
KRAEMER & Cie
ETIENNE LEVY & Cie
WEILLER & Cie

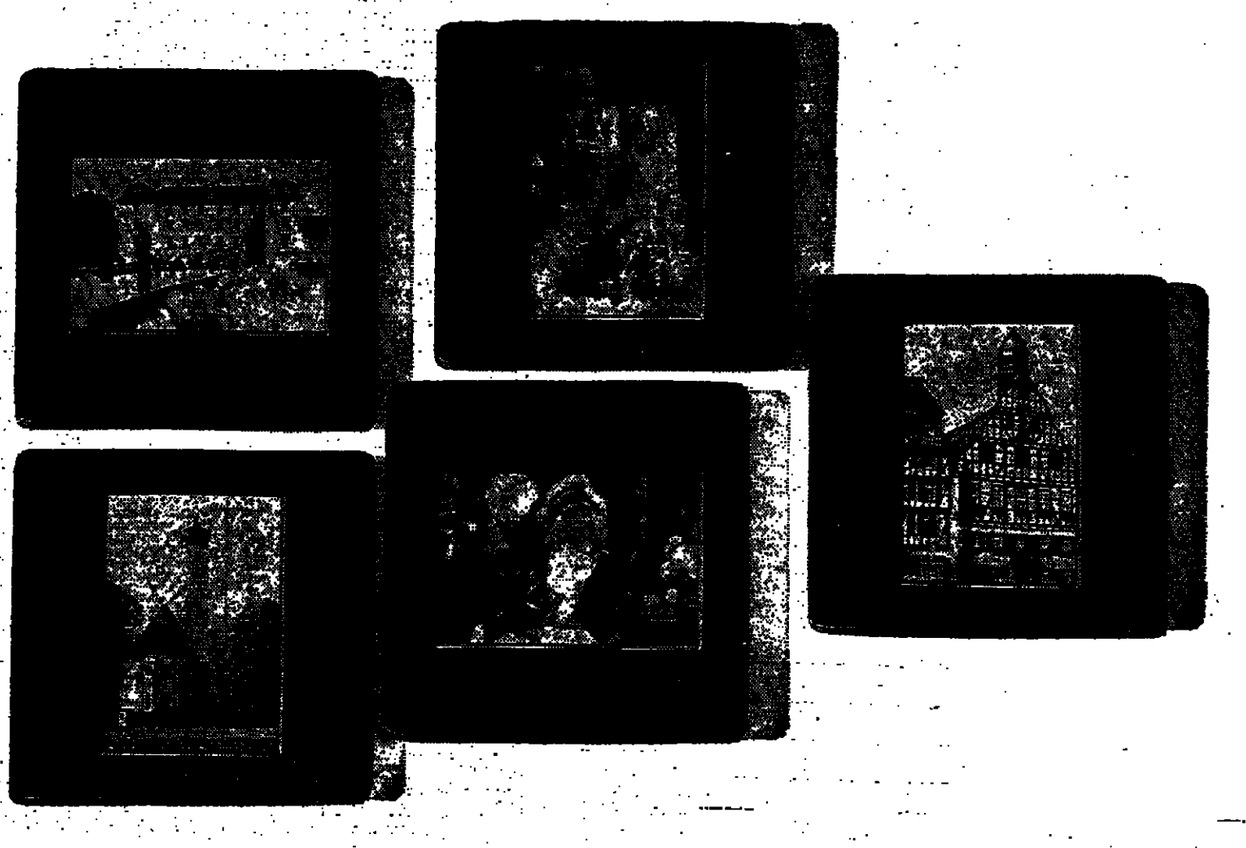
avec la Participation de :

AUX ARMES DE FRANCE
PIERRE BERÈS
BEURDELEY & Cie
HECTOR BRAME S.A.
COMPAGNIE DE LA CHINE ET DES INDES
LEON HELFT & Cie
GALERIE TARICA
VANDERMEERSCH

LA HAUTE JOAILLERIE DE FRANCE

BOUCHERON
CHAUMET
MAUBOUSSIN
VAN CLEEF & ARPELS

EXPOSITION
du 15 au 24 juin 1973, de 11h à 23h
HOTEL GEORGE V
PARIS



New York Stock Exchange Trading

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
80⅞	61	AbbtLb 1.20	22	172	66⅝	64⅝	66½	+ 1⅞
49¾	40½	ACF Ind2.40	12	11	45¾	45	45¾	+ ¾
17⅝	12⅝	AcmeClv .80	9	11	13¼	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅛
26	16½	AcmeMkt 1	17	15	18¼	18	18¼	+ ¼
14⅜	12¼	AdmE 1.15e		14	12⅞	12½	12⅞	+ ⅜
8½	5⅞	Ad Millis .20	11	11	5⅞	5¾	5⅞	
34	12	Addrsso .60	6	814	12¾	12¼	12¾	
18	8⅞	Admiral	4	58	10	9⅝	9¾	
76¾	57½	AetnaLf 1.76	9	244	66	64⅝	65	+ ½
60¼	47½	AetnaLf pf 2		7	51½	51	51½	+ 1
14⅝	9¼	Aguirre Co	19	24	9¾	9½	9¾	+ ¼
31¼	14	Ahman .10e	6	16	14	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
9	3⅞	Aileen Inc	13	23	4½	4⅜	4⅜	— ½
38¾	37	AirProd .20	24	37	38¼	37½	38	+ ¾
18¾	11⅝	Airco .80	9	323	12⅞	12	12¼	+ ¼
3⅞	2	AJ Industris	6	16	2¼	2⅛	2¼	+ ⅛
31¼	23½	Akzona 1.16	11	x4	24⅞	24	24⅞	+ ⅜
17¼	15	Ala Gas1.10	7	8	17¼	17	17¼	+ ⅜
109	103¼	AlaP pf8.28		z100	105	104½	105	+ ¼
37⅞	24⅝	Alaska Intrs	19	126	30⅝	29¼	29⅞	— ¼
29¼	10¾	AlbertoC .35	8	37	11	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
17⅜	13¼	Albisn .36a	10	6	14¼	14	14	— ½
29¾	22⅞	AlcanAl .80	16	701	30⅛	29	29⅞	+ ⅞
10⅞	7⅜	AlcoStd .36	5	13	7⅞	7½	7⅞	+ ¼
43¾	29¼	AlconLb .16	53	32	37	35¼	37	+ 1¾
9½	3½	Alexdrs .10e	25	37	4	3⅞	3⅞	
31⅞	22¼	AllsnM 2.94e	8	50	26	25½	25⅞	+ ⅝
14⅝	6⅞	AllALfe .24	14	240	7⅝	6¾	7¼	— ¼
14½	8⅝	AllegCp .28e	9	13	9⅛	9	9⅛	— ⅛
29⅞	20⅝	AlgLud 1.20	6	74	21¼	21	21¼	
44⅛	38½	AlgLud pf 3		3	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	— ⅛
24⅞	20	AllgP 1.44	8	73	21¼	20⅝	21	
19⅝	10½	AllenGp .65t	9	21	11⅜	10⅞	11⅛	— ⅛
35⅞	28¼	AlldCh 1.32	13	183	34⅝	33¾	34⅝	+ 1⅛
24¾	17¾	AlldMills .75	13	62	24½	24⅜	24⅜	
22	14⅝	AlldPd .68	6	26	15½	15¼	15½	+ ¼
39⅝	23¼	AlldStr 1.40	7	37	26	25¾	25¾	— ¼
43⅞	60	AlldStr pf 4		z10	62½	62½	62½	
5⅞	3	Alld Supmkt	9	17	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
12⅞	8	AllisChl .21e	10	67	8½	8¼	8⅜	
15½	9⅛	AllrtAut .50	8	735	9	8	9	— ⅛
17½	12⅝	AlphaPl .48	6	14	12¼	12	12	— ⅜
63⅛	47⅞	Alcoa 1.94	13	344	61¼	59½	61¼	+ 1⅜
28⅝	23¼	AmalSg 1.60	7	4	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	— ¼
14¾	8⅞	AMBAC .50	8	23	10¼	10	10¼	+ ⅛
6½	5	Amcord .10e	9	22	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
26¼	18¾	Amerce 1.20	6	26	19	19	19	— ¼
46	35½	Amrc pf2.60		1	36½	36½	36½	
50½	37¼	A Hess .30b	26	181	37⅝	35¾	38¾	+ 1⅝
112½	70½	AmH pf3.50		72	87¼	83	86¾	+ 3½
49	15½	AAirFilt .42	17	103	18¾	17	18¾	+ 1¾
25⅞	12⅝	Am Airlin		773	13⅜	12⅝	13⅛	+ ½
11¼	6⅛	A Baker .20		4	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	
45⅞	38	ABrnds 2.38	8	97	40¼	39⅝	40¼	+ ½
31½	22½	AmBdcst .64	11	125	25⅞	25¼	25⅝	+ ⅝
47½	10	AmBldM .28	8	33	10¼	10½	10¼	
33⅝	29⅞	Am Can 2.20	10	135	34	33¼	34	+ ⅝
26	23⅝	A Can pf1.75		7	24⅛	24¼	24⅛	+ ⅛
26½	17¾	ACentM 2.32	8	11	18⅞	18⅝	18¾	— ¼
24	19¼	A Chain 1.20	7	21	22⅛	21½	21½	— ¼
32⅛	22½	ACyan 1.25	10	556	25¾	25	25⅜	+ ⅝
61⅞	43⅞	AmDisTl .43	24	75	45	44¼	44¾	+ ¾
11⅛	6½	AmDualVt		4	6⅞	6⅝	6¾	
30¾	25¼	AmElP 1.80	9	408	27¼	26¾	27⅛	+ ⅛
3¼	11-16	AmExp Ind		41	1	15-16	1	
23⅝	15⅝	AmFin 1.10	9	64	16¾	16⅜	16⅝	+ ⅛
20¼	18⅝	AmF pf1.60		z200	18¾	18¼	18¾	+ ½
28⅞	24½	AmGnBd 2e		42	26	25¾	25¾	— ⅛
22⅞	17	AGnCv 1.28e		34	18¼	17⅞	18¼	+ ⅜
21⅝	14⅜	A Gnlns .52	6	70	15⅛	14⅝	15	+ ⅛
31⅛	25⅞	A Gln pf1.80		12	26½	26⅛	26⅛	
17⅛	10⅜	AHoist .40b	7	22	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜	+ ¼
44¼	40	A Home .60	39	466	44⅝	43⅝	44	+ ⅝
195¾	180	A Home pf 2		11	193	192½	193	
52¾	38¼	AmHosp .28	28	236	39⅞	38⅝	39	+ ⅜
12½	9	AmInves .50	6	8	9¼	9	9	— ¼
37⅜	15	A Medicl .12	11	56	17	16⅜	16⅝	+ ⅛
12⅛	4	A Medicorp	4	188	5⅝	5	5⅛	+ ¼
35⅞	29½	A MtlCl 1.50	10	36	30¼	30	30	— ⅛
97	86	A Clx pf5.25		1	87	87	87	
9⅝	6⅝	Am Motors	6	197	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	— ⅛
47	36	ANatGs 2.40	8	67	37	36½	36⅝	+ ¼
18⅞	9⅝	Am Seat .72	18	5	10	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
28⅞	16	AmShip .68	7	11	16⅝	16	16⅝	— ⅛
22¾	17¼	ASmitR 1.20	9	89	19	18¼	19	+ ⅜
13¾	11½	AmStand .50	7	72	11½	11⅛	11¼	+ ⅛
63	58	A Std pf4.75		3	58½	58¼	58¼	
12⅞	10	AmSteril .26	16	72	12	11⅞	12	
9⅝	5½	AT&T wt		756	6	5⅞	6	+ ¼
55	49¼	AmT&T 2.80	11	749	52	51⅝	51⅝	+ ¼
62⅞	58⅝	AmT&T pf 4		81	60⅝	59⅞	60⅜	+ ⅝
53	50⅛	ATT pfA3.64		18	52¾	52½	52¾	+ ¼
13⅜	11	AWatWk .64	6	4	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	— ¼
21½	19	AW4.1pf 1.43		z210	19¾	19⅝	19⅝	+ ⅜
17¼	13¼	Ameron .65	5	1	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ¼
12	5⅞	AmesD .10h	5	9	6¼	6⅛	6¼	
18⅞	11¾	Ametek .60a	9	7	13½	13¼	13¼	
57⅛	22	AMF In 1.08	7	249	22¾	21⅝	22¼	+ ⅜
31⅜	14½	Amfac .64	6	41	14⅝	14¼	14⅝	
42⅜	38	AMP Inc n	43	160	43¼	39½	42½	+ 2⅝
8⅞	6⅞	AmpPgh .36	8	9	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	+ ⅛
6⅞	3¼	Ampex Corp		63	5¼	5	5	— ¼
14⅛	5	Amrep Corp	5	29	5⅞	5½	5⅞	+ ¼
30	23¼	Amstar 1.70	7	20	24	23⅝	23⅞	+ ¼
43¼	33	Amst pf2.65		1	38	38	38	
9½	8½	Amstr pf.68		1	8½	8½	8½	
44¾	35¾	Amsted 2.60	7	10	41	40½	40½	— ¼
5¾	4½	Amtel .20	12	9	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
24⅜	17¾	Anacon .37e	9	91	20¼	19⅝	20	+ ⅜
29⅞	20⅞	AnchrH 1.08	7	9	21¼	21⅛	21⅛	
24⅝	17⅝	AndClay .60	6	107	18¼	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅜
19⅛	9⅝	Angelica .10	14	40	10¾	10	10½	+ ⅜
15¾	12⅞	AnsulCo .56t	8	2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	
13	12	Apache .32b	7	17	12⅞	12¼	12½	+ ⅛
28¾	12½	ApcoO .89t	6	23	13¼	12⅞	13¼	+ ⅜
7⅝	3⅝	ApecoCp .16	14	23	4⅝	4¼	4¼	
21½	9⅝	APL Corp	5	10	10	9⅝	10	+ ¼
9⅛	4¼	Appld Mag	12	37	4⅝	4¼	4⅜	— ⅛
155¼	113	ARA Sv 1.22	25	220	122	119	122	+ 2
14⅛	5⅞	ArcatN .14	9	36	7½	7¼	7½	+ ½
32	21¼	ArchDan .50	13	32	30¼	29⅜	29½	— ¾
19⅞	3⅝	Arctic Entr	6	101	4½	4⅜	4½	
24⅞	19¼	ArizPS 1.16	9	40	21⅞	21½	21½	— ¼
22	11⅝	ArBest .40	6	12	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	+ ⅛
13⅛	4¼	Arlen RltyD	8	136	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
7⅞	5	Armada Cp	18	12	5½	5⅜	5½	
25¼	20⅝	ArmcoS 1.20	9	120	23¼	22¾	23¼	+ ⅜
31½	28¼	Arm pf 2.10		7	29	28⅞	29	+ ¾
65	59½	Armr pf4.75		z10	60	60	60	
34¼	22	Armst Ck.80	13	230	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	— ⅜
58	54½	ArmC pf3.75		z10	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	
38	26	Arm Ru 1.40	5	10	27½	26⅞	27	+ ⅜
27⅝	14¼	Arvintnd .52	10	70	14⅝	14	14	— ½
44½	34⅝	ASA Ltd .50		163	40⅝	38⅝	38⅞	— 2½
		ASA Lt fn.50		6	39	36	36	
32⅞	23¼	AshdOil 1.20	9	126	28⅜	28⅛	28½	— ¼
67	46½	AshlO pf2.40		1	56	56	56	+ 2⅝
54½	34⅜	AsdDG 1.30	10	64	36	34⅞	35½	+ ⅝
33¾	24¼	AsdSp 1.20b	8	5	25½	25⅜	25⅜	+ ⅛
8¼	5½	Asd Transp		1	6¼	6¼	6¼	+ ¼
15⅜	10⅛	Athlone .40b	4	12	12	11⅝	12	+ ½
23	17	AtlcMt 2.17e	7	21	17½	17	17	— ¾
23⅛	21	AtlCyEl 1.47	9	15	21⅝	21⅜	21⅝	+ ¼
91¼	66½	Atl Richfl 2	23	412	90	86¼	89	+ 1¼
55¾	50½	AtlRc pf3.75		z100	52	52	52	
154	113¾	AtlRch pf 3		3	150¼	149½	150	
62½	50⅛	AtlRc pf2.80		124	61⅜	59½	61	+ ½
27⅛	1⅝	Atlas Corp	46	57	2	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
10½	6	ATO Inc .16	6	39	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	
94¼	50⅝	Autom Data	38	49	56⅛	54⅞	56	+ ⅜
8	4	Autom Ind	9	65	5¼	4½	5⅛	+ ½
16	9⅛	Avco Corp	4	69	10¼	9¾	10¼	+ ¼
4	1⅞	Avco Cp wt		14	2⅛	2	2	— ⅛
46⅞	38	Avco pf3.20		21	38½	38	38	— ½
44⅞	36⅛	AveryPd .25	39	9	40⅛	39⅝	40⅛	+ ⅛
52¼	17½	Avislnc .40	12	94	23⅞	23	23	+ ½
12⅞	6⅞	Avnetinc .30	5	111	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅜
140	123⅛	AvonPd 1.40	59	189	135½	132	133	
29	17½	AztecO 1.32t	56	28	18⅝	18¼	18¾	+ ⅛
		B						
31	23½	BabckW .80	12	56	25½	24¾	24⅞	— ¼
10⅝	4⅜	Bache .15e	14	21	5¼	4⅞	5¼	+ ⅜
39	23⅜	Baker In .16	23	38	23⅝	22⅞	23¼	
36⅝	22⅜	BakerOil .37	25	106	28⅝	26⅝	28⅜	+ 1⅞
31⅛	27⅛	BalGE 1.96	9	58	28⅛	27⅞	27⅞	
67	61	Balt pfB4.50		z30	62½	62½	62½	
26⅝	22½	BanCal 1.34	9	55	24¼	24	24⅛	+ 1¼
31¼	23½	Bandag Inc	44	65	30⅝	30	30⅜	+ ⅜
18⅝	7	Bangr Punt	3	181	7	6½	6½	— ½
30	23¾	BangP pf 2		2	24	24	24	+ ½
22⅛	14⅛	Bang pf1.25		1	14½	14½	14½	— ¼
42	33⅝	Bnk of NY 2	7	2	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	
37	29¼	Bko f Va .88	12	7	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
68	49½	BankTr 3	9	27	55¾	54⅛	55⅝	+ ⅞
43⅞	27	BarOil 1.44t		15	30½	29⅝	30¼	+ ¼
39½	24	BardC .13a	36	56	26⅞	26¼	26⅞	+ ⅝
30¼	22¼	BarnM 2.55e	9	20	25½	25⅛	25½	+ ⅜
8⅝	6⅝	Basiclnc .40	13	5	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ¼
13⅞	9½	BatesMf .20	18	5	10	9⅞	9⅞	— ¼
18⅝	15	Bate Mf pf 1		9	15¼	15¼	15¼	— ⅛
36⅞	20¾	Bathlnd .30	7	12	21⅜	21¼	21¾	+ ¼
28⅝	17⅛	BauschL .42	15	238	21⅜	19½	21⅛	+ 1⅝
61⅝	41¼	BaxtLa .15	59	102	48¾	48	48¾	+ ⅝
13⅜	11	BaykClg .50	9	2	11	11	11	
61	37⅛	Bearings .60	12	7	39¾	39¼	39½	— ⅜
30¼	22	BeatFd .62	18	415	24⅝	24½	24½	— ¼
44¾	34	BectDic .35	27	36	36⅜	36	36⅜	+ ⅝
47⅞	23⅝	Beckmn .50	14	7	25⅝	25⅜	25⅝	+ ⅛
25⅝	12⅝	BeechA .70b	6	31	12⅝	12½	12⅝	
5½	3	Beech Crk		210	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	— ⅛
17⅝	9	BelcoPt .25r	6	62	10⅛	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅜
30⅝	18½	Belden 1.20	8	7	20⅛	20½	20⅛	— ⅛
15⅝	8½	BellHw .38b	13	8	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	
56⅝	25	BellHow .65	8	70	26⅝	26⅛	26½	— ⅛
28	16⅜	BemisCo .80	7	12	17⅞	17	17⅞	
51¼	34¼	Bendix 1.40	8	132	35¼	34	35½	+ 1¼
58	22½	BenfiCp 1.15	7	198	28⅝	26⅞	28⅛	+ 2⅝
233	101	Benef pf5.50		2	125	121¼	125	+24
61	57	Benef pf4.50		z20	56	56	56	— ¼
112½	62	Benef pf4.20		21	65⅝	62½	65½	+ ½
35½	31	Binfl &pf 2.50		z250	31⅛	31	31½	— ⅛
4⅞	2½	Benguet	10	60	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
		Benguet fn		25	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
22⅜	9	Berkey Pho	7	74	10⅜	9⅝	10⅛	+ ⅜
31	25⅝	BethSt 1.40e	8	154	25⅞	25½	25⅞	+ ¼
54	37¾	BigThr .52b	17	4	38	37⅞	38	
119½	96⅝	BlckDkr 1b	47	40	112⅝	111¼	111⅝	+ ⅝
13	6⅝	BlairJhn .48	5	21	7½	7¼	7½	+ ⅛
21⅝	16	BlissLau 1b	7	7	17⅛	17	17⅛	— ⅛
17	5⅛	BlockHR .24	10	72	7⅝	7½	7⅝	— ⅛
38	15	Blue Bell .65	6	21	16⅜	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
9⅝	4	Bobbie Brks	3	456	4½	4	4⅛	— ¼
26⅞	17	Boeing .40	11	1258	17⅝	16⅞	17⅝	
12¼	8¼	Boise Cas	8	262	10⅛	9⅝	10⅛	+ ⅜
7⅝	3⅝	Bond Ind		1	4	4	4	— ¼
29	19⅜	BkMnth 1.38	7	2	20⅛	20	20	— ¼
31¼	20½	Borden 1.20	10	108	23⅝	22¾	23¼	+ ¼
36⅝	24½	BrgWar 1.35	7	61	25⅝	25	25⅛	+ ½
6	3	Bormans	14	17	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
39⅛	31⅝	BosEd 2.44	10	31	32⅝	32½	32⅝	+ ⅛
118	111	Bos E pf8.88		z180	113⅛	113¼	113⅛	— ¼
18⅝	10¼	Bourns Inc	7	15	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
16¼	9	BranAir .50t	11	209	10⅛	9⅝	10	+ ⅛
63⅛	50⅝	Briggs 1.20a	14	23	54⅝	53⅝	54⅝	+ ⅞
71¾	58	BristMy 1.32	22	148	61⅝	60⅛	61⅝	+ 1⅝
46⅞	41	BristM pf 2		18	42½	42½	42½	
16⅛	13	BritPet .37e	22	23	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ½
43⅛	30⅝	BdwyHl .70	18	28	35	34½	34⅝	+ ½
72⅝	52½	BdwyHl pf 2		80	59⅞	59	59	+ ½
27⅝	17	BrkwyGl .75	5	170	17⅝	17	17⅛	— ⅛
25⅝	22½	BklyUG 1.72	10	14	22⅝	22½	22⅝	
13⅜	7	Brown Co	8	38	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞	— ¼
34⅝	24⅞	BrwnG 1.50	8	8	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
15	9½	BwnShrp .20	15	10	10⅝	9⅞	9⅞	— ¼
33	13	BrwnFer .08	18	136	15¼	14⅝	15⅛	+ ½
37⅜	15⅛	Brunswk .24	9	176	18	17	17⅞	+ ⅜
31	21¼	BrushW .40	8	190	23⅛	23	23⅛	— ⅛
31	23⅝	BucyEr 1.20	12	131	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅜
16¾	11⅛	BuddCo .40	5	46	12½	12¼	12⅛	+ ⅜
67¼	63½	BuddCo pf 5		240	64	63¼	63⅞	— 1
7⅝	6⅝	BudCa pf.60		5	7	6⅞	7	+ ¼
12¼	5⅝	Budget Ind		39	5½	5¼	5⅛	— ⅛
30¼	19½	BuffFor 1.20	10	1	20	20	20	+ ¼
30⅝	25½	Bidlnv 2.45e	10	9	27	26⅞	27	+ ¼
19	10½	BulovaW .60	8	37	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝	+ ¼
17⅝	9	BunkRa .10e	5	52	10¼	9⅝	10	+ ¼
34	18¼	Bunk pf1.50		7	19¼	19⅛	19⅛	— ¼
38⅝	29½	Burl Ind1.40	13	58	30⅝	30⅛	30⅜	+ ¼
49⅝	32¼	BurlNor 1.50	7	353	34⅝	33⅝	34⅝	+ 1
8⅛	7½	BurlNr pf.55		12	7⅝	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛
31¼	18¼	Burndy .70	10	15	18¼	18½	18½	
244⅞	209⅝	Burrghs .80	46	262	229⅝	222	229⅝	+ 7⅝
11⅝	7½	Bush Univ	57	6	8	8	8	— ¼
		C						
29¾	22¾	CabCF 2.19e	11	34	24⅝	23½	24⅝	+ 1⅜
40¼	24¼	CabotCp .84	7	18	26¼	26	26¼	
6⅝	4	Cadence Ind	4	9	4½	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
5½	3	Caesars Wrl	5	52	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
7½	3⅝	Cal Finanl	4	22	4⅛	4	4	
13	8½	CallahM .34t	25	10	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝	+ ⅛
32	24⅞	CamB 2.71e	9	21	25¾	25⅜	25½	
71⅝	35⅝	CampR .50a	44	66	63½	60⅝	60⅝	— 3½
35	28⅝	CampS 1.18	14	79	32⅝	32¼	32⅝	+ ¼
6⅛	4¼	Cdn Brew	66	3	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	15⅞	CdnPac .70e	12	36	18	17⅞	18	
		Cd P fn.70e		30	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	
16¼	13⅝	CanalR 1.10	12	3	14	13⅞	14	
62½	35	CapClt Com	17	73	41	38⅝	41	+ 3⅝
31⅞	25⅝	CapHold .36	19	131	27⅝	26½	26⅞	
73¼	48	Carbrn 1.60	10	130	48⅜	48⅛	48⅛	+ ¼
25	16¼	Carlisle .62	7	5	17½	17¼	17½	
82	64	CaroC&Oh 5		z180	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝	+ ⅞
14⅛	8⅝	CaroFrg .36	6	61	9⅛	8⅝	8⅞	— ⅛
30⅞	24	CaroPw 1.52	8	537	26⅜	25⅞	26⅛	+ ¼
25¼	20⅝	CarpTech 1	7	27	21⅜	21	21⅜	+ 1
30¼	18¼	CarrCp .43	14	141	20⅝	19¾	20⅝	+ 1
18⅝	12¼	CarGnl 1.27e		4	15	14¾	15	+ ⅛
27¼	11¼	CartWa .40a	8	100	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜	
17¼	12⅛	CastleC .60b	11	113	15⅛	14½	15⅛	+ ⅝
70⅝	53⅝	CaterTr 1.50	14	208	56⅝	55¼	56⅝	+ 1⅛
6⅝	2⅝	Cavngh Cm	3	57	3⅛	3	3	
4⅝	2⅛	CCI Corp		7	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜	
15	7⅛	CCI Cp pf		1	8⅛	8	8⅛	
26½	16½	CecoCp .97	6	123	17⅜	16	16½	
42⅛	28¼	Celanese 2	9	71	33⅛	33	33	
58⅞	55⅝	Celn pfA4.50		5	56½	56	56	
23⅝	11⅛	Cencolnc .20	8	120	12	11⅝	12	+ ⅛
28¾	10	Centex .09e	12	7	12¼	11⅞	11⅞	
24⅝	22¼	CenHud 1.60	7	42	22⅝	22¼	22⅝	
25¼	21⅛	CenIllLt 1.40	10	31	22¼	21⅞	22¼	
65½	60	CnILt pf4.50		z10	62	62	62	
19⅝	15½	CenIlPS 1.20	11	64	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	+ ¼
25	21⅜	CenLaE 1.08	12	28	23	22⅝	22⅞	
18¼	14⅞	CeMPw 1.26	9	82	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	
24⅝	22	CentSo West	13	175	22⅞	22¾	22⅞	
29⅜	24¼	Cent Soya 1	9	4	25⅛	25	25⅛	
24½	20⅝	CenTlUt .96	13	37	23⅝	23⅛	23⅜	
16⅞	13½	CerroCo .80	5	44	14	13⅞	14	+ ¼
22¼	16	CertMead .50	7	14	16⅜	16¼	16¼	
43¼	29	Crt-ted pf.90		2	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	
34⅞	18⅜	Cessna .80	8	76	21	19⅞	21	+ 1
2⅝	1⅛	Chadbrn Inc		23	1⅝	1½	1½	
23	15⅛	Chmplnt .84	8	x157	16⅞	16	16⅛	
24	18½	Chml pf1.20		x89	19⅛	18⅝	19⅛	
14⅝	12⅛	ChamSp .44	12	68	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
30	13⅝	CharlrCo .30	14	168	21⅝	20⅝	21	+ ⅝
35⅛	29⅝	Chartr NY 2	8	29	30⅜	30	30⅛	+ ¼
12	9⅝	ChaseFd .72		14	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ¼
60¼	41⅝	ChasManh 2	8	215	43¼	42¼	42⅝	+ ⅛
70	50¼	ChasT 4.95e	10	68	51⅝	50⅝	51½	
20⅝	15	Checker Mt	19	3	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
13⅝	6⅝	Chelsea .30	4	52	7⅝	7¼	7¼	
22	14¼	Chemetn .80	6	16	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	+ ⅛
54⅛	40⅝	ChmNY 2.88		76	43⅝	42⅝	43⅜	+ ¼
38	31	ChesVa 1.60	10	1	32¼	32¼	32¼	+ ⅛
54¼	40	ChsOh 3.35e	6	28	44⅝	44	44⅝	+ ⅜
92	69⅝	Chsbgh 1.12	31	296	74	72¼	72½	— 2⅛
11	9¼	ChEastil .26	8	4	10½	10½	10½	
9⅝	5½	ChiMilw Cp	5	32	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+ ¼
17¼	12	Chl Mllw pf		2	13	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅝
46⅝	32½	ChlPneuT 2	11	34	34¼	33⅝	34⅛	+ ⅝
26¾	11⅝	ChRl ct UP		19	15½	14½	15½	+ 1
26½	11¾	ChRl ct NW		14	15¼	14½	15½	+ 1
7	4⅛	ChkFull .20r	17	20	5	4⅞	4⅞	
6⅝	3¾	Chris Craft	48	81	4½	3⅞	4⅛	+ ⅛
15	11½	ChCft pf.23b		1	11¼	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
28½	11⅝	Chromal .60	6	51	12	11⅜	11⅝	+ ¼
44¼	25¼	Chryslr 1.40	5	634	25⅞	25¼	25½	— ⅛
18⅛	9⅛	Chrysler wt		42	10	9⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛
25	17⅝	Cl Mtg 2.40e	8	63	19¼	18½	19¼	+ ⅝
22⅞	18¼	CinBell 1.20	9	44	19⅛	19	19	— ⅛
25½	22¼	CinnGE 1.64	10	96	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	+ ⅛
119	115	CinG pf9.30		z170	116	116	116	
44⅛	28⅞	CinMila 1.40	26	2	30	29⅞	30	+ ⅛
49¼	36⅝	CIT Fin 2.20	9	72	39¼	38⅝	38⅞	+ ⅛
53¼	43⅝	CitiesSv 2.20	11	184	47	45⅝	46⅞	+ 1⅜
37⅛	31	CitzSo 2.76e	11	42	34	33⅝	33⅞	— ¼
16	10⅛	Citylnvst .54	4	318	10½	10⅛	10¼	
4⅜	1⅝	City Inv wt		59	2	1⅞	1⅞	
33½	24⅛	Citylnv pf B2		41	25	24⅝	24⅝	
7⅝	5	City Strs	7	4	5	5	5	
55	41⅞	Clark E 1.50	13	125	45	44	45⅛	
28⅝	16¼	Clark Oil .40	11	28	19⅞	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅝
11	5½	CLC Am	5	16	6⅛	6	6	
65	56⅛	ClevClif 1.92	10	13	59	59	59	
37⅞	35¼	ClvEIlll 2.32	10	81	34⅝	33⅝	34	+ ⅝
53	18½	CloroxCo .52	22	201	26¼	24⅝	25⅝	+ 1
19⅝	11¼	CluetPea .70	8	38	12¼	11⅞	12	— ⅛
91⅞	25⅝	CMlInv Cp	16	154	33⅝	31⅝	33	+ 1⅞
20⅝	12¼	CNA Fin .56	5	129	13⅝	13⅛	13⅝	+ ⅜
26¼	17½	CNA pfA1.10		13	18¾	18½	18½	— ⅛
150	131	CocaCol 1.70	43	90	143¼	141⅞	143	+ 1½
25⅛	17	CocaBtlg .34	25	180	21	20	21	+ 1¼
24¾	12	ColdwBk .28	6	19	13¼	13	13⅛	
27⅛	11¼	Colecoln .06	23	31	16⅛	15⅝	16⅛	+ 1
32⅝	23⅝	Colg Palm	25	536	29	28	28⅝	+ 1⅝
18⅞	10⅝	CollinAlk .56	8	55	12¼	12	12	— ⅛
20⅝	9	Collins Fd	11	36	10½	10	10½	+ ½
25⅞	17¼	Collins Rad		23	18⅝	18	18⅛	+ ¼
68	39⅝	ColPenn .20	38	113	47⅝	45½	47⅝	+ 2⅛
22¼	16¼	ColonSt 1.04	8	27	18	17⅝	17¾	+ ⅛
22½	15⅛	Colt Ind .70	7	53	16	15⅝	15⅝	
52	30¼	CBS 1.46	10	326	31	30½	30⅝	— ½
35½	21⅛	CBS pf 1		4	21½	21½	21½	— ½
33⅝	27⅝	ColGas 1.90	9	97	30¼	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅝
9⅝	4½	Colum Pict		156	5⅝	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
29	26	ColSOh 1.92	9	105	26½	26¼	26½	
74	47⅝	CombE 1.51	18	72	70⅝	68⅞	70⅝	+ 2½
19⅞	11⅜	ComlSol .40	14	37	12⅝	12	12⅛	
36⅛	31⅞	ComwE 2.30	10	106	32⅞	32½	32⅞	+ ⅜
12⅝	10½	ComE A wt		1	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
12⅛	10¼	ComEdB wt		6	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
27⅝	24¼	ComwE pf 2		10	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	+ ⅛
26⅛	25	ComE pf1.90		33	25¾	25½	25⅝	+ ⅛
24⅛	21	ComEdpfC1.42		19	21¼	21¼	21¼	
11⅛	6⅜	ComwOil		129	9¼	8⅞	9¼	+ ½
22⅝	18½	ConnG pf1.72		9	20⅝	20¼	20⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	2¼	CompuSci		28	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ¼
64½	46⅛	Consati .56	17	66	45	44⅝	44⅝	
17⅞	12	CnAgra .55b	6	21	14⅝	14	14	— ¼
24⅝	15⅝	CnaMill 1.08	6	10	17	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
28½	20⅝	ConnG 1.76e	10	x34	22¼	21½	21⅝	— ⅝
31⅞	14¼	Conrac .60		3	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	
26	22⅝	ConEd 1.80	11	146	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	
84½	76⅝	ConEd pf 6		3	77½	77½	77½	
68	63⅛	ConEd pf 5		2	64½	64½	64½	+ ⅝
46⅞	30⅛	ConFd 1.30	11	150	31⅝	30	31	— ½
114⅝	87⅝	Con F pf4.50		8	87½	85⅝	86½	— 1½
29⅝	11	ConFrght .52	5	819	11⅝	11	11	
32	27	ConNGs 2.08	8	50	28⅝	27⅝	27⅞	+ ¼
30⅝	26⅝	ConsuPow 2		42	27	26⅞	27	+ ¼
104⅝	99⅝	CnPw pf7.72		z40	101½	101½	101½	+ ½
65⅞	57	CnPw pf4.50		z250	60⅛	59⅝	60⅛	+ 1¼
17⅝	8⅝	Cont Air Lin	13	212	9⅛	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
30⅞	25½	Cnt Can 1.60	9	214	27⅝	27⅛	27⅝	+ ½
6⅝	4⅛	ContCopp		12	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝	+ ⅛
14⅝	12⅛	CtCop pf1.25		290	12½	12⅛	12½	— ⅛
43⅜	34⅝	ContGp 2.60	8	87	37⅝	36	37⅜	+ 1⅜
47½	38¼	CtlC pf2.50		25	42	39⅝	42	+ 2½
49⅞	39⅝	ContC pf2.50		1	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	+ ½
26⅛	15⅝	ContIll 2.60	9	38	17⅝	17	17	— ¼
15⅝	4½	ContInv .76t	5	44	5	4⅞	4⅞	
14	7	CnMtg 1.09e	9	105	10	9	10	+ 1
44	27⅝	ContOil 1.50	9	236	32¼	31⅝	32	— ⅝
25⅛	21¼	ContTel .88	13	234	23⅝	22⅝	23¼	+ ⅛
62	34⅛	ContrlDat	8	231	37⅛	35¼	37⅛	+ 1¼
57½	55	CnCt pf4.50		z20	56¼	56⅜	56⅜	+ ⅝
32	25⅝	Conwd 1.90		4	26⅝	25⅝	25⅝	
14⅝	7⅛	CookUnit .52	5	14	7⅝	7½	7½	
37⅞	24⅝	Cooperlnd .80	9	17	26⅝	26	26	— ⅝
31⅞	8⅝	Cooper Lab	16	140	11	10	11	+ 1
20⅛	14⅛	CoopT 1.07b	6	9	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
21½	17	CopT pf1.25		3	17	16⅞	17	+ ⅛
26½	18¼	Copeland .32	12	7	19⅝	19	19⅝	+ ¼
24⅝	13	Copp Rnge	5	13	16⅝	16½	16⅝	+ ⅛
30⅝	21	CopwCp 1.28		30	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝	+ ⅝
15½	5½	Cordura Co		31	6	5⅞	6	+ ⅛
121⅜	90	CornGl 1.12	30	x89	100	96¼	100	+ 3⅝
39⅝	24⅝	Cousin 2.22e	11	33	26	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
9⅝	5⅛	Cowles Com	14	36	6	5⅝	5⅝	
40¼	21⅝	CoxBdct .35	13	213	23	22⅛	23	+ ⅝
34	28⅝	CPC Intl 1.72	10	54	30⅝	29⅝	30⅛	+ ⅝
22⅛	14¼	Crane .80a	6	75	15⅝	14¾	15⅛	+ ¾
12½	7⅝	CredlFn .40	7	26	8	7⅝	8	+ ¼
37½	25	CrockN 1.60	8	20	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝	+ ⅜
19⅝	12½	Crompt .80	7	74	13⅜	13	13⅜	+ ½
28⅝	17⅝	CrouHin .54	13	5	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
27⅛	20⅝	Crown Cork	14	385	24	23⅝	24	+ ⅝
29½	23¼	CrwZell 1.20	11	264	29½	29¼	29½	
71⅝	64⅝	CrnZ pf4.20		z200	66	66	66	+ ½
17⅝	13	CTS Corp	6	96	13⅝	13	13⅝	
18⅞	10	Culligan .30	13	x8	12⅛	12	12	
69⅝	30	CumEn .80a	12	14	32	30⅝	31⅛	+ 1⅝
10¼	5	Cunn Drug	7	3	5½	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
35⅜	16⅛	CurtissWrt	29	993	21	16⅞	20⅞	+ 4
44	22⅝	CurtisWr A		1	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+ 2
50¼	25⅝	CutlerH 1.28	8	13	27⅛	26⅞	27⅛	
26¼	20⅝	CyclopsCp 1	4	4	22½	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
34⅝	27½	CyprusMn 1	9	40	30⅝	30⅜	30⅝	
		D						
62⅝	26½	Damon Cp	33	97	42⅝	40⅛	42⅝	+ 2
12½	7⅝	DanRiv .40	10	94	9⅞	7⅝	9⅛	+ 1⅛
41⅝	30¼	DanaCp 1.36	7	24	30⅝	30¼	30⅜	
50⅝	32	DartInd .30b	13	113	34½	34⅛	34½	+ ½
50⅞	36	DartInd pf 2		29	37⅝	37¼	37⅝	+ ½
19⅝	15¼	Dayco 1.14	6	15	16⅝	16¼	16½	— ⅛
18⅝	7½	Daylin .24	4	38	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
27	16⅛	DaytHud .54	10	26	18	17⅞	18	+ ½
25	22	DaytPL 1.66	10	25	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
105	100	DPL pf 7.70		z20	102½	102½	102½	+ ⅝
18⅝	7½	DeanWit .40	3	28	7⅝	7¼	7½	+ ½
48⅝	36⅝	Deere 1.08	8	203	41⅝	40⅝	41	+ ¾
17⅝	15⅝	DlmarP 1.16	8	41	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
23⅝	16⅛	Del Mnt 1.10	8	24	18½	18¼	18⅛	+ ½
68⅝	47	DeltaAir .50	14	453	51⅞	48⅝	51¾	+ 2⅝
10¼	6⅛	Deltec Int	3	18	6⅜	6⅛	6⅝	+ ⅛
24⅝	9⅝	Deltona Crp	5	226	11⅝	10⅝	11	
38⅝	20	DennMfg .80	6	29	21⅝	21¼	21⅝	+ ⅛
28	18	DennMf pf 1		4	19½	19½	19½	+ ½
20⅝	9	Dennys Inc	17	30	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	
27⅝	16¼	Dentsply .68	14	53	18⅝	17⅝	18⅛	+ ½
16¼	9⅛	DeSotoIn .60	8	10	10½	10¼	10⅛	+ ⅛
21¼	20	DetEdis 1.45		59	20⅝	20⅜	20⅝	— ⅛
120	114¼	Det E pf9.32		z150	117	117	117	
104	99½	Det E pf7.68		z20	102¼	102¼	102¼	— ¼
83	76½	Det E pf5.50		4	78	78	78	
22⅝	15	Dexter C .25	14	7	15¼	15	15	
24⅝	15⅝	Dial Finl .54	11	3	19	19	19	
39⅝	28⅝	Diamin 1.80	8	42	28⅝	28	28⅝	+ ⅝
23⅝	17⅝	DiamShm 1	9	43	18½	18	18½	+ ½
33⅝	28½	Dia Sh pfC 2		2	28⅞	28⅞	28⅝	— ¼
18⅛	15⅝	Dia pf D1.20		6	16	15⅝	16	
12⅝	7⅝	Dictaphn .30	11	39	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅝
50½	41⅝	Diebold .40b	21	2	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	
12⅝	9⅝	DiGiorg .60	6	28	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+ ⅛
104⅝	73¼	Digital Eqpt	45	114	82¼	81½	82⅛	+ 1⅛
18¼	6½	Dillingm .40	12	39	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
28⅝	22	Dillngm pf 2		7	23⅛	22⅝	23⅛	+ ⅜
39⅝	28½	Dillon .90b	16	2	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	+ ⅝
123⅝	84⅝	DisneyW .12	61	335	92¼	89⅞	91½	+ 2¼
18⅞	10½	Disston .12	9	14	13⅝	13	13	— ¾
49¾	37¼	DistSeag .70	19	10	39	39	39	+ ⅛
3⅝	2¼	Diversfd In		16	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
29⅝	22½	DivMt 2.77e	8	79	22⅝	22½	22⅝	
30	20¼	DrPeppr .22	57	239	25⅛	24	25⅛	+ 1⅝
103⅝	68	DomeM 1a	28	43	95⅛	92⅝	93	— 2⅝
9⅝	7⅛	DomF 1.01e		19	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
10⅝	6⅝	DonLufJ .12	7	9	6⅞	6½	6½	
25	17⅝	Donnlley .48	14	36	21⅝	20¼	21⅛	+ ⅝
16⅝	11	Doric Cp .32	6	6	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
16½	8	Dorr Oliver	9	15	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
12⅝	6	Dorsey .10	5	12	6⅝	6½	6⅝	
35	33¼	DoverCp .84	10	23	34	33⅝	34	+ ½
151⅝	46½	DowChem 1	24	453	54⅝	53⅝	54⅝	
8⅝	5	DPF Inc		42	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+
29⅝	25	Dravo 1.50	8	11	26⅝	25¼	26⅛	+ ⅞
30⅞	35½	Dersaln 1.40	12	55	38⅝	38	37⅝	+ ½
51⅜	39¼	Dres pf 2.20		45	40¼	39⅝	40⅛	+ ⅝
46½	34	Drasr pfB 2		11	36	35½	35¼	
34	18¼	DrexB 1.92e		12	20½	20¼	20⅛	+ ⅛
16⅝	8	DreyfusCp 1	5	22	9	8⅝	9	— ⅛
23⅝	20⅝	Duk Pw 1.40	11	64	21⅛	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
109	103	Duke pf8.20		z500	104	104	104	
81¼	68⅝	DunBr 1.76e	28	74	76⅝	75⅝	76½	+ ⅝
38⅝	37¼	DunBrad wi		51	38⅝	38½	38⅝	+ ½
14½	5⅝	Duplan Cp	11	56	6½	6⅛	6½	
180	159	duPont 5.45e	18	203	168½	166⅝	167⅝	+ 2⅝
80⅛	66	duPnt pf4.50		5	67½	66⅝	67½	+ 1
55½	52⅝	duPnt pf3.50		1	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	— ½
24⅝	22⅞	DuqLt 1.72	9	46	23⅝	23	23	— ⅝
27	13⅝	Dymoln .20	10	34	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	
		E						
39	24⅝	EaglePic .97	9	5	25⅝	25¼	25¼	+ ⅛
17⅞	11⅝	Easco .41r	7	8	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	+ ⅛
22⅛	9⅝	East Air Ln	28	1197	10⅝	9½	10⅛	+ ⅝
30	20⅝	EastGs .69t	12	34	22¼	21⅝	21⅝	— ½
22⅝	18⅛	EastUtl 1.50	11	2	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
151¼	125	EasKd 1.08a	37	386	135⅝	132⅞	135⅝	+ 2⅝
41⅝	29⅝	Eaton 1.50a	7	11	31⅝	30⅝	31⅛	+ ¾
32	27⅝	Echlin .30	21	19	24⅝	24	24⅝	+ ¾
42½	28⅛	EckrdJk .20	36	51	34⅝	32¾	34	+ 1¾
41⅞	19⅛	EckdNC .24	21	7	23⅝	22⅝	23⅛	+ 1
47	27	EdisnB 1.08	10	21	30⅛	30	30	— ⅝
16⅝	9⅛	EG&G .10	17	34	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	+ ½
5⅞	3⅛	Elect Assoc	8	28	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
40	34	EDS	27	52	34	33	33	— 1
5⅝	3	El Mem Mg	9	76	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ¼
7⅝	7⅛	EMM pf.50k		4	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	+ ⅛
13⅝	6¼	ElginNat wi		6	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
21½	5	Elixir Ind	5	80	5⅝	5¼	5⅜	+ ⅛
21	15	ElPasoNG 1	7	110	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
35⅝	27⅝	EltraCp 1.28	7	11	28⅝	28	28	— ⅝
95½	78½	EmerEl 1.25	30	547	85⅝	84⅝	85	
68⅝	54½	EmeryA .54	50	51	60⅝	59⅝	60¼	+ 1
17⅝	6⅛	Emeryln .31	10	74	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
28⅛	16⅝	Emhtr 1.20b	6	61	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
5	3⅝	EMI Ltd .16e	15	11	4⅝	4½	4½	
38½	25½	EmDist 1.38	10	5	26	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅛
14	7⅝	EmpFin .57t	4	19	8½	8¼	8½	
13	9⅝	Empire Gas	5	7	11¼	10⅝	10⅝	
15	13	EnglhdM .43	12	94	17¼	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
107	102	EngM pf4.25		2	105½	105½	105½	+ 1⅛
8⅝	4⅞	Ennis Busn	9	8	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
53	27⅛	Envirotech	21	38	32¼	31⅝	32¼	+ ⅛
21	14⅝	Equimrk .80	7	4	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
26⅝	32¼	EqultGs 2.40	7	7	32⅝	32½	32⅝	
31¼	22⅝	EquitL 2.33e	18	70	23⅝	23	23⅝	+ ½
23⅝	23⅛	ESB Inc 1.28	8	46	23⅝	22⅝	23⅛	— ⅛
33⅝	23⅝	Esmark .75	8	45	26⅝	26	26⅝	+ ⅝
10⅝	5⅞	Esquire .32	4	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
24⅝	14⅛	EssexInt .64	7	33	16⅝	16	16⅝	+ ⅝
8⅝	4⅝	Esterline .30	12	34	5⅛	4⅞	5⅛	+ ⅛
32½	25⅝	EthylCp 1	6	14	26½	26⅛	26⅛	— ¼
48	38⅝	Ethyl pf2.40		19	40⅝	40	40	
24⅝	12	EvansP .40b	7	187	13⅝	12⅝	13	— ⅛
22	15⅛	ExCellO .90	12	25	17	16⅝	17	+ ⅝
17	6⅝	Exlndcare	7	4	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
103⅛	87¼	Exxon 3.80e	13	421	99⅝	98⅝	99⅝	+ 1⅛
		F						
15⅝	7⅝	Fabrge .40	5	61	8⅝	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛
64⅝	38	Fairch Cam	17	346	40⅝	38⅝	40	+ 1⅛
13⅝	5⅛	FairInd .30a	11	30	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
16⅝	8½	Fairmnt .50	7	21	9	8⅝	9	+ ¼
5⅝	3⅝	Falstaf Brw		13	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
13⅝	10⅛	FamilyF .72	6	18	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	+ ⅛
14⅝	10	Fanstel .10e	7	13	10⅝	10¼	10¼	
15	6⅝	FarWF .44t	5	6	7⅝	7⅝	7½	— ⅝
12⅝	7¼	Farah Mfg		37	7½	7⅝	7¼	
25⅝	16	Fedders .50		369	17⅝	16⅝	17⅝	+ 1
36⅝	26⅝	Federal 1.30	7	4	27½	27⅛	27⅛	+ ½
30⅞	22½	FedMog 1.80	9	15	24	23⅝	23⅝	+ ⅛
20⅝	13½	FedNMt .50	6	567	16⅝	15⅝	16¼	+ ⅝
26⅛	17½	FedPapBd 1	7	3	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
19⅛	14⅛	FPap pf1.20		72	16⅝	16	16⅛	+ ½
11½	7⅝	FdSign S .30	8	10	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
57	38⅝	FedDSt 1.08	15	122	41⅝	40	41⅛	+ ⅝
8½	6⅝	Federat Dv	22	9	8	8	8	
47⅝	33⅝	Ferro Cp .76	10	22	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	13⅝	Fibrebrd .76	7	92	15⅝	14⅝	15½	+ 1⅛
28¼	25¼	FidMt 3.32e	8	56	29⅝	29⅛	29⅛	+ 1
47⅞	39¼	FidUB 2.20b	8	2	39⅝	39	39⅝	
27½	17	FieldM 1.40	8	15	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	
23⅝	15⅛	Filtrol 1.40	12	27	16⅝	16	16⅝	+ ⅛
27⅝	11⅝	FinlFed .93t	5	17	13⅝	13⅛	13⅝	+ ⅛
27⅝	18⅝	Firstone .86	7	112	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝	+ ⅜
31⅝	13⅛	FstChr 1.50t	9	399	17⅛	16⅝	17	+ ⅛
61⅝	49⅝	FstChiC 1.62	12	10	52	51⅝	52	+ ⅝
43¼	40⅛	FstIntBk .90	16	8	42½	42¼	42½	+ ⅝
27⅝	17⅝	FstMt 2.18e	8	60	17⅝	17¼	17¼	
46⅝	32½	FstNBo 1.62	9	17	35	34⅝	34⅝	+ ⅛
41¼	34⅝	FstNCity .72	19	512	37⅝	36	37⅝	+ ⅜
22¼	16⅝	FstNatStr	90	3	17¼	17	17¼	+ ¼
52¼	37⅝	FstPen 1.20	12	182	40¼	39¼	40¼	+ ⅝
27¼	19	F PaM2.14e	8	39	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ¼
12⅝	11⅛	FstURE .92	15	22	11⅝	11½	11⅝	
14⅝	11	FstVaBk .44	12	4	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅛
40½	35½	FstWBk 1.72	8	5	35½	34⅝	34⅝	— ⅝
68⅝	39⅝	Fischbch .84	15	3	41	41	41	
18½	10	FishFd .20b	9	69	13¼	12⅝	13	
11⅝	6⅝	Fishr Scl .16	10	24	8⅝	7⅝	8⅛	+ ⅝
26⅝	7⅝	FleetEnt .12	7	90	9¼	8½	9¼	+ ⅝
12⅝	9⅝	Fleming .50	7	12	10	9⅝	9⅝	
32½	13⅝	FlexiVn .74t	10	60	15⅝	15	15⅝	+ ⅝
25⅝	15⅝	Flintkte 1.08	6	28	16⅝	16	16⅝	+ ⅝
37⅝	29⅝	FntpfB 2.25		7	29	28⅝	28⅝	— ¼
30⅝	22	FlaE Coast	7	22	23⅝	22⅝	23⅝	+ 1⅛
22¼	12⅝	FlaGas .65	7	40	15	14¼	14⅝	+ ⅝
51⅝	37	FlaPow 1.80	10	23	39⅝	39	39	— ⅛
40⅝	33⅝	FlaPwL 1.16	13	215	38⅝	38¼	38½	+ ¼
29⅝	18⅝	FlaStl 1.08	5	22	20⅝	19½	20⅛	+ ⅛
40⅝	27⅛	Fluor 1.66t	71	67	39⅝	38⅝	39⅝	+ ⅝
41⅝	18⅝	FlyTlgr .20r	9	218	26⅝	24⅝	26	+ 2
23⅝	15⅝	FMCCp .85	7	484	16	15½	16	+ ⅝
9⅝	7	FdFair .20b		97	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	+ ¼
13⅝	8⅛	FooteCB .60	10	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
9	4⅝	Foote Min		21	5	4½	5	+ ¼
19	11½	FooteMin pf		40	13⅝	12⅝	13	+ ½
82⅝	55½	FordM 2.80	6	437	58⅝	57⅝	58⅝	+ ⅝
20⅝	12½	ForMcK .84	6	39	14	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
35½	23½	FMK pf1.80		7	25½	25	25⅛	+ ⅛
40½	21	FostWhl .80	15	67	37⅝	36	37	+ 1¼
27⅛	17¼	FstWhlpf 1		35	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	+ ¼
31⅝	22⅝	Foxboro .40	32	19	29⅝	28⅝	29⅝	+ ⅝
23⅝	10	FrnklnM .20	14	156	12⅛	11⅝	12¼	+ ⅝
34½	12¼	FrankSt .40	20	61	33⅝	32⅝	33⅝	+ 1½
29⅝	20⅛	FreeptM .80	20	79	22¼	22⅛	22⅛	
34⅝	27	Fruehf 1.70	8	64	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	— ⅛
20⅝	10	Fuqua .37t	5	116	11⅝	10½	11¼	+ ⅝
		G						
25	15	GableInd 1t	7	21	18⅛	17⅝	18⅛	+ ⅛
6⅝	3⅛	GAC Corp		65	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
22¼	10½	GAFCrp .40	6	85	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ¼
29	18⅛	GAFpf 1.20		12	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
36⅝	25¼	GamSk 1.30	6	24	26⅝	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅝
36⅝	27⅝	GamS pf1.75		5	27⅛	26⅝	27	+ ⅛
37	25⅝	GamS pf1.60		16	26⅝	26	26	— ⅝
45	34½	Gannett .25	30	x192	36⅝	34⅝	34⅝	— 1⅝
27⅛	16¼	GardDen .70	12	68	17⅝	17¼	17¼	+ ⅛
19⅝	16¼	Garlock .84	8	1	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	
17⅝	14	GasSvc 1.12	8	121	14½	14⅛	14⅝	— ⅛
9⅝	4⅝	Gateway In	5	16	6	5⅝	6	
12	6⅝	GCA Corp	11	9	7	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
17	10½	Gemini Cap		8	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	+ ⅛
14½	13⅝	Gemini .56a		2	14	14	14	
17¼	12⅝	GenAm Inv		15	13⅝	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
51½	31½	GnAOil .60b	16	9	35⅝	35½	35⅝	+ ¼
45¼	38⅝	GATran 1.68	13	57	45	44	45	+ 1⅛
55	52	GATn pf2.50		1	56	56	56	+ 2
15⅝	13	GnBncs .75e	6	4	13	13	13	
16⅝	7⅝	GnCable .50	7	160	8⅝	8⅝	8½	
20⅝	15⅛	GenClg 1.20	7	11	16	15⅝	16	+ ⅛
14⅛	7⅝	Gen Develpt	8	33	8⅝	8½	8⅝	
27⅛	16⅝	Gen Dynam	6	18	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	+ ⅛
75⅝	55	GenEl 1.40	20	567	61⅝	59⅝	61⅝	+ 1
30⅝	23½	GnFood 1.40	11	257	26⅝	25⅝	26¼	+ ⅛
21⅝	14	GnGrth .75h	23	4	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	
18⅝	1⅝	Gen Host	8	11	10½	10⅝	10½	
29⅝	13⅝	GenInst .38t	14	127	15⅝	15	15⅝	+ ⅝
46	21½	GnMedic .12	18	14	22	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
67⅝	56	GenMills 1	22	61	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	— ⅛
113	95	GMill pf1.75		13	102⅛	102	102	— ⅝
84⅝	65⅝	GnMot 4.55e	8	596	69	68⅝	68⅝	
78½	72	GnMotSpf 5		8	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	
58½	54⅝	GMt pf 3.75		1	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	+ ⅛
21½	10⅝	GenPort .80	7	51	11⅝	10⅝	11⅛	+ ⅝
22¼	19⅝	GPubUt 1.40	8	758	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
7⅝	5	Gen Refract	9	20	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
57¼	38⅝	GnSignal .65	18	39	42¼	41⅝	42⅛	+ ⅝
4⅝	2⅝	Gen Steel		17	3⅝	3	3	
31	26⅝	GTelEl 1.60	11	332	29⅝	29¼	29½	+ ⅝
28⅝	17⅛	GenTire 1b	5	733	18⅝	17⅝	18⅛	+ ⅝
15½	8⅛	Genesco .68		165	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
18⅝	15⅝	Genstar .70	8	2	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+ ¼
49⅝	35⅛	GenuPt .46e	32	158	37⅝	36⅝	37⅝	+ ⅝
38⅝	30	GaPac .80b	15	188	31⅝	31⅝	32⅝	+ ⅛
104⅛	102	GaPw pf7.80		z10450	102⅝	102⅛	102⅝	+ 1⅛
27⅝	17⅝	Gerber 1.35	9	11	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	
134⅛	92½	GettyO 1.21e	38	172	130	126	128	
8⅝	5⅝	GF Bus .10e	39	7	6	5⅞	5⅞	
17⅝	11⅝	GianPC .80	7	94	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛	
		GibFinl .79t	5	22	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	
12¼	5⅝	Gidd Lewis		157	5⅝	5⅝		
26⅝	15⅛	GiffdHill .45e	7	3	16⅝	16	16	
66⅝	50⅝	Gillette 1.50	21	196	57⅝	56¼	57	
25⅝	12½	GimbelBr 1	14	935	22⅝	22⅛	22	
30¼	16	Ginos Inc	15	13	18⅛	17⅝	18	
33⅝	20⅝	GleasnW .44	14	16	22	21⅝	22	
19¼	10⅝	Global Mar	11	79	13¼	12⅝	13	
32⅝	15¼	GlobeU .60	8	2	16⅝	16⅝	16	
25⅝	13⅝	GoldWt Fin	9	6	14⅝	14⅝	14	
30⅝	21	Goodrich 1	6	73	23⅝	22⅝	23	
31⅞	24½	Goodyr .92	8	255	25	24½	24	
25⅝	10⅝	GorJwlA .24	8	9	12½	12	12	
34⅝	18⅝	Gouldinc 1	8	27	24⅝	23⅝	24	
28	20⅝	Grace 1.50	10	216	22⅝	22¼	22	
22	16½	GrnbyM .60	9	106	23	21⅝	22	
16⅝	11⅝	GrandUn .80	8	72	11⅝	11¼	11	
25⅝	19¼	Granitv 1.20	5	12	22	21⅝		
44⅝	16⅝	GrantW 1.50	7	678	18⅝	17⅝		
28⅝	15⅝	GrayDr 1.20	8	13	16⅝	16⅛		
40⅝	28½	GtAMt 2.97e	10	82	31⅝	30⅝		
19	9⅝	Grt AtlPac		52	11⅝	11⅛		
31⅝	22⅝	GtLkD 1.20s	21	1	22⅝	22⅛		
11	10⅛	GtNoIr 1.10e	11	2	10⅝	10¼		
55	42	GtNNek 1.60	12	3	45	45		
34⅝	14⅝	GtWnFin .40	6	28	18½	18⅛		
8⅝	4⅝	GtWn Unit		23	4⅝	3⅝		
19⅝	13⅝	GtWnUnt pf		2	13⅝	13⅛		
4⅝	3	GrtWsh Inv		6	3	3		
37⅝	30⅝	GrGt pf1.76		2	31⅛	31⅛		
18⅝	14⅛	Greyhd 1.04	8	268	14⅝	14⅝		
5	2⅝	Greyhnd wt		78	2⅝	2⅝		
15⅝	9⅝	Grolier .90	6	142	10⅝	9⅝		
12⅝	8	Grumman		127	9⅝	9⅝		
35⅝	16⅝	Guardian In	17	35	20⅝	19⅝		
46⅝	37	GuarM 4.03e	8	15	38	37⅝		
57⅝	27	GlfLHolb .90	5	207	30⅝	28⅝		
30⅝	22½	GulfOil 1.50	10	457	22⅝	23⅝		
10⅝	6⅝	Gulf Resrce	8	44	7⅝	6⅝		
19⅝	9	GfR pfA.10k		2	10⅝	10⅝		
22⅝	18⅝	GHSHUt 1.12	13	68	21⅝	21⅝		
64	59⅝	GHSU pf4.40		z310	61	59⅝		
36⅝	21⅝	GulfWn .64	5	80	22⅝	22⅝		
11⅝	5⅝	GHWind wt		71	5⅝	5⅝		
67⅝	51⅝	GlfWpf 3.8	7	2	53⅝	53⅝		
77⅝	74⅝	GHW pf5.75		2	74⅝	74⅝		
9	4⅝	Gulton Ind	16	21	5⅝	5		
		H						
38½	35½	HckWat 2.36	9	1	38	38		
22	16⅝	HallPrt .80a	6	9	17⅝	16⅝		
165	125½	Halburt 1.12	40	292	135⅝	130½		
18⅝	11¼	HamPap .50	13	49	12⅝	12¼		
15¼	7⅝	Hamond .40	7	28	8¼	7⅝		
15⅝	7⅝	Handimn .48	8	31	8⅝	8⅝		
20⅝	16⅝	HandyH .72	12	3	20⅝	20		
18⅝	12	HanesCp .60	6	3	13⅝	13⅛		
60⅝	39⅝	Hanna 1.35	19	24	44⅝	44⅝		
35⅝	20⅝	Harcourt 1	8	7	21⅝	21⅝		
22	9⅝	Hardees .16	16	68	12⅝	12		
26⅝	19⅝	Harnisf 1.20	6	x13	21⅝	27⅝		
21⅝	15⅝	Harrahs .22	16	2	17⅝	17⅛		
49⅝	24⅝	HarrisInt 1	10	15	26⅝	25⅝		
21⅝	15⅝	Harsco 1b	7	4	16⅝	16		
29⅝	15	HrtSMrx .88	9	13	16⅝	16⅝		
29⅝	8½	HartHk .20e	7	26	9⅝	9⅝		
34	26½	HawitEl 1.56	10	3	27⅝	27⅝		
19⅝	13½	Hayes Alb 1	7	13	13⅝	13⅝		
8⅝	4⅝	Hazeltine	13	3	5⅝	5⅝		
25⅝	16	HCA Martin	13	8	18	17⅝		
33⅝	12½	Hecks .12	10	10	14	14		
20⅝	14⅝	HeclaM .33t	36	17	16⅝	16⅝		
12⅝	11½	Hellemn .44	7	3	12⅝	12⅝		
44½	39	HeinzH 1.08	14	47	42⅝	42⅝		
37½	20½	HelenaR .75	121	164	35⅝	33⅝		
6	3⅝	Helene Curt		6	3⅝	3⅝		
39⅝	29⅝	HellerInt .84	15	109	32	31⅝		
17⅝	12⅝	HelmeP .60	10	92	16⅝	16⅝		
36⅝	18⅝	Helmrch .20	14	27	25⅝	24		
3⅝	2	Hemisph Co		6	2⅛	2⅛		
7⅝	6⅝	Hemlnc .50e		16	7⅝	6⅝		
37⅝	32⅝	Hercules .68	19	1255	36⅝	35⅝		
24⅝	15	HershF 1.10	11	21	16⅝	16		
59⅝	35⅝	Heublein .92	21	173	45	42⅝		
94⅝	75⅝	Hew Pck .20	46	61	79⅝	77⅝		
30⅝	19⅝	Hillenbd .43	12	25	21	20⅝		
43⅝	19⅝	Hilton Htl 1	10	39	24⅝	22⅝		
6⅝	3⅝	HMW Ind	12	13	3⅝	3⅝		
38	26⅝	HobrtMf .64	15	2	28⅝	28		
39⅝	24⅝	HoerWal .97	8	52	26	25⅝		
21	6⅝	Hoff Elctrn	6	24	7⅝	7⅝		
42⅝	18⅝	HolidyInn .30	14	276	19⅝	18⅝		
52⅝	23	Homestk .40	25	159	45⅝	43⅝		
140⅝	97⅝	Honywll 1.40	23	128	104⅝	102⅝		
41	27	HoovBll 1.28	8	3	28	27⅝		
15⅝	7	Horizon Co	4	120	7⅝	7⅝		
21⅝	9	Hospit Affil	7	40	9⅝	9		
37	12	HospitA .12e	12	242	14⅝	13⅝		
26⅝	10½	Host Intl .36	10	34	12	11⅝		
16⅝	11⅝	Houdail .60a	7	19	12⅝	12		
29⅝	11½	HousMif .44	10	6	13⅝	13		
10	5	House Fbric	11	61	6⅝	6½		
35⅝	21	HousehF .86	9	154	24⅝	23⅝		
58⅝	40½	HouF pf2.50		15	42	42		
51⅝	40½	HousLP 1.40	14	71	44⅝	43⅝		
24	23⅝	HouNGs .34	14	x56	23⅝	21⅝		
68⅝	48⅝	HouG pf2.50		x8	47	46		
34⅝	14⅝	HowJohn .16	17	330	16	15		
14⅝	18⅝	Howmet .70	8	22	11	10⅝		
21⅝	18½	Hubbd 1.53e	12	22	20⅝	19⅝		
24⅝	20⅝	HudBay 1.20	14	3	23⅝	23⅝		
		HdBy fn1.20		1	23⅝	23⅝		
9⅝	6½	HughHat .40	7	22	7⅝	7		
52⅝	45½	Hughes Tool	22	208	49⅝	47⅝		
19⅝	13⅝	HuntCh .16	21	26	15	15		
18⅝	8	HuttnEF .40	5	68	8⅝	7⅝		
37	24	Huyck .24a	30	14	27⅝	26⅝		
14⅝	7⅝	Hydrom .16	7	13	8	7⅝		
		I						
22⅝	6⅝	ICN Pharm	14	163	8¼	6⅝		
36	29⅝	IdahoP 1.76	9	27	29	28⅝		
18⅝	12⅝	IdealBas .80	8	24	13⅝	12⅝		
11⅝	4	IdeaToy .50t	8	42	5	4⅝		
25⅝	22⅝	IDS RI 2.10e	12	19	25⅝	25		
20⅝	18⅝	IllCent 1.22	5	49	18⅝	18⅝		
127	87	IllCent pfA6		2	93⅝	93⅝		
55½	43⅝	IllCen pf3.50		11	45⅝	45		
34⅝	27⅝	IllPowr 2.20	11	90	28⅝	27⅝		
36	22½	IllTool .36	19	17	25⅝	24⅝		
19	8½	ImpCpAm	6	180	10½	10		
45⅝	31⅝	INA Co 1.50	6	163	33	32⅝		
24⅝	20⅝	INA Inv .41e		23	21½	20⅝		
16⅝	6⅝	Income Cap		4	6⅝	6⅝		
10⅝	10	IncCCu .90e		1	10⅝	10⅝		
27½	15⅝	Indian H .80	5	20	17	16½		
28⅝	25	IndnaG 1.84	8	2	25⅝	25⅝		
29⅝	24	InplsPL 1.62	8	x77	26⅝	25⅝		
44⅝	26½	IndstNat .96	9	16	27⅝	26⅝		
69⅝	56⅝	IngerR 2.16	13	38	58	57⅝		
48⅝	38⅝	IngR pf2.35		5	40⅝	40⅝		
45⅝	37⅝	InldCnt 1.60	11	1	38⅝	38⅝		
34⅝	29½	Inland Stl 2	6	55	31⅝	31⅝		
10⅝	6⅝	Inmont .22e	6	53	7⅝	7⅝		
15	9	Insilco .70	7	10	10⅝	10		
20⅝	15½	Insc pfA1.25		3	16	15⅝		
42⅝	38	InspirCop 2	10	3	42⅝	42⅝		
19⅝	12	InsInv 1.14e	8	6	12⅝	12⅝		
11⅝	7⅝	Inteson .24	9	22	9⅝	9⅝		
54	34⅝	Interco 1.28	9	33	35⅝	34⅝		
34⅝	23⅝	IntrIkIn 1.80	7	6	24⅝	24½		
348	307	IBM	36	477	330	322		
100⅝	83	IntFlaF .43b	75	175	96⅝	93⅝		
39	25½	IntHar 1.40a	7	187	28⅝	28		
16½	12¼	InHold 1.51e		7	12⅝	12½		
4⅝	1½	Int Indust		14	1⅝	1⅝		
14⅝	4	IntIndA pf		7	4⅝	4⅝		
29⅝	20¼	IntMinC .40	11	64	22⅝	22⅛		
13½	8½	Int Mng		19	11	10⅝		
34⅝	25¼	IntMultf 1.25	9	5	26½	26⅝		
36⅝	27	Int Nickel 1	17	309	29	28⅝		
43⅝	33⅝	IntPap 1.50a	14	126	36⅝	35⅝		
9⅝	5	Int Rectifier	13	9	5⅝	5⅝		
60⅝	30⅝	IntT&T 1.24	8	1437	34⅝	31¼		
109	61⅝	IntTT pfH4		7	64	62		
180	61	ITT pf14.50		39	65	63⅝		
101½	57½	IntTT pfJ4		10	59	58		
100	58	IntTT pfK4		20	59	58		
74	38½	ITT pfN2.25		321	41⅝	39½		
98⅝	64	IntTT pfO5		7	66	65½		
20½	14¼	Interpace 1	6	9	15⅝	15⅝		
22	42⅝	Intrpce pf 5		1	42⅝	42⅝		
25⅝	14⅝	IntrpbGp .80	6	42	14⅝	14⅝		
14	5⅝	Intrst Brds	29	25	7⅝	7⅝		
19⅝	17⅝	IntrsPw 1.32	10	7	17⅝	17⅝		
7⅝	1⅝	Interst Strs		107	3	2⅝		
11⅝	6	Interst Unit	5	26	6⅝	6⅝		
35½	20⅝	Iowa Beef	5	14	21⅝	21⅝		
18⅝	17⅝	Iowa El 1.30	7	20	17⅝	17⅝		
20⅝	19½	IowaIIG 1.44	7	8	19½	19⅝		
24⅝	22¼	IowaPL 1.68	8	x12	22⅝	22⅝		
21⅝	19⅝	IwaPSv 1.48	11	6	20⅝	20⅝		
8⅝	3⅝	IpcoHsp .15t	27	155	4⅝	3⅝		
37½	17½	ITE Im .60b	8	72	19⅝	18⅝		
53⅝	22	Itek Corp	13	99	25⅝	24⅝		
26⅝	21¼	IU Int .75	12	62	24⅝	24⅝		
64½	53	IU Int A		2	58½	57⅝		
42½	34½	IU Int pf1.25		1	38⅝	38⅝		
		J - K						
26	9⅝	JamesF .36	8	20	10⅝	10⅝		
23½	15	Jantzen .60	7	20	15⅝	15⅝		
16½	12½	Japan 1.73e		28	13⅝	13⅝		
		Jpn fn1.73e		2	13	13		
71⅝	55⅝	JeffPllot .96	19	6	57⅝	57⅝		
114⅝	110	JerCe pf9.36		z100	110⅝	110⅝		
103	100	JerCen pf 8		z20	100	100		
55⅝	33⅝	Jewel C 1.66	9	59	34	33⅝		
33	18⅝	JimWalt .68	7	53	20⅝	20⅝		
38½	25	JimW pf1.60		10	27⅝	26⅝		
27⅝	23⅝	JHanl 1.95e		38	24⅝	24⅝		
33	19⅝	JhnMan 1.20	8	103	22⅝	22⅝		
132¼	110⅝	JohnJhn .50	53	319	121	117⅝		
37⅝	19⅝	Johns Sv .80	8	28	20⅝	20		
61½	34½	JonLog .80	10	105	36½	36		
22⅝	17⅝	JonLau 1.35	7		20⅝	20		
64	59	JonLau pf 5		z10	60	60		
30	23⅝	Jorgen 1.20b	6	4	24	23⅝		
31⅝	15⅝	Jostens .76	9	16	18⅝	17⅝		
37⅝	24⅝	JoyMfg 1.40	17	54	29	28⅝		
19⅝	13½	KaisAlm .50	15	16	15⅝	15⅝		
60½	53½	Kai 66pf4.75		2	55	55		
54⅝	45½	KalA pf 4.12		1	47	47		
12⅝	7½	KaisCem .50	7	37	8	7⅝		
14⅝	10⅝	KaneMill .10	6	95	13⅝	13⅝		
32⅝	29	KCtyPL 2.20	9	21	29⅝	29⅝		
42	27⅝	KCSou Ind 2	7	6	29⅝	29		
14⅝	14	KCSou pf 1		z2760	14⅝	14⅝		
23⅝	20⅝	KanGEl 1.52	8	14	21⅝	21		
18⅝	15⅝	KanNeb 1.12	10	4	16	15⅝		
30	23⅝	KanPLt 1.48	10	44	24⅝	24⅝		
8⅝	4⅝	Katy Ind		31	5⅝	5⅝		
25⅝	17⅝	Kty pfB 1.46		3	18⅝	18⅝		
45⅝	14½	KaufBrd .12	18	366	24⅝	22⅝		
10⅝	7⅝	KacBrl .20	12	14	8½	8⅝		
19⅝	11⅝	KayserR .60	5	18	12	11⅝		
33⅝	21⅝	Keebler .70	10	7	23	22⅝		
9⅝	5	KeeneCp .10	5	28	5¼	5		
19⅝	11⅝	Keller .40	5	8	12⅝	12⅝		
17⅝	14⅝	Kellogg .54	19	79	16⅝	16⅝		
37⅝	20¼	KelsyH 1.38	6	12	23⅝	23⅝		
30⅝	21⅝	Kennmtl .84	7	2	23	23		
29⅝	23⅝	Kenncit 1.40	8	241	25⅝	24⅝		
26⅝	23⅝	KyUtil 1.24	9	13	24⅝	24⅝		
77⅝	53⅝	KerrMG .60	27	656	60⅝	58⅝		
130⅝	115	KerM pf4.50		2	126	126		
38⅝	13	KeysCn .50a	6	2	14⅝	14		
29⅝	16⅝	Kidde .60a	5	12	17⅝	17⅝		
54⅝	50½	Kidde pfB 4		1	51	51		
46	36⅝	KimbCl 1.20	16	189	44	42⅝		
13⅝	6⅝	KineDSt .30	7	99	8	7⅝		
40⅝	17	KirschCo .72	8	9	17⅝	17⅝		

(Continued on Page 10)

International Stock Indexes

	Yest.	Prev.	1973 High	1973 Low
Amsterdam	133.0	133.1	144.8	128.9
Brussels	161.35	161.4	166.86	161.11
Frankfurt	130.6	129.77	158.21	128.38
London 30	472.4	474.6	509.5	426.6
London 500	198.71	200.57	217.35	188.35
Milan	135.57	133.88	135.57	95.40
Paris	115.4	111.4	118.3	99.8
Sydney	579.80	576.70	667.37	521.40
Tokyo (n)	358.44	360.41	422.48	340.11
Tokyo (o)	4571.45	4606.10	5359.74	4378.77
Zurich	371.9	374.6	418.8	349.7

(n) new. (o) old.

Tokyo Exchange

June 12, 1973

	Price Yen		Price Yen
Asahi Glass	360	Matsu El Wks	770
Canon Camera	368	Mitsubi Hvy Ind	232
Dai Nip. Print.	352	Mitsubi Corp	408
Fuji Bank	574	Mitsui Co	452
Fuji Photo	336	Mitsukoshi	639
Hitachi	211	Nippon Elec.	215
Honda Motor	785	Sharp	245
C. Itoh	597	Shiseido	1,070
Japan Air Lines	2,390	Sony Corp	3,900
Kansai El P	993	Sumitomo Bk	578
Kao Soap	413	Taisho Marine	445
Kirin Brewery	435	Takeda Chem.	248
Komatsu	343	Teijin	222
Kubota I Wks	383	Tokyo Marine	856
Matsu E Ind.	745	Toray	197
		Toyota Motor	840

Market Summary

Most Actives—New York

June 12, 1973

Royal Ind	208,200	6⅝	— ¾
Pittston Co	163,900	24¼	—1
IntTelTel	143,700	34¼	+3
Boeing	125,800	17⅝	
Hercule Inc	125,500	36¼	+ ¼
EastnAirL	119,700	10⅝	+ ⅝
Curtiss Wrt	99,300	20⅝	+4
McDonald	99,230	66⅝	+2⅝
Lenox Inc	95,100	28	+ ½
Un Carbide	93,700	37¼	— ⅛
Varian Asso	92,700	12	— ⅛
Gimbel Bro	93,500	22⅝	
Phillips Pet	92,600	52¼	+ ½
Norton Sim	89,100	31¼	+ ¾
StdCstl. Ind	88,850	26⅞	+2⅝

	Today	Prev. day
Volume (in millions)	13.84	9.94
Advances	988	700
Declines	437	708
Unchanged	331	355
Total Issues	1759	1763
New 1973 highs	13	6
New 1973 lows	96	88

Most Actives—American

Champ Ho	138,500	5	— ⅛
McCull Oil	70,000	7⅝	+ ½
Std Mot A	65,400	10⅛	— ¾
Syntex	62,300	80	+2¼
TWA wt	59,800	13¼	+ ¾
Colt Intl	52,500	6	
Warn C pf C	48,500	4⅝	+ ⅛
Teleprmp	42,300	18¾	+1¼
Prent Hall	39,900	20	+ ⅝
Parlni Corp	38,500	5⅛	

Approx. total stock sales 2,590,000
Stock sales year ago 3,345,565

American Stock Index:

High	Low	Close	N.C.
22.72	22.52	22.65	+.07

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net
30 Ind	914.89	930.01	912.85	927.00	+13.89
20 Trn	161.83	166.13	161.13	165.85	+ 4.29
15 Utl	107.59	108.90	106.79	107.75	+ 0.16
65 Stk	280.02	285.04	279.03	283.86	+ 3.89

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
425 Industrials	121.80	119.10	121.27	+1.85
20 Railroads	35.52	34.67	35.47	+0.64
55 Utilities	55.91	54.91	55.53	+0.36
500 Stocks	108.78	106.40	108.29	+1.59

NYSE Index

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
Composite	56.95	56.22	56.95	+0.82
Industrials	62.72	62.08	62.72	+0.97
Transportation	—	34.51	35.16	+0.87
Utility	38.63	38.40	38.58	+0.20
Finance	64.72	64.00	64.72	+1.04

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

	Shares Buy	Sales	*Short
June 11	254,708	288,296	4,883
June 8	269,880	292,836	6,066
June 7	244,612	262,362	7,632
June 6	263,583	289,906	7,260
June 5	267,931	348,856	8,804
June 4	260,862	358,482	7,770

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

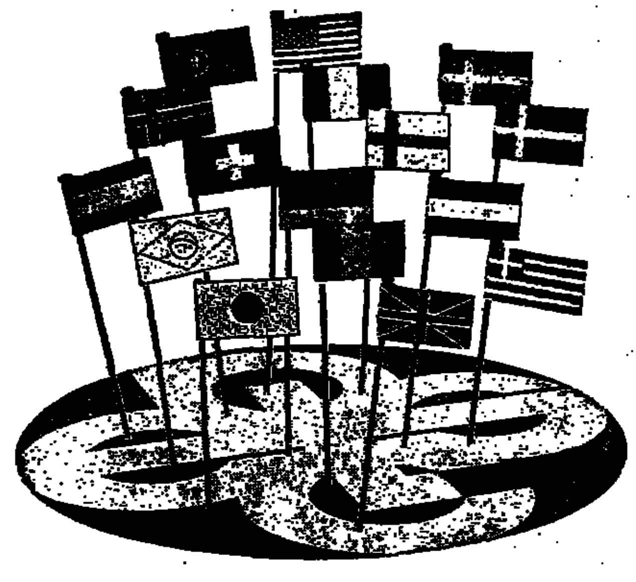
New Highs and Lows

NEW HIGHS—13

Alcan Alu, Amer Can, AMP Inc n, DunBrad wi, Granby Min, Nalco Chem, NatCashR, NDist 4.25pf, Phillips Pet, Polaroid, Upjohn Co, Upjohn wi, WarnLa .mn

NEW LOWS—96

Adam Millis, AhmanHF, Alberto Cul, AltAm Life, Allrgt Auto, Alpha P Ind, Amal Sug, AMF Inc, Arvin Ind, Baker Ind, Bang Punt, Basic Inc, Beech Airc, Beech Crk, Bendix Cp, Benef 4.50pf, Boeing, Budget Ind, Ceco Corp, Cessna Air, Chain 1.23pf, ChrlsC cvpf, CityInv pf B, CBS, Con Foods, ConFds pf A, ContCopp pf, Cooper Ind, CooprTR pf, EDS, Emhart Cp, Esquire, FidUn Bncp, FstWisc Bk, Flintkt pfB, Gen Medicl, Genesco Inc, Grand Un, GtWest Unit, Grolier Inc, HoustN Gas, HouNG pf A, Hutton EF, Interpace pf, Interst Pw, IowaEl LtP, Koracorp In, Lynch CSys, Magnavox, MayerOsc, McLean Trk, Mead pf B, Miles Lab, Milt Bradly, Narco Scien, Nat Detroit, Nat Presto, Nat Stand, Nevada Pw, NSPw 4.08pf, OhE 7.24pf, Oxford Ind, Prwit 1.40pt, Park Elmr, Petrolane, Pit Forging, Portec Inc, PSInd 7.15pf, QuakStOil, Rapid Amer, RapAm 3pf, Raymnd Int, Reece Cp, RepFin Svc, Retail Cred, Sperry Hut, SperryH pf, Stone Cont, Suburb Pro, Sundstrd pf, Super Valu, Teledyn 6pf, Textron, Textn 1.40pf, Tools Roll, TRW Inc, TRW 4.40pf, UAL Inc pf, USM 1.50pf, Vulcan Mat, WallBus F, WalMart St, Wstn Union, White Motor, Wis PubSc, Woods Ch



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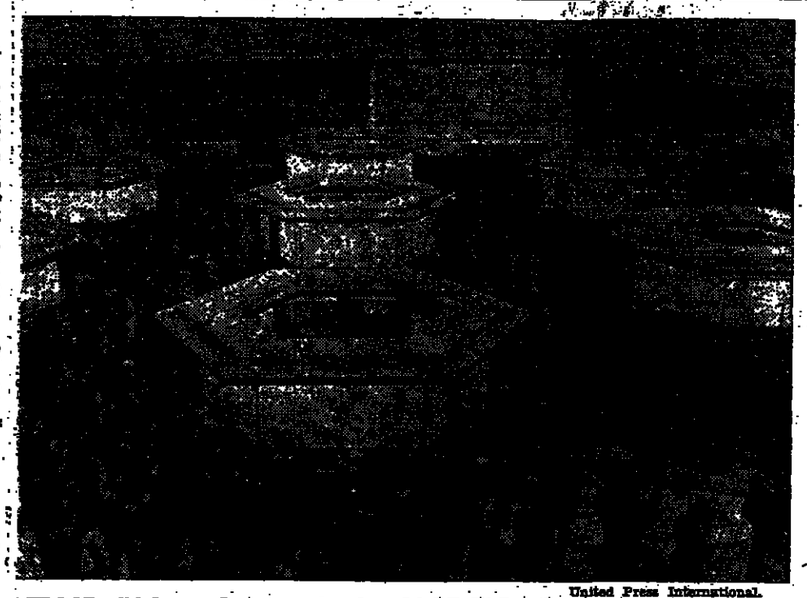
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L&BT

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
PARIS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1973



United Press International.

FLOOR—High-speed communications highlight London's new stock exchange.

ndon Brokers Move to New Exchange

Michael Stern

. June 12 (NYT).— t ceremony and a of fuss, the 3,600 f the London Stock yesterday moved into marble-walled trading

e put an end to three urrying and scamper- temporary jobbers' trading posts, spread evels of the exchange's 35-storey office tower l a major milestone in ge's long effort to build ne on the site where l shares have been e 1802.

floor is vast, hexa- hape, with its 23,500- area completely free r other supports. The spended 45 feet above om hidden steel trusses overed with lighting

cipal advantage of the over the old one is convenience of communications. The new systems—which had been in operation on the temporary floor and were carried over to the new one—are a high-traffic telephone network linking all 191 member firms with each other and with the exchange's offices, a bleeper telephone pager to summon members from the floors, the corridors and pubs across the street and a computerized price display network using 22-channel receivers.

There also is a walkie-talkie two-way radio system enabling members on the floor to talk directly to their offices or to customers and associates in other cities.

The nearly completed rebuilding project is costing more than £14 million.

Well Flows ldfisk Field

ELS, June 12 (Reu- etrofina SA said to- ew extension well on isk structure of the n zone of the North d oil at 10,200 bar- s.

na has a 30 percent the drilling con-

nembers are Phillips Co., the operator, percent, Petronord t and Agip 13 per-

ey Marts t Nixon

. June 12 (AP).—Eu- gn exchange and gold arked time today, resident Nixon's ex- omic policy changes, tion to curb soaring ll probably send the trongly, dealers said. r closed lower in all enters except Paris

The lira, reacting to l crisis arising from ion of Premier Giulio umped almost every-

ing was uncertain in l Zurich, the two ts. The price moved ounce to $117.50 in closed unchanged at e in Zurich.

opened strongly at francs after the long oliday weekend but gh the day to close ics, down almost one n Friday's close.

r started firmly in t eased also to 2.6085 arks from Friday's

edged up against the $2.573 to $2.575. ris the dollar closed e Friday's 4.3075 level mmercial francs, al- dollar had been as 25 earlier in the day, hanged against the nc at 4.285. The dol- lire to 608, a four- in Milan.

P-DJ).—The late or close rates for the dollar on rnational exchanges:

me 12, 1973

	Today	Prev.	Ch.*
	2.5748	2.5728	— 1.20
	37.93	37.9	
	37.915	37.9	+17.98
	2.6145	2.628	+23.45
	5.94	5 845	+19.71
	23.75	22.775	
	4.305	4.28	
	4.308	4.2962	+18.68
	2.7225	2.7213	+17.13
	4.30	4.30	
	610	608.5	
	593	589.0	— 3.70
	58.02	58.0	
	19.37	19.375	+21.16
	4.3625	4.29	+15.10
	3.074	3.071	+34.85
	264.45	264.45	+16.36

Commercial.

change against the central rates set by the an agreement as calculat- Guaranty Trust Co. The ed on currency quotations

Rootes Quits As Head of Chrysler U.K.

Remoter Management Is Feared by Labor

LONDON, June 12 (AP).—Lord Rootes, chairman of the strike-ridden British operations of Chrysler Motor Corp., is retiring at the end of June, the company said today.

The 56-year-old peer is retiring, the company added, to devote more time to "other business and private interests." No further details were given.

Lord Rootes is the son of the founder of Rootes Motors group, which sold out to Chrysler in 1967. He is being replaced by Gilbert Hunt, the British-born managing director of Chrysler. Mr. Hunt in turn is to be replaced by Canadian Don Lander, one of the directors brought in recently by Chrysler.

The reaction from the firm's union leaders was an immediate expression of regret at the departure of Lord Rootes. "Many workers are bound to see this as a further move towards tougher, more remote American-style management," said Pat Fox, a union official at the strike-bound Ryton works of Chrysler in Coventry.

Mr. Fox, speaking to reporters, asked: "Why couldn't the decision have been kept until the dispute had been resolved? It must make us all a bit suspicious."

Ryton's 4,500 workers have been out nearly two weeks following an accusation by management of shoddy workmanship.

Chrysler has been hit by more than 40 work stoppages during the first five months of the year.

However, Chrysler is only one of several car companies which have been hit by a wave of strikes. Others affected are Ford Motors, General Motors' Vauxhall plant at Ellesmere Port, British Leyland Motor Corp. and Massey-Ferguson's Perkins plant, one of the world's largest manufacturers of diesel engines.

Concerned by the strife that is affecting production at one of the nation's major earners of foreign currency, Prime Minister Edward Heath has called leaders of organized labor to discussions tomorrow.

The government has already offered its conciliation services to each side in the Chrysler dispute.

U.S. Companies Concerned By Diminished Public Image

NEW YORK, June 12 (AP-DJ).—Worried about the eroding image of business, many U.S. companies are mounting major efforts to try to restore public confidence.

The concern seems well founded: A Louis Harris survey reported last November that since 1966 the percentage of the public with a "great deal of confidence" in the heads of major companies has plunged to 27 from 55 percent.

Among concerned companies is Eaton Corp. of Cleveland, whose chairman, E. Mandell de Windt, says, "The woeful lack of understanding of business by students and the public led us to a high-priority program to develop the means of telling the business story to the public." About 105 Eaton executives have received training in how to tell the company's story and the story of business in general.

Apparently there is little understanding of how much money companies really earn. An earlier survey, by Opinion Research Corp., showed that the public, on the average, believed that after-tax corporate profits were close to 28 percent of sales. In reality, businessmen say, profits were closer to 4 percent for the nation's 1,000 largest industrial concerns during the period covered by the survey.

Chills Down the Spine

Such polls send chills down the spines of many corporate executives. A number of companies, such as Eaton, are dispatching corporate ambassadors to schools, civic groups and other audiences. Others are trying to get the message out by talking with educators, who presumably influence students and help mold public opinion.

Behind all this activity are some practical considerations, not just a need to be loved. If something is not done to restore public confidence in business, executives reason, the future is likely to produce employee with a weaker commitment to their jobs and, equally serious, unfavorable legislation. A number of businessmen cite the Burke-Hartke bill, which would limit corporate investment abroad, as the kind of restrictive measures that they fear could proliferate.

Elisha Gray, formerly chairman of Whirlpool Corp. and now chairman of its finance committee, says, "The public now is very hospitable to anti-business legislation." The fact that some other institutions and professions, such as education, government and religion, have also experienced a decline in prestige and respect does not help much. "It's rather cold comfort that the low esteem also applies to other institutions," he says.

Meaning of Profit

Numerous companies have been extolling the role of profits. In an admittedly unscientific survey, Firestone Tire & Rubber discovered that its own employees were as befuddled as the general public about the level and significance of profits. So the concern developed a special annual report to them, which details in simple language how each Firestone sales dollar is spent.

Similarly, Goodyear Tire & Rubber recently went to some pains in its own employee publications to ask, "How much does Goodyear make on each dollar's worth of goods it sells?" The company went on to explain that in 1973, a particularly good year, it was 4.7 cents, not even close to the 28-cent figure turned up in the Opinion Research survey.

H.H. Fergusson, who has been a factory worker at Goodyear for almost 30 years, thinks "it's great that they're explaining their business more to us." But Goodyear's message that its profits are not very high is not having the desired effect on him.

"I'm looking at the total amount of profit, not the margin on sales. Goodyear's sales have increased so the margin has dropped," he says, adding that Goodyear can well afford to pay its workers higher wages and benefits.

Japan Firms Aim at Etiquette

TOKYO, June 12 (AP-DJ).—At the urging of the government, five national business organizations have issued general guidelines on behavior for Japanese companies overseas. The aim is to restore Japan's sagging image in Southeast Asia.

Japan's economic penetration of underdeveloped Asian countries has brought much criticism of what many in the region call "the ugly Japanese." There have been anti-Japanese demonstrations and boycotts of Japanese goods.

The code of behavior, entitled "guidelines for investment activities in developing countries," recommends that Japanese firms observe local customs, allow greater capital participation by host country citizens, offer advancement opportunities to local employees and refrain from causing pollution.

"We cannot change overnight," said Masaya Miyoshi, an executive of the federation of economic organizations (Keidanren), which helped prepare the guidelines, "but the people concerned must see the need for a change."

Japanese companies, Mr. Miyoshi said in an interview, are 100 percent business minded. "And they tend to select only the most aggressive employees—who always think profit—for overseas assignments."

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FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Solvay Profit Outlook Remains Good

The profit outlook for Solvay et Cie., the Belgian chemical firm, "remains good," says Jacques Solvay, chairman. Sales prospects for all product groups are "rather optimistic." First-quarter sales rose in most sectors. All plants were operating at full capacity, and there were even some product shortages, favoring firm prices, he adds. Capital investments this year will probably be smaller than in 1972, he says, as most non-productive spending on structural changes has been accomplished. The investment program to increase vinyl chloride and polyvinyl chloride production is almost complete and production should be running at capacity within a year. The executive also says he considers Solvay's rate of indebtedness to be at a "maximum level."

GM Quietly Raises Prices

General Motors has quietly raised the base prices of some of its cars by $11 to $352 to cover the addition of certain equipment as standard. The items had previously been optional at extra cost. GM disputes any interpretation of the move as a price increase, noting that the new prices of the cars involved are not any more, and in most cases are a few dollars less, than the price of the base car plus the options under GM's old price list. In March of this year, the No. 1 U.S. auto maker publicly pledged it would not raise its 1973 car prices for the balance of the model year.

Japan's Auto Makers Cut Spending

Japan's automobile manufacturers have agreed to reduce capital spending plans for the year ending March 31, 1974, by about 32.5 billion yen to a total of 313.6 billion yen (about $1.2 billion). Ministry of International Trade and Industry officials note that the reduced total still represents an increase of 21.8 percent in capital spending over the preceding year. The government had requested the cutback in spending plans in line with its policy aimed at cooling the overheated domestic economy.

Bulova Says Net Income Up Sharply

Bulova Watch Co. expects to report per-share earnings of between $1.70 and $1.75 for the year ended March 31, compared with $1.06 a share for the prior year. Harry B. Henshel, president, expects sales of about $175 million, exceeding last year's record of $146.6 million. He forecasts fiscal 1974 results will top those of the year just ended, but will not give specific estimates. All divisions were profitable for fiscal 1973 and have continued to increase profits and sales this year, he says.

Nixon Faces Pressure for Inflation Action

WASHINGTON, June 12 (Reuters).—The Democratic leadership of both House and Senate pushed President Nixon today to impose immediate wage-price controls on the surging economy.

House Speaker Carl Albert and Senate Majority Leader Mike Mansfield—along with other members of the joint congressional leadership—asked Mr. Nixon to impose a wage-price freeze across the board, followed by a return to Phase 2-type controls in effect before January.

The speaker told newsmen he hoped Mr. Nixon would act before Congress forces him to impose a freeze.

The Democrats said they wanted a temporary freeze across the board on prices, profits, rents, wages, salaries and consumer interest rates.

They did not mention a time period for the freeze, although Senate Democrats have been pushing for a three-month hold on wages and prices.

Nixon Undecided

Later today the White House announced that President Nixon has resolved to take action to curb inflation, but is still undecided exactly what he will do.

White House spokesman Gerald Warren said he could not predict when Mr. Nixon would make an announcement, although other White House sources said it would come before the end of this week.

The White House also announced that Mr. Nixon will probably take some action shortly to deal with the energy crisis. Mr. Warren said mandatory gasoline allocations are one possibility.

He said that Mr. Nixon is thoroughly reviewing all options open to him for curbing inflation.

Asked if a tax increase is among them, Mr. Warren said he could not discuss the options open to the President "for obvious reasons."

No Doubt on Action

"He is reviewing the entire situation and I cannot get into details on what those options are," Mr. Warren said.

The White House said yesterday that the President is considering what action, if any, to take to deal with inflation, but today Mr. Warren removed all doubt about whether Mr. Nixon would take some action.

"He is moving in his meetings (with his economic advisers) toward some action which would halt the rise in inflation," Mr. Warren said.

There has been speculation that Mr. Nixon will go on television tomorrow night to announce his new economic program, but Mr. Warren said the President has not yet asked for television time and he could not predict when he would speak.

Today Mr. Nixon called his top economic advisers to a meeting on what Mr. Warren described as "further discussions on the economy and on anti-inflationary moves which may be taken."

Called to the meeting were Treasury Secretary George Shultz, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers Herbert Stein, Budget Chief Roy Ash and Cost of Living Council director John Dunlop.

Asked why the President was taking so long to reach a decision on new economic policies, Mr. Warren merely repeated a statement Mr. Nixon made last Friday that he would take action when it is determined that it will be responsible and effective.

U.S. Alleges Oil Monopoly

WASHINGTON, June 12 (Reuters).—The Justice Department charged today that an agreement under which Texaco Inc. would sell crude oil to Coastal States Gas Producing Co. and in return have a claim on Coastal's refined petroleum products violates the Clayton and Sherman Acts.

The civil anti-trust suit, filed in New York City, asks the U.S. district court there to dissolve the agreement and enjoin Texaco from conditioning sales of crude on the granting of preference as a customer for refined products.

Coastal, an independent refiner, is the largest source of gasoline to independent operators other than major oil companies.

The anti-trust division noted that independent marketers have faced a significant decline in the number of sources of refined products and that Coastal has experienced difficulty in obtaining a sufficient supply of crude oil.

The agreement may substantially lessen competition or tend to create a monopoly by allowing Texaco to acquire Coastal's assets and operations, the complaint said.

The agreement allows Texaco, at its option, to purchase Coastal's Corpus Christi, Texas, refinery, which can process 135,000 barrels of crude daily.

Coastal is also obligated to sell refined products to Texaco in amounts rising from 14,400 barrels a day this year to 106,000 barrels a day in 1976—nearly 80 percent of the refinery's capacity.

Japan Wholesale Index

TOKYO, June 12 (AP-DJ).—Japan's wholesale price index rose 0.9 to 111.2 last month (1970 equals 100). The index now stands 12.3 percent about a year ago, the Bank of Japan said today. The index has now advanced for 16 consecutive months.

HITACHI, LTD.
Continental Depositary Receipts
(CDR's)

The undersigned announces that at the Ordinary General Meeting of shareholders of Hitachi, Ltd., on May 28, 1973, it was decided to pay a dividend of Yen 3.— per share for the period from October 1, 1972, to March 31, 1973.

The dividend on the CDR's Hitachi, Ltd. will be payable as from June 12, 1973, against dividend-coupon No. 1 of the CDR's, after deduction of 15% Japanese withholding tax, with Dfl. 13.22 per CDR of 500 shares, at the office of Kas-Associatie N.V., 172 Spuistraat, Amsterdam.

The dividend-coupons No. 4 to be delivered, must be attended with an affidavit obtainable with Kas-Associatie N.V., stating that the entitled CDR-holder is resident of a country that has concluded a tax-convention with Japan. If such affidavit is not surrendered the dividend will be paid under deduction of 20% Japanese withholding tax.

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V.
Amsterdam, June 7, 1973.

Dow Soars 12 But Volume Remains Low

Brokers Cite Hopes For Inflation Action

NEW YORK, June 12 (IHT).—New York Stock Exchange prices gained strongly today as investors looked toward an expected new presidential plan of action to fight inflation.

The Dow Jones industrial average jumped 11.89 to 927 and gaining issues totaled about 990, while about 440 declined.

Trading was moderate, however. Volume totaled 13.84 million shares compared with an unusually light 9.94 million yesterday.

Brokers attributed the gain to anticipation that President Nixon will soon announce a new anti-inflation policy. Some Washington sources said he might make an announcement on television tomorrow night.

Brokers added that the strong market gain on only moderate volume indicated that many investors preferred to wait for action by the President.

Among the strong features on the most active list were International Telephone up 3 to 34 1/8, and Seaboard Coast Line 2 3/8 to 26 7/8.

J. Ray McDermott climbed 1 5/8 to 64 1/4 after reporting sharply higher per-share earnings.

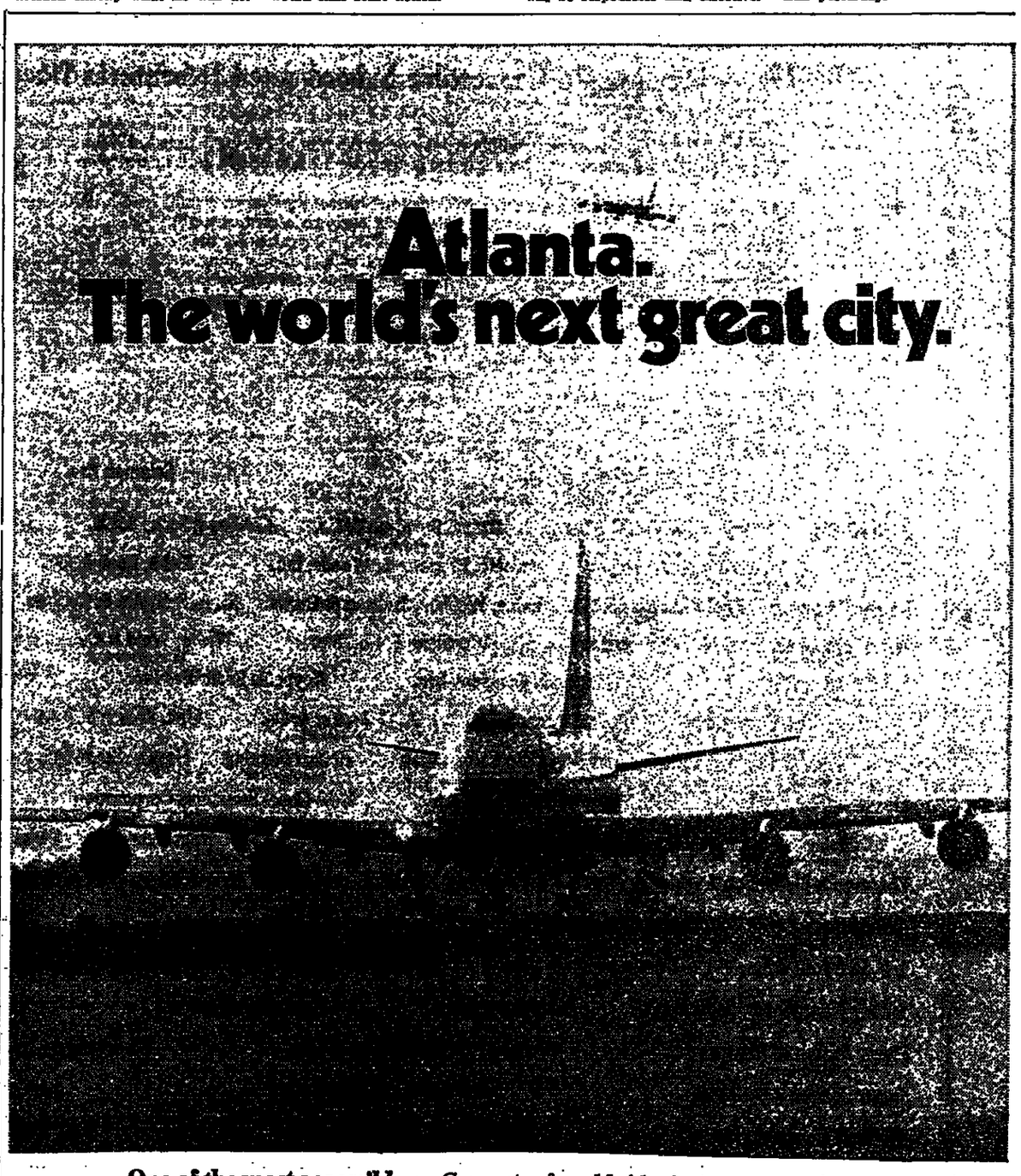
Fibreboard rose 1 1/4 to 15 1/2. It said it expects 1973 operating net to be up more than 40 percent over last year.

Dan River gained 1 1/8 to 9 1/8. It said 1973 earnings should be more than double the $3.9 million, or 65 cents a share, earned in 1972.

Atlantic Richfield, recovering from early lows, rose 1 1/8 to 89. The oil firm said it was spending $22 million to increase processing capacity at two refineries.

Also higher were Standard Oil of Ohio up 1 1/8 to 107 3/8, Du Pont 2 3/8 to 167 7/8, Eastman Kodak 2 3/8 to 135 3/8, IBM 6 1/4 to 329 1/4, Burroughs 7 5/8 to 229 7/8, Polaroid 5 1/4 to 142 5/8, Texas Instruments 2 1/8 to 99 1/4, Fairchild Camera 1 1/8 to 40, and National Cash Register 2 to 37.

Prices advanced in light trading on the American Stock Exchange. The Amex index rose 0.07 to 22.65, while advances topped declines, 480 against 336. Turnover amounted to 2.60 million shares, compared with 1.92 million yesterday.



One of the most accessible cities on earth, Atlanta is the fourth largest air center in the United States. The international airport's current expansion program increases its capabilities by 25%. Direct flights are scheduled from Atlanta to more U.S. cities than from any other airport.

Concepts of worldwide significance in architecture and culture, ideas and technology flow into and out of this commercial center of a region of 30,000,000 people as readily as passengers and cargo. Growing international accessibility speeds Atlanta's emergence as the world's next great city.

For more about Atlanta contact Harold Carter, Economic Development Dept. Atlanta Chamber of Commerce 1327 Commerce Building Atlanta, Georgia 30303 USA Cable: Atlantaga

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued From Page 8)

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
39⅞	32⅝	KLM Airlin		20	38	37⅝	38	+ 1
		KLMAirl In		2	37¼	37¼	37¼	
57¾	38	KnightN .28	18	9	38¾	38¾	38¾	
21¼	12½	Koehrg .30e	6	6	13¾	13¾	13¾	
39¾	31¾	Kopprs 1.72	7	12	33	32⅛	33	+ 1⅛
58½	54½	Koppr pf 4		z200	54⅝	54½	54½	— ½
12⅞	4⅞	Korakrp Ind	7	40	5	4½	4½	— ¾
50⅝	43⅝	Kraftco 1.77	13	123	48	47⅝	47⅞	— ⅛
51½	34	KresgeS .20	36	347	37⅝	36	37⅝	+ 1¼
27⅞	15⅞	Kroehlr .80a	6	7	17½	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅛
24⅝	15⅝	Kroger 1.30	13	45	17½	17¼	17¼	
16	10½	Kysor In .60	6	8	11⅞	11¾	11¾	
		L						
22½	20⅛	LacGas 1.50	7	3	20⅝	20½	20⅝	+ ⅛
16⅝	12½	Lams Sess 1	8	6	13½	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
33	19	LanBry .45b	9	49	19½	19⅜	19½	— ⅛
32¾	21¾	Larn 2.71e	8	17	24½	23¾	24½	+ ½
9⅞	6⅜	Latrobe Stl	16	4	7	6⅞	7	
9⅞	5⅜	LearSieg .28	9	69	7	6⅝	7	+ ⅜
32	26⅞	LearS pf2.25		8	27¼	27⅛	27¼	
19⅞	8½	Leasco .40	3	166	9⅝	9¼	9½	+ ⅛
34	24½	Leasc pf2.20		36	27	25⅞	26½	+ ½
47¾	31⅞	Leasev .50	13	31	35½	34¼	35¼	+ 1½
21¼	10	LeedsN .50	10	23	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅜
19	12⅛	Leesona .40	8	17	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅛
17⅝	13¼	LehPCm .60	7	10	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
2⅛	1½	LehVal Ind		15	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
18	14⅝	Lehmn 1.57e		52	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞	+ ⅛
23	8½	Lennar Crp	5	15	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝	+ ⅛
44	27½	Lenox .50b	15	951	28	27½	28	+ ½
14⅝	8¾	LevFd Cap		7	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+ ⅛
13⅞	12⅝	LevFln .75a		3	13	12⅞	12⅞	— ¼
49⅝	28	LeviStrs .48	12	221	28⅝	28⅛	28⅛	— ¼
27¾	6	Levitz Furn	10	202	7⅝	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
8½	3¼	LFE Cp		7	4	3⅞	3⅞	+ ⅛
42⅝	31½	LOF 2.20	7	77	35¾	34¼	35½	+ 1½
81	71	LOF pf4.75		5	73½	72¾	73½	+ 1¾
6¼	4⅛	LibbMcNL	32	15	4⅞	4¼	4⅛	— ⅛
20⅞	15⅜	LibrtyCp .30	8	16	17½	17	17⅛	+ ⅜
13⅞	9⅝	LibrtyLn .60	7	77	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝	+ ⅛
16¾	14	LibyL pf1.25		3	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
46⅝	35½	LiggMy 2.50	13	94	40⅝	39¾	39⅞	— ⅛
91	72¼	LillyEli .76	44	167	88	85½	88	+ 2⅜
48¼	29⅝	LincNat 1.08	9	170	33	31	32⅝	+ 1½
97½	61¼	LincNt pf 3		9	67½	65½	67½	+ 2½
6½	3	Lionel Corp	10	7	3⅝	3½	3½	— ⅛
13½	6¼	Litinind .32t	9	124	9¼	8¾	9⅛	+ ¼
16¼	8¼	Litton plc pf		2	11¼	11¼	11¼	+ ⅜
21¾	17⅛	Litton pfB 2		3	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	
9⅛	5¼	Lockhd Alrc	5	57	6⅜	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
48	24½	LbeCp 1.16	6	49	25⅝	24¾	25⅛	+ ¾
23⅞	8⅞	LomaFin .32	9	180	10⅛	10	10	— ⅜
52¾	40	Lom Mf 3.63	11	94	43¼	42¼	42⅝	+ ⅛
14⅛	11	Londontn	5	1	12½	12½	12½	— ¼
25¾	14⅝	LoneSlind 1	7	219	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	— ¼
40½	23⅝	LoneSG 1.46	10	82	27	26¼	27	+ 1
23¾	20⅞	LngIsLt 1.46	9	40	21⅝	21⅛	21½	+ ⅛
107	102	LIL pf 8.12		z20	105	105	105	
80¾	63½	LongDrg .56	40	16	69	66¾	69	+ 2¼
5¼	2⅝	Loral Corp	15	1	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
44⅛	32	LaLandEx 1	21	153	39	38	38⅝	+ ⅝
31¼	21¼	La Pacif	9	203	27½	26¾	27¼	+ ⅜
36⅞	29¼	LousGE 1.80	12	39	30½	30¼	30½	+ ¼
24½	15⅝	Lonstn .90	6	x40	16⅝	15⅝	16¼	+ ⅝
10⅝	7⅜	LTV Corp	5	129	8⅝	8¼	8½	+ ⅜
12½	8⅛	LTV Cp AA		1	9¾	9¾	9¾	
80	30	LTVCp pf 5		1	31½	31½	31½	
46	33¼	Lubrizol .43	26	57	35⅞	35	35⅛	— ¾
16⅝	10¼	LuckySir .54	11	68	11⅝	11⅜	11½	— ⅜
20¾	13⅛	Ludlo 1.08	8	15	14⅝	14½	14⅝	
31⅞	19¼	LukenStl .80	9	29	24⅝	23½	24½	+ ⅜
7½	3⅞	LVO Corp	12	11	4	4	4	+ ⅛
77⅞	8	Lykes Yngst	16	36	8⅝	8⅜	8½	
80	23⅝	Lyk pf3.12k		23	26⅝	25⅞	26⅛	+ ⅝
16⅝	8	LyncCSy .40	16	10	8	7⅝	7⅞	— ⅛
		M						
24⅝	9⅞	MacAn .00e	6	26	11⅞	10⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
4⅝	3	MacDonal	11	6	3¾	3½	3⅝	+ ⅛
12⅞	7⅛	Macke .30e	7	33	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅛
12½	6½	Macmil .05r	6	119	6⅝	6⅛	6½	— ¼
47⅝	25¼	Macy RH 1	8	77	26⅝	26	26⅛	+ ⅝
13⅝	9	MadF 1.55e		57	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	— ¼
9	6⅛	MadSqG 1		57	7⅝	7	7½	+ ⅛
21⅝	6⅝	MagicCf .32	6	34	8¼	7⅞	8⅛	+ ⅛
29⅝	11	Magnvox .60	11	563	11⅝	10⅝	10¾	— ⅝
32	16¼	Mallory .96	9	26	19⅞	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅜
35¼	20⅞	MalHyde .32	20	12	25½	25⅝	25½	+ ⅛
17⅜	11	Manind .56b	5	7	11⅝	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
31	15⅜	Manpr .72	8	11	16½	15⅞	16½	+ ⅜
37¼	28⅞	MfrHan 1.56	10	55	30⅝	29¾	30½	+ ¼
42⅞	22⅝	MAPCO .54	16	206	25⅝	24⅝	25⅛	+ 1⅜
33⅝	17⅝	Marathn Mf	7	12	19½	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
37¾	28¼	MaratO 1.60	10	98	30¼	29⅞	30⅛	
29⅝	18½	Marcor .90	8	260	19½	19	19½	+ ⅝
59⅞	38½	Marcr pf A2		31	40	38⅝	40	+ 1¼
52	30⅞	Maremt .10r	11	97	34⅞	34¼	34½	— ½
32⅝	25⅛	MarMid 1.80	7	52	26⅞	26	26⅝	+ ⅝
48⅝	27¼	MarionL .21	31	63	33⅞	32⅝	33⅝	+ 1¼
48⅞	30½	Marlen 1.18	18	145	36¼	35	36¼	+ ⅝
57¼	29⅝	Marley .40	19	9	39⅝	39	39½	+ 1½
11¾	7	Marqutt Cm	14	20	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
41	24⅝	Marriot .07t	38	184	27	26⅝	26⅞	+ ⅝
37¼	24½	MarsFd 1.38	10	16	25⅝	25¼	25¼	
19½	15⅞	MarlmM 1.15	7	78	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
11	6¼	MarlMAI .40	105	7	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
36⅝	16⅝	MrldCup .50	8	25	17⅝	17	17⅝	— ⅛
60	41	MascoCp .30	32	770	47⅝	45⅝	47⅝	+ 2⅜
33¼	21¼	Masonite .43	15	41	27¼	26⅝	26⅞	— ⅛
23	16⅜	MassyF .15e	7	108	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅜
28⅝	20¼	MaMMfg 2e	11	48	22	21⅝	22	+ ⅛
22⅛	18⅝	MasMI 1.32e		34	20	19	20	+ ⅜
35⅝	24	MatsuE .38e	9	102	28⅞	28⅜	28⅝	
14⅝	4⅛	Mattel .02p		145	4¾	4½	4⅝	— ⅛
52⅝	27	MayDSt 1.60	10	148	34⅞	33⅝	34½	+ ⅞
32⅝	24⅝	MayerOs .65	14	6	24⅞	24½	24½	— ⅛
12⅝	7⅛	MaysJW .50	6	7	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
43⅝	25	Maytag 1.35	13	123	28½	28	28⅜	+ ⅜
34⅝	20	MCA Inc .64	8	9	22	21¾	22	— ⅛
24	14⅞	McCord .88	7	4	16⅞	16½	16⅞	+ ⅜
30⅝	19⅞	McCror 1.20	4	15	19½	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
80¼	50	McDermot 1	27	113	65¼	62⅝	64¼	+ 1⅝
76⅞	58	McDonalds	63	992	67½	64	66⅝	+ 2⅝
29	22¼	McDonD .40	7	24	24¼	23⅝	23⅞	
40¼	28½	McGEd 1.50	11	10	29⅝	29	29	
16⅝	8⅛	McGrwH .40	8	37	8⅝	8½	8⅝	
5⅞	3⅛	McGrg Don	8	13	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
63½	46	McIntyre		z230	54¾	54½	54⅝	+ ¼
23⅞	15¾	McKee .65e	13	7	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
49¼	35	McLean .60	9	174	35½	34⅝	35½	+ ⅝
22	14⅛	McLouth Stl	8	22	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	11½	McNeil .75	7	12	12⅛	12	12	
16¼	13⅛	MeadCp .60	10	17	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
41	35¼	Mea pfB2.80		17	35	35	35	— ¼
38	22⅛	Medusa 1.25	7	3	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+ ⅛
4	2⅛	MEI Cp	8	22	2½	2⅜	2½	
34	22	MelvSho .40	20	825	24⅝	22⅞	24	+ 1⅝
18½	2¼	Memorex	11	560	5	4⅝	4⅞	+ ⅛
17½	7	Menasc .75t	5	13	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
171	126½	MercSr 1.60	18	5	132¾	130¾	132¾	+ 3
101½	85½	Merck 1.18	46	247	94½	92⅝	94½	+ 2¼
20¼	13⅛	Meredith .78	9	20	15	14¾	14⅞	+ ⅛
39¾	13⅛	MerrLyn .56	9	313	16½	15¼	16⅛	+ 1¼
83	57½	MesaP .10b	19	27	65¾	63½	65⅛	+ 2⅞
10	8¾	Mesabi .88e	11	30	9¾	9½	9¾	+ ⅛
16⅝	11⅛	Mesta Mch		3	11¾	11½	11¾	+ ¼
24	13⅝	MGM	9	6	14⅝	14	14⅝	+ ⅝
32⅝	15¼	Metrom .50b	8	31	16⅞	16⅛	16⅞	+ ⅞
53	48⅝	MetE pf3.90		z50	50	50	50	+ 1
101½	95	MetE pf7.68		z50	95½	95½	95½	— ½
98⅞	55⅝	MGIC In .10	47	417	69½	67	68⅞	+ 2⅝
20⅛	15	MichGs 1.04	11	5	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
16	13⅝	MichTube 1	7	6	14	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
17⅝	10⅞	Microdot .44	5	27	12¾	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
19½	16⅛	MidCntT .96	11	206	17¾	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
27½	20¼	MidS Ut 1.10	11	703	24⅛	23⅝	24	+ ⅛
18⅝	14¼	MidIM 1.70e	8	7	15⅛	15	15	— ⅛
16¾	11⅝	Midl Ros .80	7	64	12⅛	11¾	11⅞	— ⅛
60	43⅝	MilesLb 1.28	14	32	44½	43	44½	+ ⅞
31	14¼	MillBrd .36a	11	68	15	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
88⅞	76¼	MinnMM 1	37	388	84½	83¾	84	— ⅜
22½	19¼	MinnPL 1.47	8	11	19⅝	19½	19¾	
20	15⅛	MirroAl .96	9	18	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	+ ⅜
30⅞	15¼	MissnEq .24	10	22	16	15⅝	15⅞	+ ⅛
20⅝	14⅝	MissRivr .90	10	11	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ⅜
83	71½	MoPac A 5	4	4	72	71⅝	72	+ ⅜
29⅝	23½	MPCem 1.60	7	2	23⅝	23¼	23⅝	
17⅞	15	MoPSv .84b	9	2	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	
75¼	59	MobilO 2.80	12	299	69⅝	67½	69⅜	+ 2½
30¾	17⅝	Mohas 1.20	7	76	19¼	18⅞	19¼	+ ⅜
13⅝	3½	Mohk Data		69	5½	5⅛	5⅜	+ ⅛
23⅞	15½	Mohk Rub 1	5	6	16½	16¼	16½	+ ⅛
19⅛	13⅛	Molybden	10	42	14½	13⅞	14⅜	+ ⅜
17	13⅝	Monarch .40	69	4	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	
12⅜	5⅛	Mongrm Ind	5	57	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
24¾	16	MonrEq .44	30	45	17½	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
57½	47¾	Monsan 1.80	12	415	53⅝	53	53⅝	+ ¾
68	59½	Mons pf2.75		11	64½	63½	64	— 1
42	31⅜	MntDUt 1.94	10	10	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	
36	32½	MonPw 1.80	12	29	33½	33¼	33½	— ⅛
14⅝	11⅛	Mony 1.05e	11	59	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
18⅝	11⅛	MooreMcC	6	8	12⅝	12⅛	12½	
52⅞	47	Morgan .36a	15	259	52	50⅞	52	+ 1
20⅛	15½	MorrKn .20r	5	15	16	15⅞	16	
39¼	12⅝	MorseEl Pd	7	63	15¼	13⅞	15¼	+ 1½
18⅞	7	MorseSh .75	6	48	8¼	7⅞	8⅛	+ ⅛
23	16⅛	MtgTr 2.16e	7	29	17⅛	17	17⅛	— ⅛
32⅝	14⅛	MorNor .84	8	158	16½	15⅝	16½	+ ½
52	45¼	Motorola .50	23	267	50¼	47½	49	+ 1⅜
99½	57⅜	MtFul S 1.80	19	202	69	65½	68⅝	+ 3⅜
23	20⅞	MtStaT 1.36	9	65	22	20⅞	21¾	+ ⅝
23⅝	16⅞	MSL Ind	5	38	19⅝	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
14⅝	7¼	Munford .28	6	10	7¾	7¼	7⅝	
9	6⅛	Munfd pf.40		2	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜	
24⅝	16⅝	MurphC 1.20	9	2	18	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
66¼	47½	MurpOil .64	20	231	61⅛	60	60⅛	— ½
33⅝	22⅝	MurrOh .60b	10	41	26¼	25⅝	26⅛	+ 1⅛
18⅝	16¼	MutuO 1.30e		19	17⅛	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅛
19⅝	11⅛	MyersL .80	11	21	12	11⅝	11⅝	
		N						
61	41¼	Nabisco 2.30	12	73	45⅝	44⅞	45⅛	+ ¼
30	25	NalcoCh .43	30	460	31½	29½	31⅛	+ 1¾
27¼	14⅛	NarcoScl .40	11	8	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛	— ⅛
57½	42	NashuaC .52	29	10	46½	46¼	46¼	+ ⅛
33⅞	13½	NatAirl .20e	6	x678	15¼	14⅞	15¼	+ ⅞
21⅝	14¼	N Avia 1.45e		41	15½	15	15⅛	— ⅛
17½	10½	Nat Can .45	8	47	11⅝	10⅝	11	+ ⅛
35⅝	26⅛	N CashR .40		783	37⅝	35	37	+ 2
97	78⅛	N Chem .34	51	8	84⅝	83⅝	84⅛	+ ⅛
49½	41½	NatDet 2.36	7	37	41⅝	41⅛	41⅝	— ⅛
17⅛	13½	NatDistl .90	10	72	14⅝	13⅞	14⅛	+ ⅛
76½	73½	NDst pf 4.25		z100	77	77	77	+ ½
29½	23¼	NatFuel 1.80	7	7	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	+ ⅝
36⅝	25¼	Nat Genl .50	5	31	30⅝	29½	30⅛	+ ⅞
17½	13¼	NatGyp 1.05	7	70	14⅝	14	14⅜	+ ⅛
12	4⅞	N Home .20	10	71	5	4⅞	5	
4½	2⅝	Nat Ind .05e	13	9	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝	+ ⅛
14½	11⅝	Ntind pf1.25		6	11⅝	11½	11½	— ⅛
34¼	30	N Pres 1.10a	4	36	30	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
40⅞	27½	N Semcndtr	41	100	31½	30½	31⅛	+ 1
28½	14⅝	N Svclnd .70	9	58	15	14⅝	14½	+ ⅛
35½	19⅞	N Stand .75	18	33	20	19¾	20	+ ½
59¼	51⅜	N Starch .66	23	2	55⅝	55¼	55⅝	+ ⅛
42½	34⅞	Nt Steel 2.50	8	20	35½	35	35½	+ ½
7⅞	4⅞	Nat Tea		44	5⅝	5¼	5¼	
34⅞	19¾	NatUnEl .90	8	1	23	23	23	
67⅞	34⅛	Nafomas .25	42	282	42½	39⅝	41⅞	+ 2⅝
16	11¼	Neptune .40	14	2	11½	11⅜	11½	+ ¼
43½	32	NevPw 1.35	8	456	31¾	31	31	— 1
22½	20⅛	NevP pf1.60		z690	20⅝	20¼	20⅛	+ ½
26⅞	23¾	NEngEl 1.68	9	37	24⅛	24	24	— ¼
39¾	33¼	N EngT 2.36	12	8	34¼	33⅞	34⅛	+ ⅛
12	8⅛	Newhall .30		20	8⅝	8½	8½	
31⅝	21¾	Newmt 1.04	12	77	24	23⅞	24	+ ½
33¾	29½	NYSEG 2.16	9	28	30½	30¼	30½	+ ⅜
114	109½	NYSE pf8.80		z90	110	109½	110	+ ½
18¼	15⅜	NiaMP 1.14	8	89	16	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
104	100	Nia M pf7.72		z100	100½	100½	100½	— ½
72	67⅝	NiaM pf 5.25		z10	69	69	69	
47	45	NiaM pf 3.40		z100	45¼	45¼	45¼	
20¼	16	NiagS 1.16e		14	17	16½	14½	— ⅝
18	13½	NL Ind 1	8	100	13¾	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
27⅝	21⅝	NLT Cp .36	12	69	24½	24⅛	24½	+ ½
72¼	60⅛	NorfkWn 5	7	40	63	62⅝	63	+ ⅝
50	23	Norris 1.08	6	42	23½	23	23½	+ ½
28⅝	20½	NoACoal .60	14	12	21⅞	21⅛	21¼	+ ⅛
35	23¼	NoAMt 2.50e	10	30	24⅝	23⅞	24½	+ ⅜
34¾	23⅝	NoAmPhil 1	7	3	23⅞	23¼	23⅞	+ ⅛
6⅝	4⅛	NoCAir .05e	6	102	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	
2⅛	1½	NoCeAir wt		14	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
16⅝	14	NoestUt 1.02	9	110	14⅝	14⅛	14¼	
13⅝	9⅝	NoCenGs .60	9	7	10½	9⅞	10⅛	+ ⅛
29⅝	25¾	NollGas 1.92	8	53	27⅛	26⅝	27	
31¼	26⅝	NIlGs pf1.90		20	27½	27⅛	27⅜	+ ⅛
27½	21½	NIndPS 1.36	10	34	24⅝	24	24	+ ⅛
44	36⅝	NNGas 2.60	9	23	38⅛	36⅞	38	+ 1
31¾	26⅞	NoStPw 1.84	10	34	30⅝	29¾	30	+ ⅛
57	55	NSPw pf4.08		z50	54½	54½	54½	— ½
52½	48¼	NSPw pf3.60		z70	48½	48¼	48¼	— 1¼
7⅝	4⅞	Northgate	8	14	5½	5⅜	5½	+ ⅛
26⅝	16½	Northrop 1	7	9	18⅝	18	18⅝	
28	21½	Nrthp pf1.45		9	22⅝	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
36⅝	19⅞	NwstAirl .45	24	312	24	22⅝	23⅝	+ 1⅝
64⅞	52⅝	NwtBnc 1.50	15	20	57½	56⅝	57½	+ ¾
31⅝	18⅞	Nwst Ind .65	5	42	21½	20⅝	21⅛	+ ½
16⅝	6⅝	Nwstlnd wt		14	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
98	64⅝	Nwind pfAS		10	73⅝	71½	73½	+ 3
98	67½	Nwind pfC5		2	74¼	74¼	74¼	
75½	56	Nwtn pf4.20		11	58	57½	58	+ ½
27¼	22⅝	NwMu 1.80e	12	18	23	23	23	
34⅝	25½	NwtStW .76	7	11	26⅝	26½	26½	— ⅛
34	24	Norton 1.50	7	35	25⅝	25¼	25½	
42	27½	NorSim .25b	17	891	31⅞	30⅛	31⅜	+ ⅜
86⅝	56½	Nrt S pf1.60		24	66	63½	66	+ 2
19⅝	14⅝	Nucor .05e	6	5	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	
20⅝	12⅝	NVFCo 4.24t	2	25	13⅝	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
		O						
20½	11½	Oak Ind .32	6	16	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛	
19⅝	15⅝	Oakite P .84	12	5	16	16	16	
13½	9⅝	Occid Pet	144	598	10⅛	9⅝	10⅛	+ ⅜
57⅝	43	OccidPt pf 4		20	44⅝	43½	43⅞	— ¼
48	40⅛	OccIP pf3.60		40	41¼	40⅝	40⅝	— ½
29⅞	24⅛	OccIP pf2.16		1	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅜
17	12½	OgdenCp .60	8	80	16	15⅝	15⅞	— ⅛
31½	27⅞	Ogdn pf1.87		1	29¼	29¼	29¼	+ ⅛
23⅝	20⅝	OhioEd 1.60	11	61	22⅛	21¾	21⅞	+ ⅛
102⅝	98	OhEd pf7.24		z50	97⅝	97⅜	97⅜	+ ⅝
55⅝	51½	OhEd pf3.90		z50	51½	51½	51½	
28½	25	OklaGE 1.32	13	20	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
25¼	19⅝	OkiaNG 1.32	10	19	21⅝	20⅝	21	+ ⅜
19⅞	12⅝	OlinCorp .88	16	39	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	7⅞	Onark .15r	5	10	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
19⅝	12⅛	Oneida .76	6	21	14	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
17⅞	15⅝	OrangR 1.28	13	19	16¼	16	16⅛	
40⅝	33	OtisElev 2	9	10	35⅝	35⅛	35⅝	+ ⅜
45⅝	32⅝	OutMar 1.08	8	10	34⅝	33⅝	34⅝	+ ⅜
17⅝	11⅛	OutletCo .65	6	7	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	
39⅝	25⅝	OvernitT .68	9	3	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
54⅝	40⅝	OwenCn .81	16	169	47	46⅛	46½	— ¼
43⅝	31⅝	OwenIll 1.40	8	38	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	
29⅞	16½	OxfrdInd .60	6	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
		P - Q						
32⅝	26⅝	PacGsE 1.78	9	209	29⅝	29⅛	29⅝	+ ½
26¼	22½	PacLtg 1.68	9	12	23	22⅝	23	+ ¼
46½	26½	PacPetrl .50	19	75	27⅝	26⅝	27⅝	+ ⅝
26⅛	22¼	PacPL 1.50	10	28	23⅛	23	23⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	16	PacTT 1.20	10	116	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
5-32	1-16	Pac TT rt		453	3-32	1-16	1-16	
90¼	80	PacTT pf 6		z260	82½	81	82½	+ 2½
9⅛	4⅝	PaineWb .30	17	70	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ¼
17½	12½	PalW pf1.30		22	13¼	12⅝	13¼	+ ⅝
8⅝	4½	PalmBc .25	6	14	5	4⅞	5	
24¼	4	Pamida Inc	9	22	5	4⅝	5	+ ¼
10⅞	7½	PanAm Air		305	8⅛	7⅝	8	+ ⅛
45⅝	33	PanEP 1.90	9	36	35⅝	35⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
32⅝	13	Paprcft .60b	9	12	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
19	12	Pargas .90	8	12	13	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
35⅝	20⅝	ParHan 1.04	9	6	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞	+ ¼
23¼	17½	ParPen .43a	11	11	18	18	18	— ⅛
17⅝	8⅝	Pasco Inc	35	35	11⅛	10⅞	10⅞	
18⅝	11	Payl nw .27	8	30	11⅞	11¼	11⅞	+ ⅝
45⅞	20½	Peabdy Gal	28	92	23¼	21½	22⅞	+ 1⅞
3⅛	1⅛	Penn Cent		70	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	
10⅛	5⅝	PennDx .20b	7	38	6	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
101	76½	Penney 1.08	28	182	84½	82⅝	84⅜	+ 1⅜
26	22½	PaPwLt 1.48	9	45	23⅝	22⅝	22⅞	+ ⅛
113	108½	PaPL pr8.70		z100	109	109	109	+ ½
109¾	104½	PaPL pr8.40		z130	105½	105	105½	— 1
16	100	PaPL pr8.00		z190	100	100	100	
65	58⅝	PaPL pf4.50		z10	59	59	59	+ ½
63½	57	PaPL pf4.40		z220	58	57½	57½	— ½
29	20¼	Pennwlt 1.20	12	8	22	21¼	22	
27	22¼	Penwl pf1.60		3	22½	22⅛	22¼	— ¼
32	18¼	Pennzoll .80	10	425	20⅛	19⅞	20⅛	+ ⅛
45¾	26½	Pennz pf1.33		106	30	28⅝	30	+ ¾
10⅞	6¼	PeopDrg .20	15	9	7⅝	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
39⅝	31½	PeopGs 2.24	7	40	32¾	32	32	— ¾
89⅝	79⅝	PepsiCo 1.08	26	101	83⅞	81	82⅝	+ 3⅛
43⅛	31⅝	PerkElm .22	34	133	31	30⅛	30⅞	— ⅜
38⅞	24	Pet Inc 1.35	9	12	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
21½	14¼	PetInc pf 1		2	16	16	16	+ ½
21	14	PetInc pf.80		1	15	15	15	
31	16¾	PetePal 1.20	12	7	18⅞	18½	18½	+ ⅛
79	62½	PetrieS .40a	28	4	62½	62½	62½	— ⅛
33	13	Petrolan .36	9	334	13⅝	12⅝	13⅛	— ⅝
25⅝	20	Petrim 2.10e		18	22¼	21¾	22¼	+ ⅜
46⅞	38½	Pfizer .64a	28	301	44⅝	44⅛	44⅜	— ⅛
47½	38⅝	PhelpD 2.20	10	93	42⅝	42	42⅛	+ ⅞
23⅝	21⅝	PhilaEl 1.64	10	64	21⅞	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
114	110	PhilE pf8.75		z50	112½	112	112½	+ 1½
105⅝	102½	PhilE pf7.85		z40	103½	103½	103½	— 1
53¼	51	PhilE pf3.80		z100	52⅛	52	52⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	17¼	PhilSub 1.20	8	4	19	18⅞	19	+ ⅜
136⅝	104⅝	PhilMor 1.30	23	129	123¼	119½	123½	+ 4
11¼	5½	Philip In .20	5	49	6	5⅝	6	+ ⅛
18⅝	11⅞	Phil Ind pf 1		11	12	12	12	
52¼	40⅝	PhilPet 1.30	25	926	52⅝	51⅝	52⅛	+ ½
21⅝	11⅛	PhilVH .40a	5	23	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
51¼	21¼	Pickwik Int	14	74	25¼	25	25⅛	+ ⅛
19⅝	17	PiedNG 1.28	6	22	18	17⅞	18	+ ⅛
24	7⅛	Pier 1 Imprt	11	15	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
55	41¼	Pilsbry 1.32	11	9	43¾	43⅛	43½	+ ⅛
23⅝	15	PlonNGs .84	11	12	16¾	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
21⅞	11⅛	PitneyB .68	12	129	13⅞	12¼	13⅛	+ 1⅛
17⅝	14⅛	PittFrg .88b	11	7	14¼	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
34⅞	23⅛	Pittston .40b	18	1639	25	23⅛	24¼	— 1
36	14⅛	Pizza Hut	15	15	17½	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	2½	Plan Resrch	11	27	2⅝	2⅜	2⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	6⅝	Playboy .12	6	33	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	+ ¼
28⅝	25	Plessy 1.02e	95	5	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
		Ples fnl.00e		5	25	24½	24⅝	
142⅝	103¼	Polaroid .32	104	680	142⅝	138⅛	142⅝	+ 5⅜
86⅝	40	Ponderosa S	31	767	53⅝	51⅝	52⅝	— ⅛
20⅝	15⅝	PopeTa .40b	4	11	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
18⅝	13⅝	Portecin .80	6	7	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
22½	20⅛	PortGE 1.48	9	31	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ¼
36	19½	Potlatch 1	8	16	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	+ ⅛
16⅝	14⅝	PotmEl 1.08	9	78	15	14⅞	14⅞	+ ⅛
41	36¼	PotEl pf2.44		1	36½	36¼	36½	— ½
47	29¼	PPGInd 1.40	7	71	31⅝	31⅛	31⅝	+ ½
14⅛	8⅛	Premier .30	9	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
18¼	13	Premr pf.90		4	13¼	13	13	
120	93	ProcG 1.56	29	153	107	104⅝	107	+ 2⅛
9½	6	ProdRsh .10	16	10	6¼	6¼	6⅛	
21⅞	12	PSA Inc	9	81	13	12⅛	12⅝	
24⅛	18⅛	PSvCol 1.16	8	22	19½	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅜
25¼	22⅝	PSvEG 1.72	9	99	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+ ¼
122½	116	PSEG pf9.62		z100	117¾	117¾	117¾	
103⅝	96½	PSEG pf7.52		1	98	98	98	
93½	87½	PSEG pf6.80		z50	87½	87½	87½	— ½
70½	64	PSEG pf5.05		z100	65½	65	65½	+ 1½
58½	55½	PSEG pf4.30		z10	57	57	57	
20⅝	18⅝	PSEG pf1.40		3	19⅛	18⅝	18⅝	
45	37¼	PSvInd 2.24	11	18	39⅝	39⅛	39⅝	+ ⅜
99¼	96½	PSInd pf7.15		z100	98½	98½	98½	— ½
25⅝	21⅝	PSvNH 1.64	10	14	22⅛	22⅛	22⅝	
25⅝	19⅝	PSvNM 1.08	7	7	21	21		
4¾	3	Pubickr .24t		10	3⅛			
6⅝	3½	Pueblol .28a		23	4⅞			
10¼	6⅞	PR Cemt .40	13	5	6⅝			
34½	29⅝	PugSPL 1.98	9	8	30			
64⅞	45⅞	Pullman 2	15	67	62⅝			
19¼	13½	PurexCp .84	9	x28	14⅛			
60⅝	29⅝	Purolatr .84	13	32	35⅝			
47½	34	QuakOat .72	17	41	35⅞			
115	85	QukOat pf 3		2	88⅛			
44	26⅝	QuakStO .43	22	48	26			
24	11¾	Questcr .50	8	27	12⅞			
		R						
45	36½	RalstonP .75	19	82	39⅝			
62⅝	51⅛	RalsP pf1.20		9	55			
22	8¼	Ramad .12b	13	244	8⅞			
24	13	Ranco In .92	7	39	14⅛			
21	14½	RandAm .50	3	82	14½			
99⅝	51½	RapAm pf 3		3	51⅛			
32⅝	21⅝	RaybstsM 1	5	11	23⅞			
11⅝	8	Raymint .20	9	61	8⅛			
34¼	24¾	Raythen .60	9	14	25⅞			
39⅝	24	RCA 1	12	x490	26			
91	64½	RCA cv pf 4		66	71			
53	50	RCA pf 3.50		z30	50¼			
2⅝	1¼	viReads Co		7	1½			
2½	1⅛	viReads 2pf		9	1½			
28⅝	20⅝	RdgBate .25	21	35	24			
23¼	6	Redman .12	1	335	7½			
27⅝	17⅞	Reece .74a	9	15	19⅝			
19½	10⅝	Reed Tool	18	30	11¼			
30⅝	26⅛	ReevBr 1.50	6	1	26⅝			
13⅝	9⅛	ReichCh .40	7	17	9⅛			
10⅝	8⅛	Reliab St .60	6	12	8½			
27⅛	15	RelianEl .70	11	22	16⅛			
4⅞	1⅛	Republic Cp	12	31	1⅝			
28	18⅝	RepFinS .80	5	18	19			
19¾	13½	RepMtg 1.80	9	19	16¾			
30⅝	24⅝	RepStl 1.20	7	21	25⅛			
33⅝	25½	RetailCred 2	9	12	25½			
54⅝	38⅝	RevcoDS .28	24	x80	40⅛			
9⅝	6¼	Revera Cop		43	7⅛			
74	56⅝	Revlon 1.08	21	18	63			
6⅝	3⅝	Rexham Cp	8	37	4⅛			
29⅝	19½	Rexnrd 1.04	10	7	22⅝			
51⅝	40	Rexn pf2.50		1	41			
55⅝	41	Reylnd 2.59	7	467	44⅛			
61	40⅝	Reyl pf 2.25		23	47½			
17¼	12	ReynMet .40	60	49	14⅝			
60¼	53⅝	ReyM pf4.50		5	57			
18⅝	9	ReynSec .50	5	6	9½			
16⅝	11½	Richrdsn .80	6	17	11⅞			
84¼	65	RichMr 1.04	19	10	67¼			
19⅞	16⅛	Richmond n	7	159	17			
29⅞	15¾	RiddrP .32	1	4	16			
20⅞	14	RiegelTex 1	6	26	15⅝			
17¾	11⅛	RioGran .60	5	7	12			
12⅞	10	RioGr pf.80		16	10¼			
56⅞	28⅞	RiteAid .10	48	78	37¼			
40	17⅞	RivlanF .86	12	15	18⅝			
6⅝	5⅞	RoanST .78e		60	6			
37⅞	18½	RobshCn .76	8	25	23⅝			
36	28⅛	RobinsA .22	36	97	35			
24⅛	20⅝	RochG 1.20b	9	50	21½			
25½	20½	RochTel .70	13	18	23			
17⅝	9⅝	Rockwer .28	5	31	10½			
32⅝	25¼	Rockwll 1.60	9	99	29⅝			
82½	68¼	Rklnt pf4.75		12	74			
29⅛	22⅝	Rklnt pf1.35		3	26			
116	88	RohmHa .88	24	52	99⅛			

(Continued on next page)

Eurodollars

June 12, 1973

	Bid	Ask	Change Bid
7 Day Fix	8 1/8	8 3/8	—
One Month	8 11/16	8 13/16	— 5/16
3 Months	8 7/8	9	+ 1/8
6 Months	8 7/8	9	+ 1/8
One Year	8 13/16	8 15/16	+ 1/16

U.S. Commodity Prices

NEW YORK, June 12.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Tuesday	Year ago
FOODS		
Cocoa, Accra, lb.	*.67¾	*.31½
Coffee 4 Santos, lb.	*.65	†.47¼
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½ yd.	*.31	*.26
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.), ton	132.00	126.00
Iron 2 Fdry Phila. ton	87.92	83.50
Steel scrap No. 1 hvy Pitt.	51-52	36-37
Lead spot, lb.	.16½	.15½-.16
Copper elec., lb.	.60-.60½	.53½-¾
Tin (Straits), lb.	2.12	1.75½
Zinc, E.St.L. basis, lb.	.20¼-.22½	.18
Silver N.Y., oz.	2.515	1.56
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's Index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931)	563.1	404.3

*Nominal. †Asked.

NEW YORK FUTURES

June 12, 1973

World sugar No. 11: July 9.10-15, Sept. 8.75-80, Oct. 8.60-63, March 8.19-16, May 8.12, July 8.00, Sept. 7.92 n, Oct. 7.84 n.

Wool: July 228.5 b.

Cocoa: July 58.35, Sept. 57.30, Dec. 53.10, March 50.48.

Copper: July 78.55, Sept. 74.65, Oct. 74.00, Dec. 72.75, Jan. 72.30, March 71.30, May 70.50, July 69.75.

Orange juice: July 43.90 b, Sept. 44.20 b, Nov. 45.25, Jan. 45.50 b, March 48.15 b, May 46.80 b.

Potatoes: Nov. 4.07 a, March 4.51, April 4.90, May 5.56.

Silver: June 252.70, July 254.80, Sept. 258.20, Dec. 262.20, Jan. 264.70, March 267.60, May 270.10, July 272.60, Sept. 275.00.

COTTON No. 2:

	Open	High	Low	Close	Ch.
July	51.50	52.30	50.85	51.15	—35
Oct.	50.10	51.40	49.70	50.30	—65
Dec.	48.85	49.85	48.70	48.85	—69
March	48.40	49.25	48.27	48.40	—60
May	47.00	47.00	47.00	B47.00	—50
Oct.	42.70	42.70	42.70	B42.70	—55

B—Bid.

CHICAGO FUTURES

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close
WHEAT					
Jul	2.93½	2.93½	2.88½	2.93½	2.87½
Sep	2.94¾	2.95¾	2.88	2.93	2.85½
Dec	2.89⅝	2.89⅝	2.83½	2.88	2.79⅝
Mar	2.86¼	2.86¼	2.81	2.86¼	2.76¼
May	2.82	2.82	2.79	2.82	2.72
CORN					
Jul	2.38½	2.40⅜	2.35¼	2.38½	2.30⅝
Sep	2.27	2.30	2.24½	2.25½	2.21½
Dec	2.21	2.21	2.13	2.14	2.12⅝
Mar	2.16½	2.19	2.10½	2.12	2.11½
May	2.16¼	2.18	2.10	2.11	2.08½
SOYBEANS					
Jul	11.80	11.98	11.20	11.48	11.55
Aug	10.74	10.74	10.55	10.74	10.34
Sep	8.93	8.93	8.61	8.93	8.53
Nov	6.50	6.72½	6.43	6.60	6.35
Jan	6.40	6.52	6.30	6.46	6.20
Mar	6.35	6.43	6.20	6.38	6.09½
May	6.28	6.42	6.19	6.35	6.07
SOYBEAN OIL					
Jul	19.30	19.45	18.60	18.75	19.25
Aug	18.80	18.99	18.20	18.35	18.70
Sep	18.20	18.30	17.50	17.60	18.05
Oct	16.00	16.30	15.40	15.50	16.03
Dec	14.52	14.77	14.00	14.20	14.62
Jan	14.35	14.40	13.60	13.85	14.38
Mar	14.00	14.25	13.50	13.50	14.10
May	14.00	14.20	13.45	13.45	14.05
SOYBEAN MEAL					
Jul	410.00	410.00	390.00	400.00	400.00
Aug	392.00	395.00	370.00	393.00	381.00
Sep	330.00	335.00	315.00	333.00	321.00
Oct	269.00	270.00	252.00	270.00	255.00
Dec	216.00	216.00	207.00	216.00	201.00
Jan	209.00	210.00	204.00	210.00	195.00
Mar	203.00	205.00	197.00	204.00	197.00

May	200.00	203.00	19

b—Bid; a—Asked; n—No

SILVER			
Jun	254.40	256.00	25
Aug	251.50	259.20	251
Oct	254.50	262.50	254
Dec	218.00	265.90	25
Feb	262.00	268.50	26
Apr	254.10	271.00	26
Jun	269.00	273.00	26
Aug	269.00	276.00	26
LIVE BEEF CATTLE			
Jun	47.70	47.82	4
Aug	47.70	47.27	4
Oct	46.95	47.02	4
Dec	47.00	47.10	4
Feb	47.10	47.15	4
Apr	46.82	46.90	4
Jun	46.82	46.82	a46

Sales: June 782; Aug 794; 868; F... 230; April 79; Jun

SHELL EGGS			
Jun	55.25	55.45	55
Jul	58.75	59.00	57
Aug	60.50	61.75	59
Sep	66.25	66.50	64
Oct	62.40	62.50	61.
Nov	64.00	64.75	63
Dec	67.50	67.60	65.
Jan	64.25	64.25	63

Sales: June 39; July 324; 1831; Oct 32; Nov 19; Dec

LIVE HOGS			
Jun	40.60	40.65	40
Jul	41.15	41.30	40
Aug	40.22	40.32	3
Oct	39.22	39.30	38
Dec	39.47	39.65	38
Feb	39.70	39.72	39
Apr	37.80	37.95	37
Jun	37.85	b38.10	37
Jul	38.00	38.00	3

Sales: June 231; July 72; 4699; Dec 500; Feb 63; A; July 1.

FROZEN PORK BEL			
Jul	56.60	56.92	5
Aug	53.75	56.25	5
Feb	55.10	55.55	5
Mar	54.85	b55.75	54
May	—	—	—

Sales: July 1910; Aug ; March 57; May 0.

Open Interest: July 3553; 1935; March 181; May 5.

b-Bid; a-Asked; n-Nomin.

European Gold

June 12, 19

	Op
London	116.2
Zurich	118.0
Paris (12.5 kilo)	114.5

U.S. dollars per ounc

European M

(Yesterday's closi in local curre

Amsterdam

AKZO	73.50
Albert Heijn.	136.60
Algembank	353
Amrobank	81.20
A'dam	263
Fokker	35.70
Heineken	298
H.V.A.	93.50
Holland-Am.	193.50
Hoogovens	74.20
K.L.M.	105.70
Philips new	53.20
Robeco	240.80
Rolinco	119.70
Royal Dutch	159
Unilever	147.40
Van Ommer.	350.50
Ver.Mach.	180

Brussels

Arbed	4,900
Cock-Ougree.	1,342
Electrobel	7,710
GB Enterpr.	2,980
Hoboken	5,250
Lambert	2,950
Petrofina	7,840
Ph.Gevaert	1,498
Soc.Générale	3,100
Solvay	3,060
Un.Minière	1,730

Frankfurt

AEG	132.50
Aug.Thyssen	68
BASF	142.50
Bayer	122.50
Commerzbk.	144
Cont.Gummi	101
Daimler-Benz	372
Demag	184
DeutBank	223.50
DresdeBank	182
Gels Aktien	79
Hoesch	54.30
Karstadt	350
Kaufhof	261
KHD	107
Lufthansa	60.50
Mannesmann	167
Metallgesell.	230
Neckermann	144.50
Rheinstahl	120
RWE new	129.50
Schering	464
Siemens	257.80
Veba	123
Volkswagen	140

London

Anglo-Am Cp	4.32
Anglo-Amin	£31⅜
BarclayBank	3.98
BeechamGr	2.80
BICC	1.54
Boots	2.72
Bowater	1.98
Brit.-mTob.	2.55
Brit.Oxyg.	0.76
Brit.Pet.	5.76
BLMC	0.31
Burmah	4.85
Cadbury Schw	0.30½
Chartered	2.09
Courtaulds	1.56
Daggafont	0.07
DeBeerD	3.80
Decca Rec	3.55
Distillers	1.45
Dunlop	1.01
El.Mas.Ind	1.66
FreeStGed	6.05
GEC	1.44
GKN	3.59

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISEMENT

June 12, 1973

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied to the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly.

(w) Alexander Fund	$8.99
(d) Am. Express Int'l Fd.	$8.72
(w) Amitalia Fund	$9.06
(w) Andreae Equity	Can.$5.10
(w) Apollo (Tempus) Int.pr.	SF82.41
(i) Apollo Fund S.A.	$59.90
(w) Aries Fund	$31.32
(w) Asea Corporation	DM12.35
(r) Atlantic Invest.	$43.12
(w) Austral. Trust S.A.	$11.27
(w) Austral'n Selection Fd.	$7.30
BAER, Julius & Co.:	
— (d) Baerbond	SF856.70
— (d) Conbar	SF889.00
— (d) Grobar	SF712.00
— (d) Stockbar	SF965.80
BARCLAYTRUST FRONTIER:	
— (w) BtF Growth Fund	$8.81
— (w) BtF Japan Fund	$12.11
— (w) BtF Trust S.A.	$10.30
— (w) BtF Income Fund	$9.57
(w) Broad & Wall Fd. Int'l.	$51.23
(w) Browninvest	$19.58
(r) Cal. Land & Constr.	$19.37
(d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd.	Can.$14.01
(d) Can. Secur. Growth Fd.	Can.$5.33
CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:	
— (w) Capital Int'l	$14.34
— (w) Capital Italia S.A.	$11.88
(d) Capital Reinvest	LF990
(d) Caribico N.V. "C" Sh.	$131.85
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fd.	$806.45
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.A Certs.	$8.74
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.B Certs.	$11.36
(d) Convert. Bond Fd.N.V.	$9.22
(r) Convert. Sec. N.Y.	$808.69
CREDIT SUISSE:	
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds	SF93.80
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l	SF93.00
CREDIT SUISSE: SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) Europa-Valor	SF164.75
— (d) Intervalor	SF97.00
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser.	SF281.00
(d) Crosby Fund S.A.	$6.15
(w) D.G.C.	$67.42
(d) Delta Invest. Fund	$10.22
(d) Delta Multifund	$10.13
(d) Daiwa Int'l Fund	Yen 9,831
DREYFUS GROUP:	
— (d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l	$10.98
— (w) Dr.Interct.Inv.Fd.	$11.28
— (w) Dr. Offsh. Com. Sh.	$8.47
— (w) Dr.Offsh.Deb.Prem.	—
(d) Eurunion	$52.18
(d) Executive Fd of Canada	$5.92
FIDELITY:	
— (w) Fidelity Equitalia	$12.03
— (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund	$20.32
— (w) Fidelity Pacific Fd.	$23.63
(d) Fidncem	BF1,168
(d) Finance Union	$10.76
(d) First/Fund	$13.01
FIRST INVESTORS:	
— (w) American Trust	$4.18
— (w) Int'l Min.& Petr.Fd.	$3.32
— (i) Austl.Ld.& Prop.Fd.	Bah.$11.67
(d) First Nt'l City Fund	$33.94
(d) First Security Cap. Fd.	$83.52
(w) Fleming Fund S.A.	$67.75
(w) Fleming Japan Fund	$24.53
(w) Fonselex Issue Pr.	SF3,499
(d) Formula Selection Fd.	SF100.47
(d) Fonditalia	$12.89
FUND OF AUSTRALIA GROUP:	
— (w) Fd of Austral. ($US)	$3.73
— (w) Fd.Austral.Sterling	Aus.$3.70
— (w) Prop. Bonds Aust.	Aus.$1.21
— (w) — — Int'l Ltd.	Aus.$3.36
(d) Fund of Nations	$8.29
(w) Future Australia Fd.	Aus.$10.13
G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:	
— (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd.	Berm.$24.25
— (w) G.T. Dollar Fund	Berm.$6.57
(w) Guardian Gr.Fd.Int'l	$8.34
(w) Hambro Overseas Fd.	$6.06
(w) Haussmann Holdgs. NV	$4.651
(w) Hedged Investors	$10.382
(i) H.O.T.T./Hobet	$29.99
(d) ICOFUND	$12.46
(w) INGROW	$23.43
(d) Interfix	SF383.40
(d) Interfund S.A.	$12.54
(d) Interitalia	Lire 9,888
(w) Intermarket Fund	$113.33
(w) Int'l Income Fund	$21.41
(r) Int'l Privilege Ltd.	$4.62
(r) Invest. Atlantiques	Can.$40.26
(r) Italfortune Int'l Fd S.A.	$11.47
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund	$11.38
(r) Japan Growth Fund	$15.76
(d) Japan Selection Fund	$54.10
(w) Japan Pacific Fund	$16.31
(i) Jardine Japan Fund	$50.60
(d) KB Income Fund	LF1,831
(w) Keyfund	$8.19
(w) Kleinwort BensonIntF.	$10.55
(w) Kleinwort Bens.Jap.F.	$30.95
(w) Leverage Cap. Hold.	$19.33
LLOYDS & BOLSA-TYNDALL:	
+†(r) L&B-T 3-way Fd.Ltd	$1.00
+†(r) L&B-T Multi-wayFd.	SF500
+†(r) L&B-T Income Fund	SF500
(w) Luxfund	$22.43
(r) Marlin Fund	$6.99
(d) Mediolanum Sel. Fund	$12.81
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund	$3.95
(d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund	$5.77
(w) N.A.M.F.	$83.38
(w) Nippon Fund	$36.61
(w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund	$8.71
(w) Nor. Amer. Bank Fd.	$11.69
(r) Olympic Cap. Fed. Inc.	$2.38
(w) Pacific Seaboard Fund	$29.78
(r) Pegasus Intern'l	$8.08
(d) Renta Fund	LF1,983
(d) Renta Capital Fund	LF3,586
(d) Rentinvest	LF954
SAFE GROUP:	
— (d) Safe Fund	$8.93
— (d) Safe Trust Fund	$12.87
— (d) Global Fund	$7.23
(w) Samurai Portfolio	$73.90
(r) Senator Portfolio N.V.	$5.87
SEPRO:	
— (w) Sepro (N.A.V.)	$12.56
SHARE GROUP:	
— (d) Share Int'l Fund	$6.40
— (d) Share Realty	$13.63
— (w) Shareholders Excal.	$8.44
— (d) Enterprise Fund	$5.55
— (d) Harbor Fund	$7.42
S.M.C. FUNDS:	
— (d) Chase Selection Fd.	$9.84
— (d) Crossbow Fund	SF6.90
— (d) I.T.F.	$9.43
(w) SMH I	DM97.70
SOFID GROUPE GENEVA:	
— (r) Parfon Sw. R. Est.	SF1,442.50
— (r) Securswiss	SF1,208.00
(w) Stanhope Transat. Fd.	$12.12
(w) Stand & Poor Int. Fd.	$179.36
(w) Star Fund	$9.27
(r) Suez Int'l Ventures Inc.	$11.10
SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) Japan Portfolio	SF474.00
— (d) Univ. Bond Select.	SF96.50
— (d) Universal Fund	SF111.73
(r) Talent Global Fund	$13.44
(w) Tokyo Cap.HoldingsNV.	$39.56
(w) Tokyo Valor	$16.42
(w) Transpacific Fund	$18.99
TYNDALL GROUP:	
+ (r) Overseas Fund	$1.62
+ (r) Do. Accumulation	$1.34
+ (r) Overseas (Stg) Ltd.	£13.60
+ (r) Do. Accumulation	$15.50
UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:	
— (d) Amca U.S. Sh.	SF61.50
— (d) Bond Invest.	SF90.00
— (d) Convert-Invest	SF96.00
— (d) Eurit Europ. Sh.	SF187.50
— (d) Fonsa Swiss Sh.	SF132.50
— (d) Globinvest	SF98.50
— (d) Pacific-Invest	SF108.00
— (d) Rometac-Invest	SF458.00
— (d) Safit South Afr. Sh.	SF374.00
— (d) Sima Swiss R. Est.	SF170.00
UNION-INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:	
— (d) Atlanticfonds	DM18.47
— (d) Europafonds	DM39.34
— (d) Unifonds	DM22.07
— (d) Unirenta	DM39.37
— (d) Unispecial I	DM61.18
(w) United Cap. Inv. Fd.	$3.88
(d) U.S. Trust Invest. Fd.	$16.18
(w) Universal Sav. Equity	Can.$7.58
(w) Western Growth Fd.	$5.80
(w) Western Hedge Fund	$1,424.53
(w) Wes. Proprietary N.V.	$1,608.38
(d) World Equity Grth Fd.	$517.07
(w) Worldwide Securities	$38.98
(w) Worldwide Special	$3,509.75
(w) Zodiac Commod.Fund	$8.71
(w) Zodiac Fund	$5.27

DM — Deutsche Mark; * — Ex-dividend; † — New; NA — Not available; BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxembourg francs; SF — Swiss francs; + — Offer price; a — asked.

These Debentures have been sold outside the United States of America. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

NEW ISSUE

June 1, 1973

$60,000,000

First Pennsylvania Corporation

7% — 5% Delayed Convertible Subordinated Debentures Due 1993

The Debentures will bear interest at the rate of 7% until June 1, 1978.
Thereafter the Debentures will bear interest at the reduced rate of 5% until maturity on June 1, 1993.

The Debentures will not be convertible into Common Stock of the Company until June 1, 1978. On and after that date the Debentures are convertible, unless previously redeemed, at a price per share equal to 87.5% of the average of the daily mean between the high and low sales prices for the Common Stock on ten trading days to be selected by the Trustee within the 30-day trading period ending on the close of business on the fourth trading day prior to June 1, 1978, provided that the conversion price per share shall not be less than $43.00 nor more than $68.50. The Debentures may not be redeemed prior to September 1, 1978.

Kidder, Peabody & Co. Incorporated — Salomon Brothers

Bache & Co. Incorporated — Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. — Drexel Burnham & Co. Incorporated — Goldman, Sachs & Co. — Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.

Hornblower & Weeks-Hemphill, Noyes Incorporated — Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. — Kuhn, Loeb & Co. — Lazard Frères & Co.

Lehman Brothers Incorporated — Loeb, Rhoades & Co. — Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis Incorporated — M. A. Schapiro & Co., Inc. — Smith, Barney & Co. Incorporated

Stone & Webster Securities Corporation — Wertheim & Co., Inc. — White, Weld & Co. Incorporated — Dean Witter & Co. Incorporated

Harris, Upham & Co. Incorporated — E. F. Hutton & Company Inc. — Reynolds Securities Inc. — Shearson, Hammill & Co. Incorporated

Basle Securities Corporation — Bear, Stearns & Co. — A. G. Becker & Co. Incorporated — Alex. Brown & Sons — Butcher & Sherrerd

Clark, Dodge & Co. Incorporated — EuroPartners Securities Corporation — Robert Fleming Incorporated — Hayden Stone Inc. — W. E. Hutton & Co.

Kleinwort, Benson Incorporated — F. S. Moseley, Estabrook Inc. — New Court Securities Corporation — John Nuveen & Co. Incorporated

R. W. Pressprich & Co. Incorporated — L. F. Rothschild & Co. — Shields Securities Corporation — Swiss American Corporation

Thomson & McKinnon Auchincloss Inc. — UBS-DB Corporation — G. H. Walker & Co. Incorporated — Wood, Struthers & Winthrop Inc.

Advest Co. — Bacon, Whipple & Co. — Bateman Eichler, Hill Richards Incorporated — Boettcher and Company

J. C. Bradford & Co. — Dain, Kalman & Quail Incorporated — The Daiwa Securities Co. America, Inc. — Elkins, Morris, Stroud & Co.

Janney Montgomery Scott Inc. — Kohlmeyer & Co. — McDonald & Company — Mitchum, Jones & Templeton Incorporated

Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood Incorporated — Prescott, Merrill, Turben & Co. — The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc.

Singer, Deane & Scribner — Suez American Corporation — Yamaichi Securities Company of New York, Inc.

Blaine & Company, Inc. — Boenning & Scattergood, Inc. — C. C. Collings and Company, Inc.

DeHaven & Townsend, Crouter & Bodine — A. Webster Dougherty & Co. Incorporated — Hopper, Soliday, Brooke, Sheridan Inc.

Hoppin, Watson Inc. — W. H. Newbold's Son & Co. — Parker/Hunter Incorporated — The Pennsylvania Group Incorporated

R. Rowland & Co. Incorporated — Scherck, Stein & Franc, Inc. — Schmidt, Roberts & Parke, Inc. — Suplee-Mosley Inc. — Yarnall, Biddle & Co.

Banque de Neuflize, Schlumberger, Mallet — Charterhouse Japhet Limited — Gutzwiller, Kurz, Bungener Securities Limited — J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

A f
you
Fra

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
r Ind .80	9	56	14¾	13¾	14¼+	½
insln .18	16	16	18	17⅞	17⅞—	⅛
son .20b	14	42	7½	7⅛	7⅛	
er Cp 1	6	11	20	20	20	
erA .76	18	23	29	28¾	29 +	½
ario .30	23	18	27	26½	27 +	½
CCla .58	18	47	27⅛	26¾	27¼	
ID 2.36e	12	79	43⅝	42⅞	43⅛+	½
D fn2.36e		7	43	42⅝	43	
al nd	5	2082	7	6⅝	6⅝—	⅜
E Cp .04e	25	10	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
brm .60	36	8	88	87½	87⅝+	½
ker Co		15	5	4⅞	4⅞—	⅛
sTod .70	7	7	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞+	⅛
rSys .30	25	95	35⅝	34⅝	35⅝+	⅛
S						
ord Ind	7	5	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝+	⅛
rwy 1.40	9	30	32¾	31⅞	32⅝+	⅜
eM 1.50	8	19	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	
LIP 1.12	9	1	16	16	16	
SaF 2.50	6	6	35⅛	34⅝	35⅛+	⅜
eulS .54e		46	13⅞	13⅜	13⅝+	⅛
gisP 1.60	12	29	39	37½	39 +	1⅜
antCp .24	4	20	7½	7¼	7¼	
DGs 1.20	8	50	18⅛	17⅜	17⅞—	⅛
drs Asso	11	33	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝+	⅛
gamo .43	7	41	10⅞	10¼	10⅝+	⅛
an 2.19f	10	4	15⅝	15	15⅝ +	¼
.In 1.60a	7	71	24¼	24⅝	24⅛+	⅜
.Ind pf.50		3	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
Feint .30	23	13	50½	49⅞	50 +	½
WeSc .30	10	2	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝+	¼
anE 1.12	10	3	15⅛	15	15⅛	
nEA .33e		3	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜+	⅜
A Sip .24	8	20	6½	6⅜	6⅜	
ODr .12e	13	37	7½	7	7½+	½
InB Mch	19	62	10⅛	9⅝	9⅞+	⅛
on Ind	5	332	7¼	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
, Svc	8	44	8¼	8	8	
aefer Co		21	7	6⅝	6⅞+	⅜
era Pigh	49	500	80	78	79½+	2
litzBr .59	40	21	67⅛	66	67⅛+	1½
imbg .50	50	239	104¼	98½	104¼+	5
A Corp	6	63	12	11⅛	11⅞+	¼
JAInd .60	17	20	5½	5⅛	5½	
tLFd .58	4	165	11	10½	10½—	⅜
tFetz .88	11	32	29⅛	28⅞	29⅛+	⅛
tFor .60	7	53	8⅞	8⅛	8⅛—	¼
tPap .56	9	376	12	11⅛	12 +	½
vliMf .75	8	88	20⅛	18⅝	20⅛+	1½
vil pf2.50		14	48⅝	46	48⅛+	2¼
dDuoVt		141	7⅛	7	7	
d pf.31k		1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
CsfL 2.20	4	888	25⅞	24½	25⅞+	2⅜
WA .55t	5	62	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝+	¼
rve .25r	5	30	9¼	8⅞	9 +	⅛
ldPw .72	8	23	18⅞	17	18⅞+	1⅞
rie .46	36	113	38	36⅝	37⅞+	1¼
rR 1.40a	24	271	99⅛	98½	99⅛+	1
train Lin		53	3½	3¼	3½+	⅜
colnc .08	24	330	41⅝	40⅝	40⅝—	⅞
vmt .52b	7	5	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞	
kspre .28	8	3	8⅝	8¼	8¼+	⅛
spell .10	6	2	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
slOil 2.40	12	75	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝+	½
ellrGl .56	5	95	9¼	9	9⅛	
erw Wm 2	9	32	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	
gelH .20e	7	11	6¼	6⅛	6¼+	⅛
erraPc .86	9	14	13⅛	13	13⅛—	⅛
nal .60b	8	161	18⅝	17⅜	18 +	⅜
mal pf2.20		3	38¼	38¼	38¼—	⅜
mal pf 1		2	17	17	17 +	¼
mode .79	17	33	46	46	46	
nm Prec	7	14	3¼	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
nmons .88	9	53	19½	19⅛	19⅛+	¼
npPat .30	43	159	49⅝	48⅝	49½+	1
ger 2.40	10	218	50	49⅝	50	
aggCo .40	19	20	21	21	21	
elly Oil 1	20	3	66	65⅛	66 +	¼
llCp .90a	12	5	29⅝	29	29⅝+	½
yline .24	9	x307	15⅝	14⅝	15⅛+	⅝
nithAO .74	7	29	15⅛	15⅛	15¼—	¼
nitbInt .22	20	30	20	18¾	20 +	1½
nith KF 2	16	58	57⅛	56⅛	57⅛+	1¼
nithTr .40	7	7	17⅞	17⅜	17⅜—	¼
laBas .56	9	18	14¼	14¼	14¼+	¼
nesta		20	5⅛	5¼	5⅛+	⅛
nyCp .05e	42	206	48⅞	46⅝	48 +	1¼
ny fn.05e		15	45½	44½	45	
oLin 1.62h	5	11	28	27½	27⅝+	½
S Con .27	6	5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
arEG 1.43	11	35	21⅛	21	21⅛	
Jerin 1.56	8	3	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛+	¼
uthdwn In	4	50	11⅞	11⅛	11⅛—	⅜
dw pf1.80		1	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞—	
eastBk .76	19	8	37⅞	37	37	
astPS 1.28	12	4	16	15⅝	16 +	¼
CalE 1.56	9	97	25⅝	24⅝	25⅝+	⅞
uthCo 1.34	9	253	19	18⅝	18⅞—	⅛
uGE 1.96	8	4	35⅛	35	35 —	⅜
NRes 1.50	10	57	52⅝	52¼	52¼—	⅜
NET 2.72	9	17	40⅝	40	40⅛+	⅜
urPac 2.16	8	458	32⅝	31	32 +	⅝
uRy 1.72	8	77	33½	33	33½+	⅝
u Ry pf.50		8	6⅝	6½	6½	
uUGs 1.36	8	3	25¼	25½	25½—	¼
othld .24b	12	66	17⅛	16¼	17⅛+	⅜
wAlrm .37t	11	75	11⅛	10⅞	10⅞	
wstFor Ind	3	38	7⅞	7⅜	7⅜	
wstPSv .78	11	39	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
parton .20a	4	7	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
perryHut 1	5	20	20	19⅞	20	
perry H pf 3		51	40⅝	40	40 —	1⅝
perryR .66	16	491	42	40½	42 +	1½
prague El	16	31	12⅞	12½	12⅞+	½
pringM .60	7	8	13	12⅝	13 +	¼

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
38	23	SquareD 1a	18	x56	28¼	27⅞	27⅞—	⅛
114½	94¾	Squibb 1.56	31	80	103¾	102⅛	103⅛+	½
29½	24⅛	StaleyM 1.40	9	8	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛—	½
55⅝	47⅛	StBrand 1.73	16	124	54⅝	53⅞	54⅛+	1⅛
56⅞	34	StBPaint .22	37	34	38⅝	38⅛	38⅛+	⅛
20¼	14⅝	StdIntl .40	7	3	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞—	¾
90	72¼	StdOilCal 3	11	316	79⅞	77⅝	77⅝—	⅞
91½	80⅝	StOilInd 2.49	15	217	89⅝	89	89⅝+	⅛
110⅜	84⅝	StOilOh 2.70	30	143	107½	104⅛	107⅝+	1⅛
9¼	6⅛	StPress .15e	8	27	7	6⅞	6⅞	
11⅝	10	StPrudnt .46	11	19	10⅝	10½	10⅝+	⅛
44⅞	30	StanWk .84b	11	6	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝—	⅛
16¼	8⅛	Stanray .40	6	13	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
25	16¼	Starrett .80a	8	x3	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝+	⅜
28	21⅜	StaMSl 2.40e	9	25	23⅞	23⅜	23⅝+	⅛
49⅞	40⅝	StaufCh 1.90	11	32	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛+	⅛
10⅝	7⅝	StarchBr .48	7	12	8⅝	8⅛	8¼	
37¼	32	SterDrug .58	27	212	33⅞	33⅛	33⅞—	⅛
35¼	3	Stevens 1.50	7	109	27⅞	27⅛	27⅞	
35⅝	28½	StewWa 1.85	9	8	28⅛	27⅞	28⅛+	⅜
21¼	14⅞	StokeVenC 1	7	72	16½	16⅛	16½+	⅛
14½	13⅛	StokVC pf 1		z60	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛+	⅛
44	32¼	StoneWeb 2	8	16	36⅝	35¼	36⅝+	1⅛
13⅝	8⅞	StoneCon .30	7	6	9	8⅞	9 +	⅛
44	15⅞	StorerBg 1b	8	129	18⅛	17½	18⅛+	⅛
15⅝	9¼	StridRite .65	6	8	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
55	34⅝	StuWor 1.32	4	36	35⅝	35⅛	35¼—	½
17⅞	3½	SuavSh .15e	5	58	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
33	19½	SubnPro .80	9	26	19⅞	19	19 —	⅜
10⅝	7¼	SuCrest		12	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜—	⅜
25½	16⅞	Sun Chm .40	8	13	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝—	⅛
54⅝	42¼	SunOil 1b	14	61	54	52⅞	53⅞+	1
48⅝	41	Sun O pf2.25		57	47⅛	46⅞	47⅛+	⅝
34⅝	20⅛	Sunbeam .84	12	75	23⅝	22⅞	23⅛+	⅜
33⅞	15⅞	Sundstrd .80	14	88	19	17⅝	19 +	1⅛
50½	44	Sundr pf3.50		5	43⅝	43	43 —	1
14⅜	9⅞	Sunshne Mn	72	20	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛—	⅜
24⅞	16	SupValu .76	7	52	16	15⅝	15⅝—	⅜
353	213	Supr Oil 1.40	187	344	270	255½	270 +	14
14¼	6⅛	SupmkG .28	13	56	6⅝	6½	6½+	⅛
33	18⅝	Supm pf1.30		16	19½	19½	19½+	⅜
24⅝	19⅝	Survey 2.75e		5	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	
19	14⅝	Sutro 1.70e	10	13	16½	16¼	16½+	¼
12¼	8⅛	Swank .68e	9	17	8⅝	8½	8½	
37⅝	22½	Sybron .64	13	25	23½	23¼	23½	
62	42	Sybrn pf2.40		3	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛+	½
15⅝	7⅝	Systron Don	8	32	8⅝	8⅜	8⅜+	⅛
T								
58⅝	29¼	Taft Brd .60	12	102	31½	31¼	31½+	⅜
20	10⅞	Talcott .27p		15	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛—	⅛
11⅜	6⅛	Talley .43r	5	26	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	
15⅝	11⅛	Talley pfB 1		3	12	12	12 —	⅛
22⅛	18⅞	TampaE .84	11	24	21⅛	20⅜	21 +	⅛
46⅞	16⅛	Tandy Corp	10	72	18⅛	18⅛	18½	
23	11	Tappan .40	5	28	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛+	⅛
20¼	10	Technicon	17	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝+	⅛
53⅞	29⅞	Tektrnx .20e	19	21	33⅞	33½	33⅞+	⅜
19⅜	5	Telecor .24a	5	16	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
20½	11⅛	Teledyn .591	6	143	13½	12⅜	13⅛+	⅛
78	70	Teledyn pf 6		3	70	69⅝	69⅝—	1⅛
6⅝	2⅝	Telex Cp	24	88	3⅛	3	3⅛+	⅛
24⅛	14¼	Templel .32	8	62	15¼	14⅞	15⅛+	⅛
30⅝	21½	Tennco 1.36	9	328	23⅛	22¼	23⅛+	1⅛
8⅞	3⅝	Tennco wt A		185	4⅝	4¼	4⅝+	½
112¼	84	Tennc pf5.50		15	86¼	84	86¼+	2
43⅝	27	Tesoro Pet	9	26	29½	29⅛	29½+	⅝
43⅛	34⅛	Texaco 1.72	10	623	36⅝	36	36⅛+	½
61¼	46⅛	TexETr 1.58	15	187	51⅞	50¼	51⅞+	1
40	29⅝	TexGsT 1.64	8	25	30⅛	29⅝	30⅛+	½
25¼	17⅛	Texasgif .60	21	395	23⅝	22⅝	23⅛+	1
27½	18⅝	TexasInd 1b	8	69	19⅛	18½	18⅝+	⅛
180⅞	88⅛	Texinst .55	39	497	99⅛	97⅝	99⅛+	2⅛
39	15⅞	TexOilG .01	21	329	18⅛	14⅝	17⅛+	2⅛
23¼	13⅞	TexPLd .54e	13	14	17½	17⅛	17⅛	
34⅝	28⅞	TexUt 1.04	16	115	34	33⅛	33⅞+	⅜
31⅝	19	TexR Ind	6	7220		19⅝	20 +	½
34⅝	19	Textron .96	8	184	19½	18⅞	19⅛+	½
44½	29⅛	Textr pf2.08		1	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝+	¼
34⅝	21	Textr pf1.40		8	21	20⅞	21	
22	10	Thiokol .40a	5	257	10¾	10⅛	10⅛—	¼
101½	79⅝	ThmBet 1.12	27	23	82¼	80⅝	82¼+	2¼
21⅞	12	Thomin .40b	9	43	12⅝	12½	12½—	⅛
24⅝	14	ThompJW 1	7	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
12	7	ThriftyD .37	7	98	7⅝	7¼	7⅜—	⅛
28⅛	21¼	TI Corp 1.40	7	24	23⅛	23⅛	23¼+	⅛
39¼	23	TidwatM .50	12	4	26⅛	26	26 —	⅛
63⅛	32½	Time In 1.90	8	25	34½	33¼	33⅜+	⅛
25⅝	16⅞	TimeMir .30	14	44	20	19½	20 +	⅛
42⅝	33⅞	Timkn 1.80a	7	25	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝—	⅛
25	16	TishRlt .40b	19	29	17⅛	16⅝	17 +	⅛
24¼	12	TodShp .20p	90	36	17¼	17	17¼+	⅛
30⅞	27⅛	ToledE 1.92	9	22	28⅝	28⅜	28⅝+	⅛
46	17⅝	ToolRh 1.14f	12	189	22½	19⅝	22 +	2⅛
17½	10¼	ToolRol .40b	9	16	10⅞	10½	10½—	⅜
69⅛	39½	TraneCo .96	11	26	41	40⅛	41 +	½
43	29⅝	TranUn 1.33	12	17	33½	33	33¼—	⅛
42⅞	23¼	Trans W Air	7	678	26	24⅝	26 +	1⅛
29¼	24¼	TWA pf.50k		45	25	24⅝	25 +	⅛
75¼	7⅛	TranWd Fin	4	8	8⅛	8	8 +	⅛
17⅝	10⅝	Traham .55b	9	279	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞+	⅛
128	88	Trans pf4.50		1	88	88	88	
23⅛	21¼	Traninc 1.77e		23	22⅛	21⅜	21⅝—	⅛
15	9⅞	Transcn .43	9	1	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝+	¼
40¼	26½	Travelrs 1.84	9	236	29½	28	29⅛+	1⅛
50⅛	38¼	Travelr pf 2		68	39⅛	39	39⅛—	⅛
14⅝	6	TrvLdg .25e	8	16	7	6⅝	6⅝—	⅜
34½	26	TriCon 2.80e		32	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	
36⅝	34½	TriCn pf2.50		5	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛—	½
37	27⅛	TriSM 2.69e	10	15	30½	29⅞	30⅛+	½
16⅛	12¼	Triangln .80	8	9	13	12⅝	12⅝—	⅜
21	13⅛	TriangP .30	5	30	14⅛	14	14 —	⅛
25⅞	17	Trinityln .56	11	21	20¼	19¼	19⅜—	¼
57⅞	27⅞	Tropicana	32	34	32⅛	30⅞	32 +	1½
34⅝	23⅞	TRW In 1.04	9	136	23⅝	22⅞	23⅛—	⅛
82½	59½	TRW pf4.50		5	61	41	61 +	½

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
89¼	65	TRW pf4.40		23	65¼	64	64 —	1
15⅝	13	TucsonG .76	9	9	13⅝	13½	13⅝+	⅛
12⅜	6⅛	TwenCe .05e	8	75	7⅛	7	7 —	⅛
25¼	11⅝	TylerCp .20	4	23	14	13½	13½—	½
U								
34½	18¼	UAL Inc	21	554	19⅝	18⅝	19⅝+	⅞
33½	19	UAL pf.40		16	19	18⅝	19	
22⅝	16⅛	UARCO 1.10	9	3	18⅞	18⅛	18⅞+	⅜
19⅝	14⅛	UGI Cp 1.32	8	10	17	16⅞	17 —	⅛
21⅛	11⅞	UMC Ind .78	6	18	12⅝	12⅛	12⅜	
11¼	8½	Unarco .40	6	5	8⅝	8⅝	8⅜	
48⅝	40⅝	U Camp 1.08	14	164	43½	41½	42 —	1⅛
51⅝	36⅝	UnCarb 2.10	10	937	37⅝	37	37¼—	⅛
41⅞	25⅛	UnCom 1.26	7	75	28½	27	28½+	1½
10⅝	4⅝	Union Corp	9	34	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
18⅝	16⅝	Un Elec 1.28	12	59	17	16⅞	17 +	¼
106	100½	UnEl 7lpf 8		2	101	101	101	
27⅝	4½	Un Fidelity	3	52	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝+	¼
41⅞	34⅝	UnOCal 1.60	10	131	39⅛	38¾	39⅛+	¼
54⅝	46⅛	UOCa pf2.58		23	51⅝	51¼	51⅝+	¼
70⅛	53⅝	UPacCp 2.16	11	53	56⅝	55⅝	56⅝+	1⅛
13	10	UnPac pf.47		13	10½	10½	10½—	¼
43	24¼	Unionam .84	9	157	25⅝	24⅞	25⅝	
16	10⅝	Uniroyal .70	7	174	12½	11⅝	12⅛+	½
106½	101¼	Uniryal pf 8		z10	101½	101½	101½	
7⅜	1½	Unishops		91	2½	1⅞	2 —	⅛
46¼	30⅝	Unit Air 1.80	7	57	31½	31	31½	
12⅝	6¼	Unit Brands	9	96	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜+	⅛
15⅝	12¾	UBrd pf1.20		6	13¼	13½	13⅛—	⅛
10	7⅛	Unit Cp .72e		27	8½	8⅛	8¼—	⅛
15	8	UnitFin Cal	6	14	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝+	⅛
31	19½	UnitGas .84	7	2	20⅛	20	20 +	⅛
34⅛	29⅛	Ullium 2.24	8	11	30	29⅝	29⅝	
9⅝	5⅛	Unit Ind .32	5	27	5½	5⅛	5⅛	
32⅞	13⅛	Unitlnm .10	14	x2	16⅛	15⅛	15⅝+	¼
29⅝	17⅛	UJerBk 1.04	9	11	20	19⅝	19⅝—	¼
23½	17½	UnMM 1.30	6	28	18¼	18⅛	18¼+	⅛
13⅝	6	Un Nclr		69	8½	8	8⅛+	⅝
2⅝	1⅝	UnitPK Min	6	14	1⅞	1¾	1⅞+	⅛
27⅞	12⅛	UnReing .15	6	9	13½	13½	13½+	⅛
44⅝	38	USFidG 2.40	10	108	39	38⅝	38⅝—	⅛
39¼	26	USFor 6.07e		36	27⅛	26½	26⅞	
24⅞	18	US Frgt 1.40	9	75	18⅞	18	18¼—	½
27⅝	21½	USGyps 1.60	7	99	22¼	21⅝	22¼+	⅜
30⅜	25	USGy pf1.80		26	26	25½	25⅝—	1¼
25¼	9⅛	USHome .12	5	18	10½	10¼	10½+	¼
21⅝	12⅝	US Ind .65	5	149	14	13⅝	13⅞+	⅜
35½	15½	USLeasg .20	15	46	18⅛	17⅛	18⅛+	1⅛
23¼	13⅝	US Shoe .55	8	6	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
35	29	USSteel 1.60	9	91	31⅞	31⅛	31⅛+	⅜
20	11⅛	USTobac .64	9	21	12⅝	11⅞	12⅛+	¼
23⅝	17⅝	UnitTel 1	13	183	20¼	19½	20⅛+	⅝
7⅝	3⅝	UnitTel wt		10	5¼	4⅞	5¼+	⅛
30	24½	UnTl 2pf1.50		28	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	
34⅛	26⅝	UnTel pf1.50		5	30	29⅝	29⅝+	½
10⅝	6⅝	Unitrode Cp	11	33	8⅝	8½	8½+	⅛
35	26⅝	UnLeaf 1.64	6	16	27	26½	27 +	⅜
25½	16⅛	Univ Oil Pd	17	365	23	20⅝	22⅝+	1⅝
172	117	Upjhn 1.60a	47	137	175	170⅛	171⅛+	3
86½	72⅛	Upjohn wl		23	87⅝	84⅝	86 +	1⅛
16⅛	11⅛	UrisBldg .40		99	10⅝	12⅛	12½—	⅛
75⅝	47½	USLIFE .54	13	109	51⅝	50½	50⅝—	⅜
26⅝	24½	USLIFE wl		27	26	25⅝	25⅝+	⅜
14⅝	11⅝	USLInc .33e		x26	12	11⅞	12 +	⅜
23⅝	15	USM sfp .60	7	73	16¼	16	16¼+	¼
33⅝	26¼	USM pf2.10		5	26⅝	26½	26½	
20	18⅛	USM pf1.50		z200	18	18	18 —	⅛
46⅝	40	Utah Int	27	248	44⅝	42¼	42½—	⅜
38½	34¼	UtahPw 2.08	9	53	38	37⅝	38 +	½
28½	23	UV Ind 1a	6	26	24½	23⅞	24⅝+	¼
71	67	UV In pf5.50		1	68	68	68 +	1
V								
19¼	9⅝	Varian Assc	14	937	12⅝	11¾	12 —	⅛
20¼	10½	VCA Cp .44	7	79	11⅛	10⅞	11	
34⅝	24⅝	Veeder 1.60	7	7	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝+	½
15	8⅝	VendoCo .40	10	4	9¼	9⅛	9¼+	¼
34¼	21⅝	VF Corp .59	12	21	22⅞	22⅝	22⅞+	¼
20	10⅝	Viacom Inf	20	30	11½	11	11½+	¼
16⅝	10	VictCmp .50	10	11	10½	10½	10½	
23⅝	16⅝	VaEPw 1.18	9	141	20¼	20	20⅛+	⅛
114½	110	VaEP pf8.84		z20	110¼	110¼	110¼—	⅜
105½	100	VaEP pf7.72		z30	100½	100½	100½—	1
102⅝	97½	VaEP pf7.45		z100	97½	97½	97½—	⅜

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vj—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
58½	53	VaEP pf4.04		z40	56½	55½	56¼+	2
19½	8⅝	Vornado .97t	4	36	8¼	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
22½	16½	VSI Corp .52	8	1	17½	17½	17½+	¼
28½	24⅛	VulMat 1.08	7	23	24⅝	23⅝	24⅛—	⅛
13¼	10	VWR Un .48	9	14	11	10⅞	11 +	⅛
W								
44⅞	35¼	Wachova .62	16	20	35⅝	35½	35⅝	
33⅝	21⅛	WchRl 2.56e	9	41	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛+	⅜
23⅝	15⅝	Walgreen 1	8	18	17⅛	16⅞	17⅛+	⅜
54½	49⅞	WalkrH 1.40	15	6	52⅝	52⅛	52⅝+	⅜
25⅝	17½	WallBus .40	12	1	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝—	⅛
18⅝	12	WallMur .60	4	8	12⅝	12½	12½	
34⅞	19¼	WalMart Str	25	24	19½	18⅝	18⅞—	⅞
33½	12	Wang Labs	22	33	16¼	15⅛	16¼+	1⅛
12	5⅝	Ward Foods		22	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛+	⅛
20⅛	12⅝	Warncao .80	6	9	14⅛	13⅞	13⅞—	⅛
16	11	WrnerCo .50	8	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛+	¼
39⅞	13⅛	WrnCom .25	6	126	15	14¼	14⅞+	⅜
133⅞	60	WrnC pf4.25		10	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞—	⅛
78	27⅝	WrnC pf1.25		8	30¼	29½	30 +	½
51⅝	45⅝	WarnLam n	31	294	52¼	50⅝	51⅞+	1⅝
43¼	22⅝	WarnSwa 1	12	4	24⅛	24	24⅛	
27⅜	23½	WashGs 1.88	7	26	27¼	26⅞	27¼+	⅜
22⅝	20½	WasWP 1.44	10	23	21⅜	21	21 —	⅛
41⅝	19	Watkin Jhns	15	10	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛—	
11¼	7	WayGos .60	8	x14	7⅛	7	7 —	⅛
4⅞	3⅝	Wean Unit		5	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	¼
9⅝	7½	WenUnit pf		2	8½	8½	8½+	⅛
11⅛	8¼	Westhrd .40	7	11	9	8⅞	9 +	¼
8¼	4½	Webb Del E	4	21	5¼	4⅞	4⅞—	⅜
17⅝	9⅝	WellMcL .50	5	30	10½	10⅛	10⅛—	⅜

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
21⅝	13⅝	WeisMkt .50	8	32	14	14	14	
2⅝	1⅛	Welbilt Corp		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
29½	19¾	WellsFar .86	10	23	23⅛	23½	23½+	⅛
25⅞	20⅛	WlIFM 2.06e	10	33	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝+	⅜
21⅛	9½	WellsRG .60	5	1	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝+	⅛
18¼	12¼	WescoF .13r	6	14	13⅛	13	13 —	⅛
63⅝	59½	WPP pf4.50		z10	61½	61½	61½+	½
30⅝	19	WPIPep 1.20	6	26	19⅝	19⅛	19⅛—	⅜
14⅝	8⅝	WnAirL .10r	9	177	8⅝	8⅛	8½	
37½	28⅛	WnBnc 1.40	9	26	29½	29	29½+	½
14½	7½	Wn Pac Ind	10	13	8	7⅞	8 +	⅛
49½	20⅛	WUnion 1.40	9	287	21⅝	20⅛	21⅛+	⅜
47⅝	31⅛	WestgEl .97	15	491	35½	34⅝	35 +	¼
64	58⅛	Wst E pf3.80		z140	59⅛	59⅛	59⅛—	⅛
27⅛	19⅞	Wstvco 1.05	12	74	25⅛	23½	25⅛+	1⅝
31⅜	24⅛	Weybrg 1.28	7	6	25⅛	24⅝	25⅛+	½
60⅝	44⅛	Weyerhs .86	18	483	60⅛	57⅛	60⅛+	2⅞
57⅛	48⅝	Wyhr pf2.75		35	56½	56	56½+	¼
23¼	9⅝	WhelFry .40	11	71	12⅝	11⅞	12⅛+	⅜
21⅝	12	WheelPitt St	5	29	13½	13	13⅛+	⅜
64⅝	59⅛	WhelPit pf 6		z100	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝—	¼
53½	49½	WhelPit pf 5		z60	51	50½	51	
37⅛	23⅞	Whirlpol .58	12	121	25⅝	24⅝	25⅝+	1
21⅝	11⅛	WhitCon .50	5	199	13⅝	12⅛	13⅛+	1⅛
41½	34	WhitC pfC 3		1	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝—	¼
16	9⅝	White Motor	10	146	9⅞	9½	9½—	⅜
7⅝	3¼	Whittaker	11	180	3⅝	3½	3⅝+	⅛
28⅝	16	WickesCrp 1	8	94	18⅛	17½	18⅛+	⅞
8	5⅝	WiebtSt .25b	6	15	6	5⅞	5⅞—	⅛
47½	22½	WillRoss .48	16	25	24⅝	23½	24⅝+	1⅛
55⅝	39	Williams Co	11	146	42⅝	41	42⅝+	1⅝
36¼	19	Wms Co t		63	24	22⅞	23⅞+	1⅝
41¼	33½	WinnDx 1.20	17	17	36⅝	36⅛	36⅝+	⅜

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
27½	5	Winnebago	7	669	5⅝	5¼	5⅝+	⅜
c25½	22⅜	WlsElP 1.60	10	339	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	
114⅛	110⅞	WisE pf8.90		z100	111	111	111	
18	16½	WiscPS 1.20	9	28	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝—	⅜
24¼	17¼	WitcoCh .98	7	5	19¼	19	19	
k 60	50	Witco pf2.65		1	50	50	50	
7⅞	3¼	WolvW .05p	43	18	4	3⅞	3⅞+	⅛
19⅝	11¼	Wometco .48	10	6	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝+	⅛
19⅝	11⅛	WoodsCp .48	7	13	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛+	⅛
31⅞	19⅝	Wolth 1.20	8	186	24⅝	24	24⅛+	½
47½	33¼	Wol pf2.20		2	37¼	37¼	37¼+	¼
7⅝	4⅝	World Arv	12	137	6½	6⅝	6⅝	
68	57¼	Wrigley 2.40	12	9	58½	58¼	58½—	⅛
17½	10½	Wurlitzr .80	6	37	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	
11⅝	4½	Wyly Corp		54	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛—	¼
X								
170	139½	XeroxCp .88	46	475	155¾	152⅛	155⅞+	3⅜
28½	15	Xtra Inc	5	54	19⅞	19¼	19⅝+	⅛
Y								
13⅜	10	YngSDr .10e	14	5	10¾	10½	10½—	½
Z								
43½	19½	ZaleCorp .68	9	64	19⅞	19⅛	19⅞+	⅛
35	15⅝	Zale pfA .80		9	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝—	⅛
37¼	22	Zapata Corp	7	224	24⅝	24	24½+	½
27⅝	9⅞	Zayre Corp	4	38	10¼	9⅞	10¼	
56	34⅛	ZenithR 1.52	13	136	37⅝	37⅛	37½+	⅛
20⅞	11	Zurn Ind .28	12	54	12	11⅞	11⅞—	⅛

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds

Aer Lingus 8¼-81	97	98
Am.Brands 8-81	98¼	99¼
Anglo-Am 7½-87	86	87
Amax 8-76	97	98
Amax 8¾-86	98	99
ASEA 8½-86	95½	96½
Ashland 8-87	93½	94½
Aust-Swiss 8-87	94	95
Bk Tokyo 7¾-76	97½	98½
B.N.P. 8¼-77	97½	98½
Barclay 8¼-85	96⅝	97⅝
Beecham 8¼-86	95	96
BICC 7¾-87	88½	89½
Borg Warn 8-79	97½	98½
Borregaard 8¾-86	97	98
CN PTT 8-86	93½	94½
Carlsberg 8¾-86	97½	98½
Carrier 8-87	93¾	94¾
C. Lafarge 8¾-86	97½	98½
C.F.E. 8-87	91¼	92¼
Com Union	96¼	97¼
Conf Oil 7-80	94	95
Conoco 8-86	93½	94½
Cont Tel 8¼-86	94	95
Copen City 8-84	96½	97½
Copen Coun 7¾-87	89½	90½
Copen Tel 8½-86	96	97
Corning 8½-86	99	100
Cut Ham 8-87	93¾	94¾
Denmark 9-82	99½	100½
Denmark 7½-90	87½	88½
Dow Cor 8½-86	98¾	99¾
Dupont 7½-78	95	96
E.D.F. 8½-86	97	98
E.I.B. 7½-84	97½	98½
E.I.B. 8½-86	100½	101½
E.I.B. 7½-90	94½	95½
Esso 7½-76	96¾	97¾
Esso 8-86 Nov	96¼	97¼
Escom 8½-86	95½	96½
FinMigBk 8½-86	95¼	96¼
Ford 8-81	98¼	99¼
GenMills 8-86	94¾	95¾
GenMot 8¼-76	99½	100½
GenMot 8¾-86	100	101
Granges 8½-89	94	95
Groller 8¾-86	96	97
GTE 8¼-86	94	95
Guar Roy 8-87	93	94
Haas 8-78	97	98
Haas 8¼-86	100	101
Hambros 7¾-87	94	95
Helsinki 8¾-86	97¼	98¼
Hill Samuel 8½-86	97	98
Iceland 8-87	90	91
I.C.I. 7½-92	88½	89½
I.N.J. 8-87	90	91
Ireland 8¾-89	91¼	92¼
I.S.E. 8¼-86	94¼	95¼
Intl Util 8¼-82	95¼	96¼
Kimberley 8½-86	98½	97½
Klein Ben 8¼-87	95	96
Lyons 8¾-86	97	98
Metro Est 8¼-86	96¼	97¼
Monsanto 8¾-85	99¼	100¼
Mount Isa 8¾-86	94	95
Newfoundld 8½-86	99	100
Nickel (Le) 9-86	99½	100½
NorgKomBk 7½-8[illegible]	88	87
Ontario 8¼-86	95	96
Oslo 8¼-86	94¾	95¾
Otis Elv 8¾-85	99¼	100¼
OwensCorn 9-86	100¾	101¾
Pekema 8¼-86	95½	96½
Pennwalt 8-86	93	94
Petronor 8½-86	98¼	99¼
PhilMorris 8-78	98¾	99¾
PhilMorris 8¾-86	99½	100½
Plessey 8½-86	94	95
QuebecHyd 8½-86	97¼	98¼
Queensld 8½-86	94½	95½
Ralston 7½-87	90	91
Rank 8¼-86	98	99
Richardson 8¾-85	99½	100½
S.A.S. 8-88	92½	93½
Scott 8¾-86	99¾	100¾
Shell 8-86	95½	96½
Shell 7½-87	90¾	91¾
Sth Africa 8-87	89¼	90¼
Sybron 8-87	93¼	94¼
Textron 7¾-87	89	90
Transamer 8½-86	95	96
Transocean 8-86	94¾	95¾
Transocean 8-84	94¾	95¾
Transocean 7½-87	90½	91½
T.R.W. 8¾-85	98½	99½
Union Oil 7-79	91¼	92¼
Union Oil 7½-87	89¼	90¼
Utah 8-87	92½	93½
Volvo 8-87	92½	93½
Wellcome 8½-87	94½	95½
Will Glyn 8¾-87	94½	95½
Alusuisse 4½-87	87½	89½
Amer Can 4¾-88	80⅛	82
Am Tob 5¼-88	107½	109
Ashland 5-88	88½	89½
BroadHale 4¾-87	97¼	98¼
Chevron 5-88	123½	124½
Chesebg 6¼-84	137½	139½
Chrysler 4¾-88	72	73
Chrysler 5-88	77¼	78¼
Conf Tel 5½-88	103	101
Cumminsin 6¼-86	94¼	95¼
Dart Ind 4¾-87	105	106
EastKodak 4½-88	142	143½
Fedders 5-92	74½	75½
Firestone 5-88	91¼	92¼
Ford 5-83	94	95
Ford 6-86	104¼	105¼
GenElec 4¼-85	105	106
GenElec 4¼-87	98	99
Can Foods 4¾-82	81½	82½
Gillette 4¾-82	98	99
Halliburt 4½-87	132½	133½
Honeywell 5-83	116½	118½
Honeywell 6-86	106½	107½
I.S.E. 5-88	82	83
I.S.E. 6¼-89	90	91
J. Logan 4¾-83	78½	79½
LTV 5-88	47½	49½
MarMidland 5-88	91½	92½
Mass Mut 6¾-87	83½	84½
Miles 4¾-93	92½	93½
Morgan JP 4¼-87	111½	112½
Motorola 4½-83	123	124
Murphy Oil 5-89	126	127
Nabisco 5¼-88	101½	102½
Owens Ill 4½-87	98½	99½
PanAm 5¼-88	69	70
Penney JC 4½-87	107	108
Phil Lamp 4¾-83	120½	121½
R.C.A. 5-88	85	86
Revlon 4¼-87	103½	104½
Revlon 4¾-87	95½	96½
Reynolds M 5-88	68	69
Squibb Intl 4¼-87	103	104
Texaco 4½-88	98½	99½
UnCarb 4¾-82	92½	93½
WarnLam 4¾-87	114½	115½

Convertible Bonds

Addressog 4¾-88	63	64½
Amexco 4¼-87	109½	110½
Am Mot 6-92	100½	102½
Amoco 5½-84	118½	119½
Apco 6-89	71½	73½

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966=100)

	Med.	Long	Conv.
Yesterday	96.14	90.51	118.22
Previous	96.02	90.36	117.41

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American Stock Exchange Trading

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
26⅝	12½	AAR Corp	11	3	15	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
12⅞	5½	AAVCos .20	5	4	6⅛	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
3¼	1½	Aberden Pet	81	12	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ¼
3⅞	2	Acme Haml	79	1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
18	3⅞	Action Ind	4	7	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
5⅝	2⅝	Adam Russl	8	4	3¼	3⅛	3¼	
6⅛	1⅞	ADM Indust		9	2	2	2	
19⅞	10¼	Admirltn .50	4	2	12	12	12	— ¼
17½	3⅛	Adobe Corp	19	49	9¼	9	9⅛	— ⅛
5½	2¼	A&EPlast P	5	8	3	3	3	+ ⅛
2⅝	1¼	Aerodex Inc		4	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
7½	3⅝	AeroFlo .08r	7	6	4½	4⅝	4⅝	
4⅛	2⅛	Aeronca Inc		1	2½	2½	2½	+ ⅛
3⅝	1⅞	Aerosol	8	1	2	2	2	
8⅝	4⅞	AffilCap .39t	3	15	5⅛	5	5	
3⅝	1⅛	Affil Cp wt		3	1¼	1¼	1¼	
10⅝	5	Affil Hsp .20	12	11	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	+ ⅛
16	5⅜	AIC Pht .56t	7	7	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Aiken Ind	10	2	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛
12	5	Airborn Frt	15	26	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
11¼	7⅛	Airpax .45t	7	8	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
19½	13⅝	Airwick .14	26	35	17⅜	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅞
19⅝	13⅝	Alan Wood	7	5	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
7⅝	4¼	Alaska Airl		16	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	2½	Alba Waldn		3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
12⅝	6½	Alcolac .05e	10	2	6½	6½	6½	
17	8½	Alleghy Airl	12	82	9	8⅞	9	
8⅝	3	AllegA wtN		11	3½	3½	3½	+ ⅛
10⅝	5½	Alleg Cp wt		13	6¼	5⅞	6¼	+ ½
4⅛	1⅞	Allied Art	7	3	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	
12⅝	9⅝	Allied Cntrl	9	7	9¼	9	9	— ⅝
3⅝	2⅛	Alpha Ind	19	4	2¾	2½	2½	— ⅛
7⅝	4	Altamil Cp	4	6	5	4⅞	5	+ ⅜
1⅝	¾	Altec Corp		36	1	⅞	15-16	+ 1-16
1¼	½	Altec Cp wt		25	½	½	½	— 1-16
4⅝	2⅝	Altec Crp pf		1	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
11⅝	7⅞	AlterFds .50	6	13	7⅝	7¼	7⅜	— ⅛
64⅛	51¼	Alco pf 3.75		z200	51½	51¼	51½	+ ¼
6½	2¾	Amco Ind	48	18	3⅝	3¼	3⅝	
12	5	AHessLL wt		94	8¼	7½	8⅛	+ ½
4⅝	2	Am Agronics		28	3⅝	3¼	3⅜	
14	8⅝	AmBiltrt .50	4	10	8⅝	8½	8½	— ½
26⅝	14⅝	AmBusP .20	17	4	16	15½	16	+ ⅜
3½	1	ACenMtg wt		3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
30⅝	24⅝	AFitch 2.71e	9	5	26½	26⅛	26½	— ⅛
5	2⅛	AmFitch wt		87	2⅛	2	2	— ⅛
16½	10½	AmGard Fd	9	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ¼
4	2½	A Girl Fash		1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
5⅞	4	Am Int Pict	8	6	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
10⅝	6⅝	Alsraell .26a	8	82	7¼	6½	7¼	+ ⅝
9	6⅝	AMaizeA .33	8	2	7⅝	7¼	7⅜	+ ⅛
9	6⅝	AMaizeB .33	8	3	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
44⅞	37⅞	AmMf 1.82e	6	5	38	38	38	+ ⅛
24	6¼	AmM I .10e	6	67	7	6⅞	7	
38⅝	31½	A Petrf 1.10	13	6	36	36	36	
14⅝	7⅝	A Plan 2.30t	7	20	8⅝	7⅞	8⅝	+ ⅝
11	9⅝	A RltTr .80a	11	57	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	— ¼
2¼	1¼	AmRltyT wt		4	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
16¼	4½	Am Recreat	6	10	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛
18⅝	8	ASafeE .68t	6	28	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	+ ⅛
6¼	3⅝	AmTech Ind	6	117	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
26⅝	7⅝	AmTrain Sv	17	53	11⅝	11¼	11½	+ ⅛
42	18	AMICCp .04	14	82	21⅞	19⅝	21⅞	+ 1¼
24⅝	6⅝	Anthony Ind	4	44	8½	8⅛	8⅝	+ ¼
2	1	AO Indust	11	13	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	
4	1½	Applid Data	18	11	2	2	2	
30½	21½	Aquit Ca .20	22	19	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞	+ ⅛
2⅛	1	Argus Inc		20	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
22⅝	13⅝	Ariz Col .08e	11	12	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
27⅝	20⅝	ArkLGs 1.30	8	337	22½	22	22¼	+ ⅛
15⅝	8½	Armin Cp	4	304	8⅞	7½	7⅞	— ⅞
10⅝	5¼	Arrow Elect	5	13	6¼	6	6	+ ⅛
18⅝	10⅝	Arundel .89t	8	17	11	10½	10½	— ⅛
15⅝	8	Asamera O	28	113	9 11-16	8 15-16	9 9-16	+ ⅝
16½	9⅝	AshlOil Can	14	3	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅝	AskinSv .08t		8	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
12⅛	7¼	Aspro .40b	5	3	8½	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
4⅞	2⅝	AssdFd .05p		1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
24⅝	7½	AsdMt 2.10e	64	27	10⅝	9⅝	10⅛	+ ½
30⅛	22¼	AsdProd .40	8	11	28⅝	28	28	— ⅞
6⅝	3⅛	Astrex Inc	16	28	4	3⅞	3⅞	
10½	6⅝	Atalanta Cp	5	4	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
2	1	Atco Chem		14	1⅛	1	1⅛	
33	23	Atic Fin .52	14	3	23½	23½	23½	+ ⅛
7⅝	3⅛	AticoMtg wt		2	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
19½	10⅛	AtlCMl 1.20e	8	25	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞	
1½	⅞	Atlas Cp wt		101	15-16	⅞	15-16	
33⅞	17½	Augatinc .10	25	23	20	20	20	
26⅝	11	Austral Oil	15	83	14	12¾	13⅞	+ ⅞
9⅛	4	Auto Bldg	6	9	5⅝	5⅛	5¼	— ⅛
7½	3⅛	Autmat Rad	6	9	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
8⅞	4⅝	AutmSvc .20	6	27	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
67	41	AutSwit .63e	17	1	42	42	42	+ ½
8	3⅛	AVC Corp	14	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
9⅝	4⅞	AVEMC .14	9	31	5¼	5⅛	5¼	
40⅛	34⅛	Avondl 1.20b	9	2	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝	+ ¼
20¼	16½	AVX Ceram	19	7	19¾	19⅝	19¾	— ¼

B

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
12⅝	8½	BadgMtr .48	6	2	8⅝	8½	8½	
17⅝	12⅝	BaldDH .32	7	17	13⅛	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅛
18⅞	14⅝	BanFd 1.45e		12	16	15¼	15⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	1⅝	BangPun wt		57	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
35⅞	18⅝	BanstrCtl Lt	11	45	24⅝	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
21	10½	BankrU .20e	14	155	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	— ¼
7½	3	Banner .02e	6	15	3½	3¼	3½	
5⅝	3½	BarbrasLyn	8	4	4	3⅞	3⅞	— ¼
7⅞	3	Barclay Ind	8	9	3½	3⅜	3½	+ ⅛
9⅛	5¼	Barnes Eng		2	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
15⅝	8½	Barnwel Ind	23	29	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ¼
12⅛	6⅝	Barry R .42t	9	184	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
12⅞	6⅛	BarryWr .32	7	4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ¼
3½	1½	Bartell Med		2	1¾	1⅝	1⅝	
8⅝	4	Barth Sp .27	7	7	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅞	Bartons Cdy	42	16	3⅛	3	3	
3½	1½	Baruch Fost		15	1⅝	1½	1½	— ⅛
6⅞	3⅝	BasinPet Cp	12	3	3⅞	3½	3½	
13⅞	10⅝	BayrkU .51e		35	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	
4	1⅞	Bhaviorl RL		6	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
4⅞	2¼	Bell Ind .08	6	10	2½	2¼	2⅛	+ ¼
5⅝	2⅛	Belscot .13t	11	89	2⅞	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
28⅞	20⅛	BenSM 2.65e	7	11	22½	22	22¼	+ ¼
8⅛	2⅝	BenStMg wt		7	3⅛	3½	3½	+ ⅛
6½	3⅝	Benrus Crp	10	10	4¼	4	4¼	+ ⅜
6½	3⅝	Benrus Crp	10	10	4¼	4	4¼	+ ⅜
15¼	4½	BergEnt .44t	5	46	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
7	6	BergRlt Gr		3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
1	⅜	BergRlt wt		10	⅜	⅜	⅜	+ ⅛
7⅝	3¼	Berg Bruns		14	4	3⅞	4	+ ⅛
17	13	Brg B pf1.15		8	13½	13¼	13¼	— ¼
8¼	5⅛	BernzOmat	12	9	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
8½	5¼	Bertea Corp	6	1	5½	5½	5½	— ⅛
18½	7½	Berven .08h	9	2	7½	7½	7½	
3⅞	2⅛	Bethlem Cp		7	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
4⅞	1⅝	Beverly Ent	11	89	3	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
14⅝	6	BevHill Bnc	5	18	6¼	6	6	— ⅛
32½	14	Bic Pen .27	15	10	15¼	15	15¼	+ ¼
29⅝	16¼	BgBear 1.08	6	3	18	18	18	+ ⅛
20½	14⅝	BinkMf .80a	7	8	15	15	15	
31⅞	13⅝	BinnySm .70	9	4	15	14¾	15	+ ½
14¼	5	Bio Dynam	9	25	7½	7⅛	7⅝	+ ⅛
16⅞	7⅝	Bissings .40	6	7	8¼	8	8¼	+ ⅛
4⅝	2½	Blount .06	6	5	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅞	Bluebird Inc	9	29	3	2⅞	3	
24¼	13	Bodin Ap .20	6	11	14¼	14	14¼	
11¼	5	Bohack Crp	25	10	6¼	6	6¼	+ ¼
12⅛	5⅜	Bolt Berank	8	10	6⅛	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	1	Boothe Cmp		31	1½	1⅝	1⅝	
38⅝	19¼	Bowmar Ins	12	195	25⅝	24⅛	25⅝	+ ⅞
55	25¼	BowVall .10	131	11	29	28	29	+ 1⅛
26⅝	7⅝	Brad Ragan	7	22	8¼	8	8	— ⅛
50	22⅞	BradfCm Sy	49	473	30	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
8	4	Brnchin .26	7	8	4½	4½	4½	— ⅛
17½	9½	BranlfAr wt		6	10⅛	10½	10⅛	+ ⅛
16	8⅝	BrtAirA .50t		122	10	9⅝	9⅞	+ ⅛
21¾	17¾	BrascanLt 1	5	41	19¾	19⅝	19⅝	+ ⅛
20½	14½	BraunEn .44	6	4	14⅛	14	14	— ½
10⅛	4	Breeze Corp		13	5⅞	5⅛	5½	— ⅛
16¼	12½	Brewer .40	7	3	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅝
7½	6 5-16	BATob r.23e	9	3	7⅝	7	7⅜	+ ⅜
9⅞	4⅞	BrooksP .16	9	5	5¼	5⅛	5¼	+ ⅛
4½	2	BrownCo wt		49	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
32⅛	19⅞	BwnFA .40b	16	3	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
33⅛	21¼	BwnFB .40b	16	4	23	22⅝	22⅝	
5⅛	5⅛	BrwnF pf.40		2	5½	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
34⅝	24¼	BTMtg 2.67e	10	14	28½	28	28⅛	— ⅛
5⅝	3	Buehler Cp	22	16	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
8½	4½	Buildex .10e	4	3	5	5	5	+ ¼
27⅝	18	BundyCp 1a	6	2	18½	18⅝	18½	+ ¼
5⅛	1½	Burgess Ind		1	3	3	3	+ ⅛
20⅛	10	Burnsint .60	12	10	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+ ⅜
10½	4⅝	Butler Aviat	6	17	5	4⅞	5	
27¼	16	Buttes G Oil	29	262	23	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅝

C

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
8⅞	3⅝	Cabicom Gn		12	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
9⅞	7	Cagles In A	16	13	6⅞	6½	6⅞	— ¼
19⅛	8¼	Caldor .15b	7	17	9½	9⅝	9½	
13⅛	5⅝	Calcomp		29	7⅝	7⅜	7⅝	
24¼	16⅝	Cal PrtCm 1	8	1	16¼	16⅝	16⅝	+ ¼
13⅝	6½	Camcoln .05		7	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
8¼	5 1-16	CampChib	58	39	6½	6¼	6 7-16	+ 1-16
11¼	8¼	Campin .30b	6	1	10¼	10¼	10¼	+ ¼
4⅝	2¼	CdnExp GO	32	34	3¼	3¼	3¼	— 1-16
11	5 9-16	Cdn Homstd	74	10	6 11-16	6 9-16	6 11-16	+ 3-16
9½	5⅞	CdnJvln .30t		34	8¼	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	CdnMar .10e	13	11	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞	+ ¼
8⅛	5¼	Cdn Merrill		2 3	6¼	6 3-16	6 3-16	+ 1-16
15⅛	9⅝	Cdn Occidnt	13	4	11¼	11	11¼	+ ½
4⅝	2⅛	Canveri Int		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5⅝	3⅝	CapitlFd .12	15	1	3½	3½	3½	
11⅞	6⅝	Capitol Inds	12	101	12⅛	11⅝	11¾	— ⅜
21½	4⅞	Caressa .20	5	40	6⅞	6¼	6⅞	+ ⅝
100	79¾	Carnatn .88	26	5	88⅝	88½	88⅝	— ¼
72½	67	CaroPL pf 5		y10	67½	67⅛	67½	+ 1⅛
9⅝	4⅛	Carr wt		27	4⅞	4⅛	4⅞	+ ¼
9	4	Carrols Dev	10	2	4⅞	4⅞	4⅛	
2¼	1½	Castleton In	34	12	1⅞	1¾	1¾	
20½	10½	Castlwd Inf	17	8	11¼	11¼	11¼	+
13½	6⅝	Caviltron Cp	20	2	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	— ¼
4⅛	2	CelluCraft		17	2½	2¼	2¼	
47⅝	45	CenM pf3.50		z200	45	45	45	
56¼	53½	CenPL pf 4		z100	54½	54½	54½	+ ¼
8⅝	4¼	CemSec .06e		6	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
6⅞	4¼	Centind .11r	5	8	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
15½	9⅝	Cenvill Com	3	15	10⅝	10⅛	10⅝	— ¼
6⅝	3	Certified Cp	4	4	3⅝	3¼	3⅝	+ ¼
2⅞	1	Certron Cp	30	24	1½	1⅜	1½	+ ⅛
14⅝	5⅛	ChampH .02	10	1385	5¼	4⅞	5	— ¼
3	1⅞	Charan Ind	8	2	2	2	2	
7⅝	3⅞	Chartr Med	15	3	4⅛	4	4	
8⅝	6	CHBFds .23t	5	1	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
7⅝	4⅝	ChemEx .16	6	6	4⅞	4¾	4¾	+ ⅛
11¼	4⅝	ChicUni .51t	8	2	5	5	5	
20¼	9	Child World	16	18	10⅝	10	10⅝	+ ¼
4⅛	2¼	Christian Co	9	30	3⅛	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
19⅞	15⅝	CICvF 1.80e		14	16⅝	16	16⅛	
4⅝	2	CIMtgGr wt		23	2⅛	2	2	
5⅞	2⅝	Cinema 5 Lt	7	3	3	2⅞	2⅞	
2	⅞	Cinerama		39	1¼	1¼	1⅛	
36½	10½	Circle K .26	13	4	13⅛	13	13	
9½	4½	CitznFinl .16	8	7	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞	+ ¼
18¾	16¼	CitMtg 1.67e	10	28	17½	17¼	17½	
3⅛	1¾	CitizMtg wt		4	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
9⅝	7⅛	CityGsFlh.50	6	5	7⅝	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
10¼	6⅝	CK Petrolm	28	23	8½	7⅞	7¾	— ⅝
9⅝	4⅝	CL Finl	3	7	4½	4⅜	4⅝	
3⅞	1⅜	Clark Cable	20	1	2	2	2	
18¾	11⅛	Clark Gr .30	8	1	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛
17⅞	8⅝	Clarksn Ind	8	28	8⅞	8½	8⅞	
10½	4½	Clarostat	4	50	4⅝	4¼	4½	— ⅜
11½	5⅛	Clopay .05r	4	7	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
4⅞	2½	CMI Corp	39	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
61¾	13	CMI Inv wt		45	17¾	15	17	+ 1⅛
8⅝	3⅞	CoBuild Cos	3	7	4	3⅞	4	+ ⅛
12⅝	7⅛	Coachmn In	5	6	8	7⅝	8	+ ⅛
14⅝	6⅝	Codesco .10e	10	4	7¼	6⅞	7¼	+ ⅛
20⅝	11⅞	Coff Mat .48	11	15	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
4⅝	2	Cohen Hatfd	9	4	2½	2½	2½	
7⅞	3⅝	Cohu In .15e	11	7	5	5	5	
20⅛	4⅞	Colt Intl	7	525	6	5⅝	6	
26⅝	13⅝	Cole Nat .48	8	14	14⅝	14½	14⅝	— ¼
33	15	Coleman .44	11	202	16¼	15⅞	16⅛	+ ¼
12⅞	7⅛	ColTow .07e	4	51	8	7	8	+ ⅞
11⅞	6⅝	Col Coml .20	10	8	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛	— ¼
10⅛	6⅝	ColonSnd .20	24	17	9½	9⅛	9⅝	— ¼
25⅜	15⅝	ColwelC .28	9	12	21⅞	21¼	21⅞	+ ⅝
33⅝	25⅝	ColwM 2.89e	9	12	29⅝	28½	29⅝	+ ¾
44	15	Comb Com	15	23	20⅛	19⅛	20⅛	+ ½
38⅞	14⅝	Cmbustn Eq	16	113	19¼	18⅝	18⅝	
32½	25	Cominco 1	20	4	29⅝	29	29⅛	+ ⅛
21¼	8⅝	ComlAlli .27	8	4	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
9	3	Commodor	9	12	3⅞	3½	3⅛	— ⅛
7⅞	3⅛	ComHlth Cp	10	1	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
16⅝	5¼	ComPsyc Ct	9	18	6½	6¼	6½	
30¾	25	Com PS 1.62	7	5	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
6⅛	4	Compec Cp	7	2	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
12⅞	8	Compoln .32	5	5	8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ⅜
3⅞	1⅞	Cmpreh Des		2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	11¼	CompuDyn	24	13	1½	1⅝	1½	
32⅝	17⅝	Compugrp	14	29	20½	19½	20¼	+ ¾
2⅝	2	Comput Ed	16	4	2¼	2¼	2¼	
9⅝	2⅝	Comput Inv	4	1	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	+ ⅛
16⅛	10⅝	Conche .08e	6	12	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
5¼	2⅝	Concrd Fab		2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
7⅝	2½	Condec Crp	26	3	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
13⅞	8	Connrx .44a	12	33	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
13⅝	11	Conrock .60	7	2	10⅝	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
11½	4⅝	Conroy Inc	5	4	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
5⅝	2⅝	Con Oil Gas		41	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	+ ⅛
14⅝	9⅝	Cons Ref .20	7	8	10	9⅝	10	
11⅛	7⅝	Consyne Cp	15	46	7½	7⅛	7½	+ ¼
2¼	1¼	Cont Mater	8	12	1⅝	1¼	1¼	
5⅝	3	Cont Tel wt		25	3¼	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
16¼	9	Cook Elc .32	10	5	10⅛	9⅝	10	
23⅝	14⅝	Cook Ind	4	20	18½	17⅝	18½	+ ⅞
19⅝	14⅝	CookPV .80a	6	6	14½	14⅛	14¼	—
14⅝	5⅝	Cordon Intl	10	29	7	6⅝	7	
21¼	14	Core Labs	16	12	15⅝	15½	15½	— ⅛
24⅝	18	CornBlk .79	10	x1	18½	18½	18½	+ ⅜
4 1-16	3 5-16	Courtld .13e	10	2	4	4	4	+ 1-16
5⅞	3¼	Cousins wt		17	3⅝	3½	3½	+ ⅛
6⅝	2⅝	Craig Corp	5	5	2¾	2⅞	2⅞	+ ¼
8	5	CramrE .21t	11	4	5½	5¼	5½	+ ¼
9½	4⅞	Creativ Mgt	6	4	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	
20⅝	15¼	CreolP 2.20a	11	6	17⅝	17½	17½	
4½	3	Crest Foam	34	11	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ¼
4	1½	Crestmont		7	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
23¾	17¼	Crmpton .86	8	9	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
67⅞	49⅛	Cross AT .42	32	44	55½	55⅛	55⅛	— ⅜
12½	9¼	CrowlM .30a	4	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
23¾	13½	CwnCF 1.78t	16	4	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	+ ¼
13	7⅛	Crown I .10e	6	4	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	+ ⅜
17⅝	12	CSECorp .32	5	3	12⅝	12½	12½	+ ⅛
14⅝	6	Cubic Cp .20	9	33	6¼	6	6½	— ¼
18⅝	6½	CutlerA .22p		5	7½	7⅝	7⅝	

D

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
8⅝	5½	DamonC .40	8	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
2⅛	1	Data Contrl		1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ¼
22⅝	17	Data Dcumt	7	2	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	
4⅝	2¼	Data Prod	12	14	3	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
16¼	8⅝	DavsFd .09h	15	133	15⅞	14⅝	15⅝	+ ⅞
10	7⅝	DayMin .10e	36	13	8⅝	8	8⅝	+ ⅝
5⅛	2⅝	Daylin wt		1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
3	1⅛	DCL Inc		19	1⅝	1½	1½	— ⅛
26	13⅝	Dearb St .25	7	21	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅛
13⅝	7	Del Labs	5	3	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
7⅝	1⅛	DeltaCp Am		79	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
20¼	9	Dltn Fd .50a	5	21	10½	10	10½	+ ⅛
57⅝	15⅝	Den Tal Ez	14	33	22½	21⅝	22½	+ 1⅛
3⅝	¾	Dero Ind		2	1	1	1	
5⅛	2	DeRose Ind	16	5	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	+ ⅛
34	18¼	Deseret Ph	22	30	21⅞	20⅝	21⅝	— ⅜
16⅝	5¼	Designcr Jw	6	15	6⅛	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
41½	13½	Dev Cp Am	6	45	15⅝	15	15⅝	+ ⅝
15⅛	6⅝	Devon App	5	5	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ¼
14½	7⅝	DHJ Indust	16	11	9¼	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
30⅝	15	DiamM Drll	9	41	16	14⅞	15½	+ ½
5⅞	2⅝	Diebold VC		12	3½	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
28	14¼	DillardSt .40	6	183	15¼	14⅝	15¼	+ ½
2¼	⅞	Diodes Inc	30	3	1½	1½	1½	
16⅞	11⅞	Diversey .52	8	4	13⅝	13½	13⅝	+ ¼
1½	⅝	Divrsf In wt		15	1	⅞	1	+ ¼
9⅞	4¾	Dixilyn Cor		1	5¼	5¼	5¼	— ¼
52⅝	25½	Dome Petrl	30	22	33⅝	33¼	33¼	— ⅛
20⅞	16¼	Domtar .60	14	4	20½	20½	20½	+ ⅛
13⅞	10	Donkeny .26	4	2	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
15½	9⅝	DownyS .15e	4	4	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	+ ¼
6¼	1⅞	Drew Natl		22	2⅝	2½	2⅝	
23¼	20⅛	DrexU 2.17e		5	22	22	22	
10	6⅞	Driver Harr	5	1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
12¼	6½	DrFair .40b	11	6	7	7	7	+ ⅛
3⅛	2½	Dunlop .14e	9	5	2 11-16	2 11-16	2 11-16	— 1-16
15⅝	8½	DurTst .23b	12	29	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
4⅞	2¼	Dynalectn	25	20	3	2⅞	3	+ ¼

E

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
10½	9⅝	E Systm .80	5	3	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
4¼	2⅛	Eagle Cloth		2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
29⅝	10	ErlScheb .32	9	8	10⅝	10	10⅛	+ ⅝
5⅞	4½	Earth R .12	15	6	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
28¼	13½	EasonOil .30	13	4	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ⅜
10⅞	3	EstnAir .47t	6	11	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	+ ¼
15⅛	12½	EastnCo .80	6	2	12⅝	12½	12½	
11⅝	6¼	Eastn Frgt	4	6	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
3¼	1¼	Eckmar Cp	9	37	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
20	11½	Ecodyne	19	10	14	14	14	
21½	8½	Edgingtn O	6	16	11	10⅝	11	+ ⅛
12¼	4	Edmos .13	4	12	5¼	4⅞	5	+ ⅜
8⅝	3⅝	Edo Corp	5	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
9⅛	4⅝	Edwards .20	5	5	5⅛	5	5	
7⅝	5	Egan M .05e		1	5⅛	5¼	5¼	+ ¼
20⅛	8	EhrnhPh .20	5	34	8⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅝
6⅝	3⅝	Elco Corp	7	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
6⅛	3	Elcor Chm	19	3	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
8½	5¼	El Hose .20r	9	6	6⅝	6½	6⅝	
3⅝	1⅝	Elect Assist	12	60	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
10¾	5⅝	Electrn Eng	9	8	8	7⅝	8	+ ½
34⅝	16⅞	Electrn .60b	11	14	20¾	20	20	— ½
10⅝	3⅞	Electsp .36t	7	82	4¼	4	4⅛	— ⅛
3-16	1-16	ElginN wt n		16	1-16	1-16	1-16	— 1-16
22	13⅝	ElkHorn .88	74	3	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+ ¼
16	8	El Tronics	8	9	9⅝	9½	9½	— ⅜
4⅝	1⅝	EquityNat		27	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	
7⅝	4½	ErnstA .05r	4	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
5⅝	2¼	Ero Ind		2	2½	2½	2½	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅝	Essex Chem	7	24	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	+ ⅛
17⅛	8½	Efz Lav .11e	8	7	8¼	8⅝	8⅝	
17⅝	7⅝	Evans Aris	9	11	9⅝	8⅞	9⅛	+ ¼
35⅝	13½	Excellnv Co	18	14	16	15⅝	16	+ ⅜
20½	12⅝	Executn .24	15	19	13½	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅞

F

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
7⅝	3	Fab Ind	8	15	3⅝	3½	3⅝	+ ⅛
8⅝	6½	Fabien .40a	6	6	6⅝	6½	6½	— ⅛
14⅝	7½	FabrCe .03e	6	37	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
4	¼	Fabrics Nat		3	⅞	13-16	⅞	+ 1-16
8¼	4⅝	FairTex Mil	4	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
15½	8	FairNbl .07r	5	16	9	8⅞	9	— ⅛
3½	2⅛	Fairmt Chm	112	7	2¼	2¼	2¼	
11¼	5¼	Falcon Sbd	14	11	7¼	6⅝	7¼	+ ⅝
18⅛	7⅞	Fam Dol Str	12	23	8	8	8	
3⅛	2	Family Rec		2	2¼	2¼	2¼	
15¼	5½	Fash Fabric	8	12	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
2½	1⅝	Fed Resrces		23	1⅝	1½	1½	— ⅛
21⅝	12½	FedMrt .40b	5	7	13⅝	13½	13⅝	+ ⅜
16	8⅞	Felmont Oil	11	8	10½	10½	10½	
12½	6	Felsway .32	5	4	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	+ ⅛
7⅝	3⅞	Fibrebrd wt		42	4⅝	4¼	4⅝	+ ⅛
44⅝	30¼	FidelG 3.11e	9	24	31⅝	30⅝	31	+ ¼
19¼	7¼	FidelcGr wt		2	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	+ ⅛
13⅞	9	Film Cp .06	5	15	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
5⅞	2⅝	Filmways		7	2½	2½	2½	— ¼
23⅝	8	FlltDyn .01e	7	20	8½	8¼	8¼	— ¼
31⅞	15	FinSanB .20	6	9	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	
13⅝	9⅝	FinGen .24b	6	6	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
17	14⅞	Fst Com 1a	11	2	16¼	16⅛	16¼	+ ¼
25	19½	Fst Dn 1.98e	10	5	21⅛	21	21	— ¼
25	11⅞	FstS&LS .40	4	23	12⅛	11½	11⅝	— ¼
44⅞	32	FstWls 3.37e	10	57	36	35	36	+ 1⅛
24	11	FischP 1.11t	7	8	11⅝	11¼	11¼	— ⅜
7⅝	3⅝	Fishman .20		2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	—
5⅝	2½	Flagglnd .12	4	21	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
15¼	11¼	Flight Safty	16	1	13	13	13	+ ⅛
8½	2⅛	Flock Ind	13	11	2⅝	2½	2½	— ⅛
4⅞	1⅝	Fla Capital	6	11	2	2	2	
10½	8¼	Fla Rock In	7	5	9	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
12	10⅝	FlowerA .24	9	61	13	12⅝	13	+ ⅛
37¼	14½	Fluke M .85t	10	10	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+ ⅝
25⅝	8¼	FlyTiger wt		110	13⅝	12½	13⅛	+ ⅞
4⅞	2⅛	Foodram Sp		12	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
12	7½	Forest C .17	14	53	9	8⅝	8⅞	+ ⅝
10	3⅝	ForestL .09t	175	7	3⅝	3½	3½	— ⅛
10⅛	8⅝	FPA Corp	6	2	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
9⅝	7¼	FrankRl .76	13	4	7⅝	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛
12⅝	8	FrankNu .32	10	9	8¼	8	8¼	+ ¼
20⅝	14⅝	Fresnllo .40	13	8	15⅝	15½	15⅝	— ⅛
11¼	5⅝	Frier Ind	5	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
25½	12	Frigitronic	38	59	17⅞	16¼	17¼	+ ⅛
8½	5⅞	Frontier Air	5	26	6	5⅞	6	

G

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
13⅞	8¼	Gabriel .43t	6	8	8¼	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
16	9⅝	Garan .26a	6	6	9½	9⅝	9½	+ ¼
8⅝	4⅝	Garber AL	4	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
14⅝	7⅝	Garcia Corp	6	1	8	8	8	
12⅝	6½	Garind .30e	9	5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	GayirdNtl .20	4	4	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
12⅝	5	Gaynor Staf	8	11	6⅝	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
14⅝	7½	Gearhart .24	8	6	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
37¼	16⅝	G Cinma .32	10	10	20⅛	19½	19⅞	+ ⅜
7	3⅝	GenEduc Sv	7	6	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	2	G Empl .04e	11	2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ¼
7¼	3⅞	G Housewar	4	21	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
2⅛	1½	Gen Plywod		2	1½	1½	1½	— ⅛
4⅝	3⅛	Gen Recrat	7	4	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
11⅞	5½	Gen Resrch	6	4	6	6	6	+ ⅛
12⅝	4⅝	Genge Ind	7	10	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	
23	7	Geon Ind	10	88	9	8⅛	9	+ ⅜
8⅞	5⅝	Gerber Sci	26	24	6⅝	6	6⅝	+ ⅞
22⅛	11⅞	Giant F .50a	5	6	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
10	7	GiantYel .40	18	65	8 3-16	7⅝	8⅛	
8½	5⅝	Gin Ger .10r	5	17	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
8⅝	5⅝	Gin Ger .10r	5	17	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
7½	5⅝	Globelnd .40	6	4	5½	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
16⅝	7¼	GlobeSec Sy	7	7	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	
14⅝	7⅞	Glosser .22	6	9	9	8⅝	9	+ ½
16⅞	10¼	Glocstr En	7	2	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅜
12⅝	8	Glover Inc	6	4	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
8⅝	5¼	Gldblatt .35	6	3	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
26¼	16	Golden Cycl	15	28	22	21½	21¾	— ⅝
10⅝	4⅝	Gold W Mob	9	5	4⅝	4⅛	4¼	— ⅛
16	4⅝	GoodLS .05e	5	15	5	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
6⅝	4⅝	Goodrich wt		3	5¼	5¼	5¼	+ ⅛
6½	4	Gorin Strs	6	4	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
23¼	17½	Gorm R .80	9	3	18	17⅝	18	+ ⅜
9½	3	Gouldinc wt		33	4⅝	4¼	4⅝	+ ⅜
10	9	Gold T .81e	10	3	8⅞	8¼	8⅛	— ¼
38⅝	27	Grainger .27	27	5	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞	+ ⅞
12	4½	Grand Auto	6	72	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	
6⅝	2¼	Granite Mgt		15	3½	3⅛	3⅛	+ ½
9⅝	5½	GrasVa .16e	7	8	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	
13⅝	6½	Gray Mfg	7	16	7⅝	7⅛	7¼	— ⅛
1⅛	⅝	GreatAm In		35	⅞	¾	⅞	
4⅛	2⅝	GtBasin Pet	47	25	3	2⅞	2⅞	
9⅝	6½	G LkCh .05e	9	16	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	
6⅛	5⅛	GtLakR .70r	17	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
10¼	6⅝	GScott Smkt	7	7	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
25½	4⅝	Greenm .92t	4	99	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
6⅝	3⅝	Greer Hyd	7	1	4	4	4	+ ⅛
6⅛	3	GryhdC .20e	4	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
32¼	18	GRI Cp .06	20	9	22⅞	22⅛	22⅞	+ ⅛
15⅝	13⅝	Griesd 1.15e		1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	
11	6⅞	Grow C .32b	7	14	6⅞	6¼	6⅞	— ⅛
4⅝	2½	Gruen Ind		6	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
1⅞	1	GSC En .05e		4	1	1	1	
4⅝	2⅝	GTI Corp	23	11	3½	3¼	3½	+ ⅛
11½	4½	GuardMl wt		3	5	5	5	+ ⅛
10¼	5½	Gulfrd Mills	5	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
21½	15⅝	GlfMR 1.77e	11	15	18	17⅞	18	+ 1
2⅞	1⅛	GulfMRlt wt		20	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	
44⅞	31⅝	Glf Can .60a	22	4	34	33⅝	34	+ ⅜
15⅛	7⅝	GulfRep Fin	3	26	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	+ ⅛
20½	15⅛	Glf SM 2.16e		16	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅜
2⅛	1¼	Gulf SoM wt		3	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
35	20	Glfstrm LD	11	26	25½	24⅝	25⅛	— ⅝

H

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
7	3⅛	Hallct Hom	4	2	3½	3½	3½	
10⅛	7⅝	HallsMot .40	5	2	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
10⅝	6⅝	HamilC .22e	9	9	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅜
6⅝	3⅝	Hampsh .29t	3	4	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
10	4⅝	Hamptln .32	8	16	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
9⅞	5⅝	Hamvr Plan		2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
35	25⅝	Harland .15	33	9	29	28⅞	28⅞	— ¼
15⅝	9⅝	Hart Alf .40	7	1	11	11	11	
11⅞	3⅝	Hartfld Zdy	4	2	4	4	4	— ⅛
36½	19⅞	HartzMr Cp	33	40	26¼	25⅝	26¼	+ ⅜
5⅛	1⅝	Harvey Grp	35	7	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
12¼	6	Hasbro Ind	8	14	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	HaydnS .05p	100	3	2⅛	2	2	— ⅛
11⅛	4⅝	Health Chm	8	6	6⅛	5⅞	6	+ ⅛
15⅝	12⅝	Heltm 1.34e	8	10	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
15⅝	9⅝	Her Maj .48	5	5	10	10	10	— ⅛
12⅝	6⅝	HerftJo .24a	7	12	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	
11⅞	5	HIG Inc		41	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
10½	6⅝	HiShear Cp	44	58	9½	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅜
6⅝	3	Hillhaven	7	7	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
2⅞	2⅛	Holmn Ind	6	11	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
49½	42	Holling 1.60	32	1	45	45	45	
1⅝	1	Holly Corp	18	19	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
44⅝	35⅛	HomsOA .50	33	5	41⅛	40⅝	41⅛	+ ⅜
47	35	HomeOB .50	30	10	37⅝	36⅝	37⅝	+ ⅝
23	16⅝	HormelG .81	12	4	17	17	17	
10	6⅝	Horn Hardrt		5	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
18⅝	14⅝	Hoskins 1	16	44	18⅝	17½	18⅛	+ ⅛
22⅝	18⅛	HospM 2.08e	8	4	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+ ⅛
3	1⅛	HospMtg wt		3	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
35⅝	13	Hosp Mtr In	10	9	14⅝	13½	14⅛	+ ½
25⅝	15⅝	Hotel I 2.07e	8	19	18⅛	17	18⅛	+ 1⅛
10⅝	8⅛	House Ron	9	1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
11½	7½	House VI .32	12	2	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
39⅝	20⅝	Houst Oil M	22	53	30⅝	29⅝	30¼	+ ⅝
53	33⅛	HubellA 1.08	12	1	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	+ ⅛
53⅛	33⅝	HubellB 1.08	12	1	34½	34½	34½	+ ⅛
79½	59⅝	Hub pfB1.75		2	51	50⅝	51	+ ⅛
79½	51	Hub pfA1.75		2	51	51	51	
57⅝	40	HodBOG .60	27	1	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	— ⅝
6	3	Hudson Gen		2	3½	3½	3½	
19¼	6½	Huffmn .30e	6	66	9⅝	9⅛	9⅝	+ ⅜
8⅞	3¼	HuntHlt .42t	5	10	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛	
24½	18⅝	HuskyOil .15	15	87	21⅝	20½	21⅝	+ 1⅛
11⅞	4	Hycel Inc		57	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	+ ⅛
20⅛	18	HygFd 1.23t	6	13	19¼	19	19¼	+ ½

I

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
8½	4⅞	IMC Magnet	5	3	5	5	5	+ ⅛
6⅝	4½	Imoco Gate	5	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
2⅝	2⅛	ImGrLth.10e	12	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
49⅝	35¼	Imp Oil .60	33	85	39⅝	38⅞	39⅝	+ 1⅛
6	3⅛	InarcoCp .12	4	1	3	3	3	— ⅛
20⅝	8⅝	Inexco Oil	23	122	11⅛	10½	10⅞	— ⅛
3⅞	1	Inflight Svc		22	1½	1⅜	1⅜	
10⅝	6⅝	Instron Cp	9	8	7	6⅞	7	— ⅛
3⅞	1½	Instrum Sys	9	9	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
12½	4½	IntegRe .19t	5	34	5	4⅝	4⅞	+ ⅛
7⅝	3	Intrmedco	20	3	3	3	3	
1⅛	9-16	Intl Banknot		38	⅝	⅝	⅝	— ⅛
13⅝	6½	Int Foodsvc	6	5	6½	6⅜	6½	— ⅛
6¼	3	InFuneral S	6	10	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝	+ ⅛
14⅝	9⅝	IntGenin .70	5	11	10½	10¼	10	
14⅞	5⅛	Int Prot .10	5	94	7	6½	6	
5⅛	2	Int Stretch		3	3	2⅞		
27⅝	25⅝	IntSyst .06b	13	7	25⅛	25⅛		
8⅛	2⅞	Interphoto		22	4⅞	3⅞		
22¼	15¼	Interpool	15	3	15¼	15¼		
18	11⅝	Intersystm	10	5	11⅞	11⅝		
6⅞	2½	Investm Fla	5	24	3⅝	3		
36⅝	22⅝	InDiv A 1.88	5	13	23⅝	23¼		
9¼	5⅞	InvDivB .45	5	6	6¼	6⅛		
8⅞	3⅝	Inv Fund A		20	4⅝	4⅝		
16⅝	12⅛	InvRIT 1.38e	14	6	13⅝	13⅝		
15⅞	6⅞	Iroquois Bd	13	45	8⅞	8⅛		
10⅛	4⅛	Irvin Indust	7	15	4⅞	4⅝		
8	6⅝	ISC Ind .30	8	3	6⅝	6⅛		
11⅞	3⅞	Itel Corp	19	44	5⅝	4⅞		
2⅛	1	ITI Corp		2	1⅛	1⅛		

J - K

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
6⅝	4⅝	Jaclyn .36b	6	3	4⅝	4⅝		
14⅝	5⅝	Jamswy .69t	4	8	6	5⅞		
10	5⅝	Jeannette	10	16	7⅛	7		
24⅛	12⅝	Jervis 1.30t	6	16	15⅝	15½	1	
5⅝	2	Jetronic Ind	12	2	3	2⅞		
31⅝	8⅝	Jewelcor	9	59	10⅝	10	1	
37⅝	24	JchnPd .08h	32	41	25⅞	25	2	
9⅞	6⅝	Jupiter Ind		210	7⅛	6⅞		
6⅝	4	Kaisr In .17t	9	52	4½	4⅛		
5⅝	1⅞	Kalvex Inc	9	64	2⅛	2		
6⅝	3⅝	KaneMill wt		11	4½	4⅛		
37⅞	25	KanebSv .86	9	4	26⅛	26⅛		
34⅝	6⅝	Kauf Brd wt		204	14½	12	1	
5⅝	2⅝	Kavanau		2	3	2⅞		
14⅝	8½	Kay Corp	18	11	9⅞	9⅝		
4⅞	1⅞	Kenton Corp		101	1⅞	1⅞		
10⅛	4⅛	KenwinS .32	5	2	5⅛	5⅛		
8⅝	3⅝	Ketchum Co	17	2	4⅛	4⅛		
23½	12½	Keanee .48	9	6	14⅛	14⅛		
7	3	Key Co .28	6		3⅝	3⅝		
2⅛	1⅝	Kilemb Cop		11	1 9-16	1½		
12⅝	5½	Killearn Pr	6	35	6⅛	6		
1⅝	1	Kin Ark Crp		9	1⅛	1		
25½	16¼	KingRd .09e	11	3	17⅛	17⅛		
14⅛	6½	Kingstip .12	6	2	7	6⅞		
27⅛	15⅛	Kirbyind .44	4	3	16⅝	16⅛		
10⅞	4	Kit Mfg	10	2	4⅝	4⅝		
5⅝	2⅛	KleerVu Ind	20	33	2⅝	2⅛		
18⅛	6⅛	Kleinerts		6	7⅛	7½		
10⅝	7⅝	Kliklok .50	6	1	7⅝	7		
27⅞	15	Knicker Toy	7	12	16⅞	16½		
12⅝	6⅝	Knott H .15p		10	7⅝	7⅛		
23	11⅝	Kolmorg .40	11	4	14⅛	14⅛		
21⅝	9⅛	KubnStr .10	5	47	8⅛	7⅝		

L

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
30⅞	8⅝	Lafay Radio	5	85	9⅝	9		
4⅝	2½	Lake Shore	325	15	3⅛	3⅛		
12¼	6⅞	LaMaur .36	8	13	7⅝	7⅝		
8½	4⅛	Lane W .41t	7	22	5⅝	5		
6½	4½	LaPointe .20	3	4	4⅞	4⅞		
3⅝	1⅝	Lndmrk Ld	43	8	2⅝	2½		
16⅝	10⅝	LerR 1.25e	10	72	12⅝	12⅝		
38	14	LCA Corp	7	67	14⅝	14⅛		
11½	1½	LCA Cp t		2	1⅞	1⅞		
9⅞	6	Loader Intl		35	6⅛	6		
8½	3⅝	Leedr Hous	6	31	4⅛	4⅛		
5½	1⅞	Leasc Cp t		50	2⅛	2⅛		
17⅝	9⅛	Loeth Co .44	5	1	9⅛	9⅛		
25	12⅞	Lee Entr .30	10	8	13⅛	13⅛		
7⅛	5	Lee Natl	20	16	5	5		
20⅛	9⅝	Leigh Pr .40	5	2	9⅝	9⅝		
13⅞	6	Leisure Tec	4	26	7⅞	7⅝		
55½	35⅝	LernerSt .96	6	41	37⅝	37		
41⅞	24	LernerSt t		24	24⅛	24½		
18⅝	9¼	LesFay .32b	7	14	11	10½		
13½	8⅝	LeisBF .20	7	8	8⅞	8⅞		
4⅛	1⅛	Librty Leas		3	1⅛	1⅛		
9⅛	4½	LilliAnn .20r	5	2	4⅞	4⅞		
4⅛	2⅛	LilyLynn A	4	5	2⅛	2⅞		
4⅞	2⅛	Lincoln Am	28	38	3⅛	3		
22	12	Lloyds Elec	6	6	13⅛	13¼		
2⅛	2	Lodge S .05e	100	6	2	2		
13⅝	6⅝	Lohmn .32a	6	1	6⅛	6⅛		
19⅛	6⅛	LoeThe t	210	7	6⅝			
4¼	1⅝	Logistic Ind	9	2	2	2		

(Continued on next page.)

All these bonds having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

NEW ISSUE May 22, 1973

European Investment Bank

200,000,000 French Francs

7¼ per cent. Bonds 1988

CRÉDIT COMMERCIAL DE FRANCE

BANQUE DE BRUXELLES S.A. PRIVATBANKEN I KJØBENHAVN

WESTDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRALE

BANQUE DE PARIS ET DES PAYS-BAS LAZARD FRÈRES ET CIE.

BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS CRÉDIT LYONNAIS SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE

THE INVESTMENT BANK OF IRELAND BANCA COMMERCIALE ITALIANA

KREDIETBANK S.A. LUXEMBOURGEOISE AMSTERDAM-ROTTERDAM BANK N.V.

WILLIAMS, GLYN & CO. THE DAIWA SECURITIES CO., LTD.

UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND (UNDERWRITERS) LIMITED

BANCA NAZIONALE DEL LAVORO BANQUE INTERNATIONALE A LUXEMBOURG S.A. COMMERCIAL BANK OF KUWAIT S.A.K. COMMERZBANK Aktiengesellschaft

CREDITO ITALIANO DRESDNER BANK Aktiengesellschaft EDILCENTRO S.p.A. ITALIAN INTERNATIONAL BANK Limited SCANDINAVIAN BANK Limited SKANDINAVISKA ENSKILDA BANKEN

ALGEMENE BANK NEDERLAND N.V. ASTAIRE & CO. BANCA PROVINCIALE LOMBARDA BANCO AMBROSIANO BANCO BORGES & IRMAO S.A.R.L.

BANCO PINTO & SOTTO MAYOR S.A.R.L. BANCO DI ROMA BANCO DI SANTO SPIRITO BANCO DI SICILIA BANCO TOTTA & AÇORES

BANK LEUMI LE-ISRAEL (FRANCE) S.A. BANKHAUS I.D. HERSTATT Kommanditgesellschaft auf Aktien BANQUE FRANÇAISE DU COMMERCE EXTÉRIEUR BANQUE DE L'INDOCHINE

BANQUE LAMBERT S.C.S. BANQUE LAMBERT - LUXEMBOURG S.A. BANQUE DE LA SOCIÉTÉ FINANCIÈRE EUROPÉENNE BANQUE DE SUEZ ET DE L'UNION DES MINES

BANQUE DE L'UNION EUROPÉENNE H. ALBERT DE BARY & CO. N.V. BAYERISCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRALE BAYERISCHE VEREINSBANK

BERGENS PRIVATBANK BERLINER HANDELS-GESELLSCHAFT - FRANKFURTER BANK CAISSE DES DÉPÔTS ET CONSIGNATIONS CAPITALFIN INTERNAZIONALE S.p.A.

CASSA DI RISPARMIO DI GENOVA E IMPERIA CASSA DI RISPARMIO DELLE PROVINCIE LOMBARDE COMMERCIAL CONTINENTAL LTD.

COMPAGNIE DE BANQUE ET D'INVESTISSEMENTS (UNDERWRITERS) S.A. CREDITANSTALT-BANKVEREIN DEN DANSKE LANDMANDSBANK

DEUTSCHE GIROZENTRALE - DEUTSCHE KOMMUNALBANK - EURAMERICA INTERNATIONAL BANK Limited EUROSEAS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION S.A.

FINACOR GEFINA (GRUPPO GENERALI) ANTONY GIBBS & SONS Limited GIROZENTRALE UND BANK DER ÖSTERREICHISCHEN SPARKASSEN Aktiengesellschaft HILL SAMUEL & CO. Limited

INTERUNION-BANQUE ISRAEL-BRITISH BANK Limited ISTITUTO BANCARIO SAN PAOLO DI TORINO KITCAT & AITKEN KJØBENHAVNS HANDELSBANK

KREDIETBANK N.V. McLEOD, YOUNG, WEIR & COMPANY Limited MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH Securities Underwriter Limited MONTE DEI PASCHI DI SIENA

SAMUEL MONTAGU & CO. Limited NATIONAL WESTMINSTER BANK Limited NEDERLANDSE CREDIETBANK N.V. THE NIKKO SECURITIES CO. (EUROPE) LTD.

NORDDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRALE DEN NORSKE CREDITBANK N.M. ROTHSCHILD & SONS Limited ROWE & PITMAN

SAIFI SECURITIES INTERNATIONAL Limited SOCIETÀ CISALPINA IMPIEGHI MOBILIARI S.p.A. SOCIETÀ FINANZIARIA ASSICURATIVA (GRUPPO R.A.S.)

SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE ALSACIENNE DE BANQUE SOCIÉTÉ SÉQUANAISE DE BANQUE SVERIGES KREDITBANK TRADE DEVELOPMENT BANK OVERSEAS INC.

TRADINVEST BANK AND TRUST COMPANY OF NASSAU, LTD. TRICONTINENTAL CORPORATION Limited UNIBANQUE S.A. VEREINSBANK IN HAMBURG

Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on June 12, 1973

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
14563	Abitibi	$10⅝	10⅝	10½	— ⅛
100	Acklands	$11¼	11⅛	11¼	
2750	Agnico E	510	485	510	+ 5
600	Agra Ind	$9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ¼
1210	Alta Gas T	$13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ¼
4060	Alminex	645	630	630	—15
235	Algo Cent	$15	15	15	+ ¼
1400	A Quasar P	$15⅝	15	15⅝	+ 1
400	Argus C pr	$12⅞	12⅝	12⅞	+ ⅛
950	Atl Sugar	$6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
2571	Bank N S	$32¼	31⅝	31⅝	— ½
7443	Bell Canad	$42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	+ ⅛
240	Betlm	$14½	14½	14½	
1700	Block Bros	275	270	270	— 5
2700	Bovis Cor	220	215	215	— 5
9500	Bralor Res	220	210	220	
3080	Brenda M	575	560	575	+ 5
300	BC Forest	$16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	
9130	BP Can	$16	15⅝	16	+ ¼
19480	Brunswk	465	450	465	+15
2330	Cal Pow	$25	25	25	— ½
6800	Camflo	885	840	860	—40
400	C Pakrs C	$22½	22½	22½	
2550	Can Perm	$19⅝	18⅞	19⅝	+ ⅛
2450	C Hydro	$9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ¼
8600	C Imp Bank	$29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	
1975	C Ind Gas	$7⅝	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
112	Cdn Tire	$55	55	55	
300	Candel Oil	920	875	875	
485	Cassiar	$10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
2620	Celanese	425	405	425	+25
7600	Chemalloy	330	310	315	— 5
2025	Chieftan D	$10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
200	C Holiday I	$9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ½
2600	Clarcan	510	490	500	+ 5
3900	Coldstm	320	305	310	—10
600	C Morisn	186	185	185	
1200	C Rambler	370	360	360	
800	Con Bldg	285	260	285	
2300	C Tung	165	160	161	— 4
2210	Con Distrb	$24½	24½	24½	+ 1
12392	Cons Gas	$16⅝	15⅞	16⅝	+ ⅝
170	Conwest	635	635	635	— 5
251	Cop Fields	165	165	165	— 7
11400	Craigmt	660	650	660	+ 5
200	Crush Intl	$11½	11½	11½	
50	Cygnus A	$7¼	7¼	7¼	
250	Cygnus B	$7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
539	Denison	$30¼	30¼	30¼	
1900	Dickson	405	385	385	—15
4524	Dofasco	$27⅝	26⅞	27⅝	+ ⅝
475	Dom Store	$14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅛
690	Dupont	$27⅝	27½	27½	
100	Dylex L A	$8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	+ ¼
200	Emco	$5	5	5	
588	Falcon	$73	72½	73	+ ½
3685	Falcon C	$13½	13	13	— ¼
500	Fed Ind Ltd	$7	7	7	
3100	Francana	910	900	910	—15
275	Fraser	$21⅛	21	21⅛	— ⅛
4250	Gen Distrb	$31¼	30	31	+ 1
2300	Gnt Masct	299	291	299	— 1
19400	Gibraltar	$13	12⅞	13	+ ⅜
1200	Granduc	365	360	365	— 5
65	Gt COilsds	865	865	865	
200	GL Paper	$21⅝	21½	21⅝	— ⅜
200	Greyhnd	$19⅝	19	19⅝	+ ⅛
527	Guar Trst	$12½	12¼	12¼	
2311	Gulf Can	$34	33⅝	33⅝	+ ½
1862	Hawker S	460	450	460	+10
280	Hollinger	$45⅛	45	45⅛	+ ⅜
63400	Hotston O	390	365	375	+15
1375	H Bay Co	$19	18¾	18¾	— ¼
2950	Huron Eri	$28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	
1300	IAC	$17½	17¼	17¼	— ¼
350	Inglis	$18	18	18	
810	Inland Gas	$10⅛	10½	10⅛	— ⅛
1300	Int Mogul	$13	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
3560	Infpr Pipe	$24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
4900	Inv Grp A	$9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
2510	Kaiser Re	300	285	285	—10
2700	Kaps Tran	$7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
1420	Kerr Add	$12½	11⅞	12	
575	Koffler	$14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
273	Labatt	$26⅞	26⅝	26⅞	+ ⅜
700	La Luz	280	280	280	
447	LOnt Cem	335	335	335	—10
375	Laura Sec	$8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
400	LL Lac	230	225	225	—21
18248	Lob Co A	$7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
18604	Lob Co B	$7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
2500	Lochiel	210	203	203	+ 1
2700	Loeb M	$5	495	5	
4727	Madeline	435	425	425	— 5
3050	Maltgml	$32½	32¼	32¼	
3369	MB Ltd	$30½	30¼	30⅝	+ ¼
1020	M Lf Mills	$18	18	18	
3707	Moore	$51	49⅝	50⅛	
7000	Morse A	$12½	11⅞	12⅛	+ ¾
1000	Nat Pete	52	51	52	
100	Newconx	510	510	510	— 5
2511	Noranda	$50½	50	50⅛	+ ⅛
4850	Nor Ctl G	$10⅝	10	10⅝	+ ⅛
2050	Orchan	505	500	505	— 5
400	OSF Ind	$7⅝	7½	7⅝	
2654	Oshawa A	$9	8⅞	8⅞	+ ⅛
500	Page Pet	220	220	220	—10
2050	Pamour	595	585	595	+15
1055	PanCan P	$13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	
17784	Pan Ocean	$14⅝	13⅝	14⅝	+ 1⅛
256	Patino N V	$20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
304	Pembin A	440	440	440	—10
100	Petrofina	$28	28	28	
2845	Pine Point	$29½	29¼	29¼	— ¼
3350	Place G	61	58	58	— 1
4142	Placer	$28⅝	27¾	28⅝	+ ⅜
500	Ram	245	245	245	— 7
8650	Rapid Dta	$8	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛
500	Rayrock	135	133	133	— 2
375	Reed Oslr	$9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
1000	Rothman	$11½	11½	11½	
1400	Scotts	$8½	8⅛	8½	+ ¼
1300	Secur Cap	55	55	55	
12155	Shell Can	$18½	17⅝	18⅛	+ 1
5300	Sherritt	$17⅞	15		
5150	Siebens	$11½	11		
100	Sigma	$19	19		
3240	Simpsons	$10	9		
5541	Simpson S	$13½	13		
600	Slater Stl	$10⅞	10		
6330	Spooner	47	46		
275	St Brodcst	$11	10		
2775	Steep R	159	154		
2446	Stelco	$31	30		
1400	Sullivan	265	255		
5200	Sundale O	740	700		
1206	Systems D	$17⅛	17		
764	Teck Cor A	440	430		
233	Teck Cor B	350	355		
50	Teledyne	405	405		
2400	Texaco	$60⅞	59		
7160	Thom Nes	$13	12		
2215	Tor Dm Bk	$32	31		
1100	Traders A	$16⅛	16		
3591	Tr Can PL	$34⅝	34		
605	Trans Mt	$20⅝	20		
1010	Un Carbid	$15⅛	15		
7032	Un Gas	$10⅞	10		
180	Union Oil	$14	14		
5622	U Siscoe	740	715		
800	Upp Can	286	285		
300	Van Der	$9½	9		
350	Voyager P	590	590		
100	Walnoco O	$7⅝	7		
1675	Weldwod	$15⅛	15		
1565	Wstburne	$13	13		
550	W Cdn Seed	$5⅛	5		
100	Westnhse	$20⅛	20		
1950	West Mine	310	300		
1075	Weston	$20⅝	2		
25	Whithorse	200	3		
650	White Pas	$14⅛	1		
200	Woodwd A	$25⅛	2		
320	Willroy	108	10		
2600	Yk Bear	360	35		

Total sales 1,834,512 share[s]

Montreal Sto[cks]

Sales	Stock	High	Low
1425	Algoma	$17⅝	1
960	Asbestos	$15⅝	1
5238	Bank Mont	$18⅝	1
600	Bombard	390	39
700	Brinco	$5⅝	
300	CAE Ind	$10⅛	1
218	Can Cement	$14¼	1
110	Cdn Indust	$14⅝	1
100	Cdn Int Pow	$12⅝	1
100	Com BusM	$11	1
9377	Con Bath	$22½	2
400	Crn Zell A	$22	2
180	Dom Bridge	$34⅝	3
250	Dom Text	$7⅝	
532	Fncl Col	$8½	
400	Gaz Metro	450	44
210	Imasco	$30⅛	
225	Ivaco	$20	
100	Laur Fin	$11⅝	1
1000	Molson A	$26⅝	
100	Molson B	$26⅛	
100	Phoenix C	310	31
525	Power Cp	$11	1
9497	Price Co	$14⅝	1
100	Rolland A	$7	
510	Royal Bank	$34½	
2345	Royal Trust	$24½	
163	St L Colum	130	1
303	Steinberg A	$26¼	
700	Super Elec	190	1
155	Zellers	$17⅞	

Mutual Funds

Closing prices on June 12, 1973

NEW YORK (AP) —The following quotations, supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., are the prices at which these securities could have been sold (net asset value) or bought (value plus sales charge) Tuesday.

Fund	Bid	Ask
AGE Fnd	4.86	4.96
Admiralty Funds:		
Grwth	4.44	4.87
Incom	3.79	4.15
Insur	8.06	8.83
Advisrs	4.24	4.64
Aetna F	7.88	8.61
Aetna Shr	13.73	15.01
Afuture F	9.06	N.L.
AllAm Fd	.72	.79
Allstate	12.26	13.16
Alpha	13.19	14.42
Amcap	4.59	5.02
Am Diver	9.79	10.70
Am Eqty	4.44	4.87
Amer Express:		
Capit	7.59	8.30
Incme	8.64	9.44
Invest	8.10	8.85
Specl	7.33	8.01
Stock	7.66	8.37
Am Grth	5.67	6.20
Am Insin	4.74	5.18
Am Invs	4.70	N.L.
Am Mutl	8.39	9.17
AmN Gth	2.29	2.50
Anchor Group:		
Capit	4.52	4.95
Grwth	7.75	8.49
Incme	7.39	8.10
Fd Inv	7.65	8.38
Vent	8.03	8.80
Wash N	11.94	13.08
Astron	3.62	3.96
Audax Fd	7.82	8.55
Axe Houghton:		
Fnd A	4.65	5.05
Fnd B	7.07	7.68
Stock	5.77	6.31
Scien	4.07	4.42
BLC Grth	11.44	12.51
Babson	10.87	N.L.
Bayrk Fd	7.29	7.36
Bayrk Gr	5.80	6.17
Beacn Hil	9.33	N.L.
Beacn In	11.27	N.L.
Berg Ken	11.26	N.L.
Berk Gth	4.20	4.59
Bondstk	4.76	5.23
Bost Fdn	9.67	10.57
Brwn Fd	3.28	3.58
Bullock Calvin:		
Bullck	12.91	14.14
Candn	21.54	23.59
Divid	3.72	4.08
NatW S	10.05	11.01
NY Vnt	10.59	11.60
Burnh Fd	9.64	N.L.
CG Fund	9.93	10.74
Cap Trin	10.68	11.67
Cntry Sh	2.66	13.84
Channing Funds:		
Balan	10.74	1.74
Bond	9.23	10.09
Com St	1.31	1.43
Grwth	5.26	5.75
Incom	6.82	7.45
Specl	1.69	1.85
Vent	6.93	7.57
Chase Gr Bos:		
Fund	8.27	9.04
Frt Cap	5.29	5.72
Shrhld	7.10	7.76
Specl	5.72	6.25
Chemicl	10.79	11.79
Colonial:		
Cnvrt	9.70	10.60
Equty	3.22	3.52
Fund	9.61	10.63
Grwth	6.05	6.61
Incom	9.98	10.82
Vent	3.30	3.61
Colu Grth	11.00	N.L.
Cwlth AB	1.12	1.21
Cwlth C	1.43	1.55
Comp Gr	6.53	7.14
Comp Cp	5.04	5.52
Comp Bd	8.37	9.18
Comp Fd	7.45	8.10
Concord	9.13	N.L.
Cons Inv	11.50	10.87
Constel G	4.93	5.39
Cont Mut	7.28	N.L.
Cont Gth	7.12	7.84
Ctry Cap	13.72	14.83
Crn WDiv	5.67	6.20
Crn WDal	5.90	6.45
Devgs Fd	8.82	8.83
deVegh	38.71	N.L.
Delaware Group:		
Decat	9.87	10.79
Delaw	9.65	10.58
Delta	4.52	4.94
Dir Cap	5.05	5.52
Dodg Cox	5.22	N.L.
Drexel	10.47	N.L.
Dreyfus Grp:		
Dreyf	10.87	11.93
Levge	14.77	16.19
Spl Inc	7.59	8.32
Third C	9.60	10.52
E&E Fd	3.27	N.L.
Eagle Gr	6.88	7.54
Eaton&Howard:		
Balan	9.63	10.52
Grwth	13.60	14.86
Incom	6.13	6.70
Specl	6.90	7.54
Stock	12.77	12.96
Ebrstdt	9.74	10.64
EDIE Spl	20.48	N.L.
EFC Managemnt:		
Eq Gth	7.65	
Eq Pro	2.94	
Fd Am	7.44	
Egret Gt	12.16	3.22
Elfun Tr	16.23	
Emer Sec	3.64	3.98
Energy	11.48	N.L.
Equity F	8.31	
Fairfld	8.07	8.82
arm Bu	9.65	N.L.
Fed Reg	9.24	
Fidelity Group:		
Bond	9.04	9.88
Capit	11.57	12.64
Conv	7.18	7.50
Dstny	5.85	
Essex	10.29	
Evrst	10.90	11.91
Fidel	15.65	17.10
Purim	9.46	10.34
Salem	4.08	4.46
Trend	23.63	25.83
Financial Prog:		
Dyna	4.16	N.L.
Indus	4.39	N.L.
Incom	5.73	N.L.
Vent	3.94	N.L.
FstFd Va	10.77	11.79
Fst Investors:		
Disco	5.33	5.84
Grwth	7.09	7.77
Stock	7.79	8.54
Fst Mult	8.38	N.L.
Forum Group:		
Cimb F	8.25	N.L.
100 Fd	10.77	N.L.
101 Fd	8.29	N.L.
Twen F	5.84	N.L.
Fnd Gth	4.50	4.92
Founders Group:		
Grwth	5.26	5.75
Incom	11.91	13.02
Mutal	9.00	9.84
Specl	11.12	12.15
Foursq	8.58	9.38
Franklin Group:		
DNTC	7.87	8.62
Grwth	7.49	8.21
Utils	5.46	5.98
Incom	1.94	2.13
US Gov	10.01	10.97
Capit	4.61	5.05
Equit	4.23	4.64
Frkln Lfe	11.59	12.67
FdF Dep	9.33	N.L.
Fund Inc Grp:		
Comm	8.69	9.50
Impac	7.21	7.88
Ind Trd	10.99	12.01
Pilot	7.22	7.89
Gateway	7.35	7.96
Gen Sec	4.56	N.L.
Group Sec:		
Apex	5.63	6.16
Balan	7.97	8.72
Com St	11.37	12.43
GrthFd A	4.21	4.60
Grth Ind	20.13	N.L.
Guard M	22.89	N.L.
Hamilton:		
F HDA	4.11	4.50
Grwth	6.72	7.35
Incom	6.03	6.59
H&C Fd	10.76	N.L.
H&C Lev	7.43	N.L.
Hedb Gor	7.88	8.61
Heritge	1.59	1.74
Hedge	5.61	
ISI Group:		
Grwth	4.08	4.46
Hor Man	18.93	20.46
Incom	4.31	4.49
Trus sh	12.59	14.20
Trus un	3.51	
Imp Cap	9.78	10.69
Imp Gth	7.02	7.67
IncF Am	13.36	14.60
IncF Bos	6.19	6.78
Industry	2.74	3.00
INTGN	8.41	9.09
Int Invst	34.15	37.42
Inver Gth	8.76	N.L.
ICA	12.87	14.07
Inv Guid	7.02	N.L.
Inv Indic	3.43	
Inves Bos	11.22	12.26
Inv Counsel:		
Captl	7.44	8.15
Capit G	2.56	2.81
Capit S	5.55	6.08
Investors Group:		
IDS Grt	6.27	
IDS ndl	5.59	6.08
Mutl	9.79	10.65
Prog	4.25	4.62
Stock	19.38	21.28
Select	9.50	10.21
Var Py	8.63	9.38
Inv Resh	4.95	5.41
Istel	20.47	21.31
Ivy	6.92	N.L.
JP GrthF	8.80	9.57
Janus F	17.02	N.L.
J Hanck	7.82	8.50
J Hanc Sl	8.51	9.25
Johnstn	24.14	N.L.
Keystone Funds:		
Apollo	4.53	4.96
Cus B1	18.94	19.81
Cus B2	20.70	22.03
Cus B4	8.26	9.06
Cus K1	7.16	7.84
Cus K2	5.86	6.43
Cus S1	22.99	25.19
Cus S2	11.13	12.19
Cus S3	7.58	8.30
Cus S4	4.03	4.41
Polar	3.58	3.91
Knickb	6.05	6.63
Knick Gt	7.14	7.82
Land Gth	6.35	6.94
Lenox Fd	5.17	N.L.
Lexington Grp:		
Cp Ldr	15.55	17.02
Lex Gr	6.19	6.77
Lex Rh	13.31	14.55
Liberty Fd	5.60	6.12
Life Ins	7.89	8.62
Linc Nil	7.15	7.81
Ling	3.28	
Loomis Sayles:		
Capit	12.88	N.L.
Mut	14.76	N.L.
Lord Abbett:		
Affiliid	6.54	7.07
A Bus	3.04	3.30
Bnd Db	9.94	10.86
Luth Bro	10.55	11.53
Luth Inc	9.73	10.63
Magna Funds:		
MagC	3.64	3.99
Incom	8.74	9.55
Pilgm	8.08	8.83
Manhtn	4.00	4.37
Mkt Gth	1.94	N.L.
Massachusett Co:		
Freed	7.90	8.66
Indep	7.67	8.41
Mass	11.52	12.62
Mass Financl:		
MIT	11.45	12.51
MIG	13.35	14.59
MID	13.76	15.04
MFD	13.29	14.52
MCD	14.37	15.70
Mates	2.13	N.L.
Mathers	11.07	N.L.
Mid AM	5.29	5.78
MONY F	10.51	11.49
MSB Fd	13.93	N.L.
Mut Ben	9.72	10.45
MIF Fd	7.78	8.41
MIF Gth	4.22	4.67
M OmaG	4.75	5.05
M Omahl	9.13	9.92
Mut Shrs	14.65	N.L.
Mut Trst	1.91	N.L.
NEA Mut	9.70	9.90
Natl Ind	9.74	N.L.
Nat Secur Ser:		
Balan	9.03	9.87
Bond	4.87	5.32
Divid	3.67	4.01
Grwth	6.70	7.32
Pf Stk	6.73	6.70
Incom	4.67	5.10
Stock	6.70	7.32
NE LifeFund:		
Equit	16.09	17.49
Groth	11.08	12.04
Side	17.11	18.60
Neuw Cet	4.82	N.L.
Neuw Fd	8.57	N.L.
New Per	13.45	14.70
New Wld	12.51	13.67
Newton	12.96	14.16
Nich Strg	15.68	N.L.
Noreast	15.40	N.L.
Oceangr	6.38	N.L.
Omega	7.58	7.70
One WmS	16.23	N.L.
ONeill Fd	11.68	N.L.
Oppenheimer Fd:		
Oppen	7.22	7.89
AIM	10.15	11.09
Time	4.30	4.87
OTC Sec	9.82	10.67
Param M	7.54	8.24
Paul Rvr	6.83	7.52
Pegas Fd	5.17	5.67
Penn Sq	4.72	N.L.
Pa Mut	2.21	N.L.
Phila	6.37	6.98
Pine St	9.36	N.L.
Pine Tree	2.97	
Pioneer Fund:		
Entrp	6.75	7.38
Fund	11.41	12.47
II	8.75	9.56
Plan Inv	9.12	9.97
Pilgrim	12.87	14.07
Price Funds:		
Grwth	13.45	N.L.
N Era	10.95	N.L.
N Horiz	9.40	N.L.
Pro Fund	8.37	N.L.
Provid	3.93	4.30
Prov Gth	8.50	9.29
Pru SIP	10.33	11.30
Putnam Funds:		
Conv	10.87	11.88
Equit	8.49	9.28
Georg	15.35	16.78
Grwth	10.94	11.96
Incom	8.21	8.97
Invest	9.84	10.76
Vista	9.90	10.82
Voyag	10.01	10.94
Revere	7.09	7.75
Rinfret	12.43	
Sagittars	unavail	
Schustr	8.38	9.18
Schust Sp	8.68	9.49
Scudder Funds:		
Int Inv	16.83	N.L.
Specl	29.19	N.L.
Balan	16.35	N.L.
Com St	10.55	N.L.
Seab Lev	4.57	5.01
Security Funds:		
Equity	3.26	3.57
Invest	6.70	7.34
Ultra	6.49	7.11
Selected Funds:		
Sel Am	8.74	
Sel Opp	9.31	
Sel Spl	12.63	
Sent Gth	9.88	10.74
Sentry F	10.47	14.64
Shareholders Gp:		
Cmstk	3.21	3.51
Entrp	5.60	6.12
Flet Fd	3.77	4.12
Harbr	7.45	8.14
Legal	6.12	6.69
Pace	7.28	7.96
Shearson Funds:		
Appre	18.49	20.20
Incom	17.30	18.91
Invest	8.90	9.73
Sherm D	9.80	N.L.
Side Fd	7.04	7.71
Sigma Funds:		
Capit	7.47	8.16
Invest	10.35	11.42
Trust	7.98	8.72
Vent	8.71	9.52
SB Eqty	9.84	N.L.
SB I&Gr	11.98	N.L.
SoGen Int	11.71	12.26
Sw Invs	8.35	9.03
Swin Gt	6.29	6.80
Sover Inv	11.48	12.57
Spectra F	4.92	5.39
S&P InfD	6.61	N.L.
State BondGr:		
Com F	4.64	5.07
Div Fd	5.16	5.64
Prog F	4.74	5.18
StFrm Gt	4.69	N.L.
S Frm In	9.46	N.L.
State St	46.87	47.25
Steadman Funds:		
Am Ind	2.96	N.L.
Asso F	1.22	N.L.
Invest	1.37	N.L.
Stein Roe Fds:		
Balan	21.21	
Cap O	10.00	
Stock	15.03	
Supervisd Inv:		
Grwth	5.97	6.54
Incom	8.15	8.93
Sumit	8.44	9.25
Tech	6.19	6.78
Sync Gth	6.73	7.36
TMR App	8.41	9.19
Temp Gt	8.55	9.34
Towr Cap	5.95	6.50
Trns Cap	8.40	9.13
Trav Eq	9.98	10.94
Tudr Hed	10.84	N.L.
TwnC Gt	2.38	2.61
TwnC Inc	3.75	4.08
USAA Gt	10.92	N.L.
US GovSe	10.10	10.25
Unit Mut	8.68	9.49
Unifund	8.84	9.66
Union Svc Grp:		
Broad	13.80	15.08
Nat Inv	8.46	9.25
U Cap	8.61	9.41
Whteh	12.60	13.77
United Funds:		
Accm	7.22	7.91
Bond	7.97	8.73
Con Gr	9.57	10.49
Con Inc	9.99	10.95
Incom	13.68	14.99
Scien	6.92	7.58
Vang	6.75	7.40
Value Line Fd:		
Val Li	5.09	5.58
Incom	4.40	4.82
Lev Grt	6.22	6.61
Spl Sit	3.10	3.40
Vance Sanders:		
Bostn	7.13	7.79
Comm	7.15	7.81
Specl	7.36	8.04
Vandrbt	4.88	5.33
Vangd	1.76	1.92
Vanig TN	6.15	
Var Ig P	3.93	4.27
Viking	5.26	N.L.
Wall St G	7.38	8.07
Wash M	11.07	12.10
Weing Eq	10.77	N.L.
Wellingtn Group:		
Expir	20.84	22.78
Ivest	9.35	10.22
Morg	10.88	11.89
Techv	7.27	
Trust	11.86	12.96
Wellsl	12.15	13.28
Wellin	11.15	12.19
Windr	7.43	8.12
West Ind	3.37	3.69
Westf Grt	8.44	9.17
Wisc Fd	5.64	6.17
Ziegler	9.08	9.92

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American Stock Exchange Trading

Stocks and Div. In $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
(ntinued from preceding page.)						
.SB In .46f	6	1	34¾	34¾	34¾+	⅛
.TVCorp ↑	35	3	2¾	2¾	3 +	⅛
.uby Corp	9	5	3¼	2⅞	3⅛+	⅛
ynch Corp		9	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
M						
Macro Chet		7	7⅛	1¼	1⅛+	⅛
Ma PfdS 1.38	9	4	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛—	⅛
Mallry Ran		2	⅞	⅞	⅞	
MamMart .22		20	3⅛	3	3⅛+	⅛
Mangel Stra	11	4	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜—	⅛
Mansf T .50	6	15	6⅝	6¼	6¼	
Marinduse	9	44	13	12⅝	12⅞—	⅛
Mark Control		16	6	5⅝	5⅝	
Marlene Ind	9	15	3¼	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
Marshall Fd	5	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
Marshal Ind	9	13	5¾	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
Masland .40	7	10	7½	7¼	7½	
Masnelln .20	6	7	8¼	8⅛	8⅛—	⅛
Masters Inc	4	2	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
MaulBro .20	10	14	5	4⅞	5	
McCrory n		40	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
McCull Oil	6	700	7⅞	7	7⅞+	⅛
McDonh .40	6	18	14½	13⅝	14⅛+	⅜
McKeon Cn	5	19	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
MDC Corp		2	2	2	2 —	⅛
Means FW 1	8	2	11¾	11⅜	11⅜—	⅛
Medalst .28	6	5	10	9¾	10 +	⅜
Medco Ply	5	4	5¼	5	5¼	
Medenco .08	7	7	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
MediaGn .54	13	100	33¾	32¾	33 —	⅜
MEM Co .44	5	3	12¾	12⅝	12⅝—	
Mercant Ind	7	7	8⅝	8¼	8⅝—	⅛
Meridian In	22	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
Metrocare	5	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
Metro Grig	5	39	3⅛	3	3⅛	
Mich Gen	4	37	3¾	3⅛	3⅜	
Microave	12	2	21⅜	21¼	21⅜+	⅛
Midld Glass	5	3	7¼	7¼	7¼	
MidFlnl .36b	13	7	16½	16⅜	16⅜ +1⅛	
Midso Elect	9	43	17¼	16⅝	16⅝+	⅛
MillOnx .38f	5	9	8	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
Mill Roy .10e	13	5	20¼	20¼	20¼+	⅛
MoBeef Pkr	4	25	13½	12	12⅛	
Mitchell En	14	46	21	18⅝	20⅝+	2⅛
Mite Corp	12	62	4⅝	4⅝	4½—	⅛
MobHorn .20	7	234	9⅜	8½	9⅛	
Modern Md	8	7	8¼	8¼	8¼+	⅛
Mlybden ↑		24	6⅜	6	6⅜+	⅜
Moog Inc	7	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
Morton S .32	5	15	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜—	⅛
Mouldings		44	2⅝	2½	2⅝	
MPB Cp .32	5	4	9	8⅝	8⅝	
MPO Video		7	2½	2⅜	2⅜+	⅛
MPS Intl Cp	20	15	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝—	⅛
MuHIA .04h	12	11	10	9⅞	10 +	⅛
N						
Narda Micr	5	2	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
Nat Alfalfa	9	3	3⅝	3½	3½—	⅛
NatBellas H	14	35	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
Nat Gen ↑		34	14¼	14⅛	14⅜+	⅜
Nat Gn f n		7	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
NatHith Ent	10	20	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜+	⅛
NatInd ↑		9	11-16	⅝	⅝	
NKinney Cp	5	234	5¼	5¼	5⅛—	⅛
NMedEn .10	6	82	10⅝	9½	10⅜+	⅛
Nat Paragn	8	34	10⅛	10	10 —	⅛
Nat Sliv .20e	4	1	5	5	5	
Nat Spinng	7	1	7¼	7¼	7¼	
Nat System	21	5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
NatInst .20	6	3	7	7	7 —	⅛
NedmmP .30	3	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	
NelsonL .50f	6	24	5¼	5	5 —	⅛
Neonex .05	6	2	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
Necor .60	10	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
NEng Nuclr	22	13	32¾	31¾	32½+	1
NHamp .55e	9	3	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝—	⅛
Neldrlz Mf	28	79	1	1	1	
NMexA .60	45	1	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜+	⅛
Nepark Rs	13	18	2⅛	2	2⅛+	⅛
N Proc .35e	11	24	8⅜	8	8⅛+	⅛
NYTimes .60	10	20	13⅛	13	13½+	⅛
NiagFS .20a	5	2	6⅛	6	6 —	⅛
Nichols SE	5	2	4	4	4	
NJSPI 2.01e	10	30	20⅜	19⅞	20⅜+	1
NMS Indust		8	⅜	⅜	⅜	
Noel Indust	5	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
Nort So Rv	89	2	22⅛	23¼	23¼	
Nortk Inc	16	3	3	3	3 +	⅛
NoAmMt ↑		1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
NorAm Roy	11	18	9¾	9⅝	9⅝—	⅜
NorCdn Oils	18	28	6⅜	6 7-16	6⅜+	⅜
NNGMob ↑		231	24⅛	23½	24½+	2
Nova Corp	6	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
Nuclear Dat		8	5½	5½	5½	
NumacO Gs	27	23	16½	14	16½+	⅛
O						
Offshore Co	11	6	22⅛	22⅛	23⅛+	⅛
Ohio Art .20	12	12	4⅛	4	4 —	⅛
OhioBrass 1	11	1	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜—	⅛
OKC Crp .80	6	4	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞+	⅛
Olin Ind	5	1	4	4	4	
OmniLTV ↑		2	⅝	⅝	⅝—	⅛
OnanCo .36e	7	29	18⅜	17⅝	18⅛+	⅜
OOkep 4.9e	11	2500	67⅜	67	67 —	1¼
OpenRd Ind	5	45	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝+	⅛
Orignal .15e	32	9	2⅜	2¼	2⅜+	⅛
OrioMin .10h	6	4	12	12	12 —	⅛
Ormand Ind	40	2	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜—	⅛
Outdr Sprt ↑	9	14	12¼	11⅝	11⅝—	⅛
OverhDr .32	9	5	12⅝	13⅛	13⅜	
Over Sh .10e	13	17	35	34¼	35 +	⅜
Oxford Elec		23	1½	1½	1½+	⅛
OxfdFst .20r	13	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞+	⅛
Ozark Airlin	14	14	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜—	⅛
P-Q						
P&F Indust		17	1	1	1	
PGE6pf 1.30		4	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	—⅛
PGE pf 1.37		3	19	19	19 +	⅛
PGESpf 1.25		1	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	
PGRd pf1.25		1	17¼	17¼	17¼	
PG pfA 1.25		2	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜+	⅛
PG 9.2pf2.32		1	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜+	⅛
PG 8.1pf2.04		1	27¾	27¾	27¾	
PGE 9pf2.25		1	29¾	29¾	29¾	
PG 7.8pf1.96		1	26⅝	26½	26⅜—	⅛
PacLt pf4.40		220	59	59	59 +	⅛
PacLt pf4.36		240	58	58	58 —	1
PNwTel 1.04	10	10	15	14⅝	14⅞—	⅛
PacSv L .28	4	2	10	10	10 —	⅛
Pall Corp	17	9	11½	11	11 —	⅛
PalomF .10e	4	5	4⅝	4½	4½—	⅛
PaloM 1.64e	8	6	15¼	15	15¼	
PalmrMI wt		5	1⅛	1	1 —	⅛
Pandl Bradt	20	10	8¼	8¼	8¼—	⅜
Pantasote	32	4	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	
ParaPkg .10	5	10	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
Parkwy Dis	6	28	4½	4¼	4½+	⅛
Parsons .33a	23	25	32½	31½	31½+	⅛
Pat Fash .24	3	14	3⅜	3¼	3⅜—	⅛
Patagoni Cp	7	11	12⅝	12¾	12⅝	
PatoCG .20e	15	48	10	9½	9½—	⅜
PeaseE .34e		2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	
PeaseEll wt		1	1½	1½	1½+	⅛
Peal Elder	23	14	21⅜	20⅝	21⅜+	⅜
Pemcor Inc	18	2	1	3⅛	3⅛	
PenEng .60a	6	7	10⅝	10	10 —	⅛

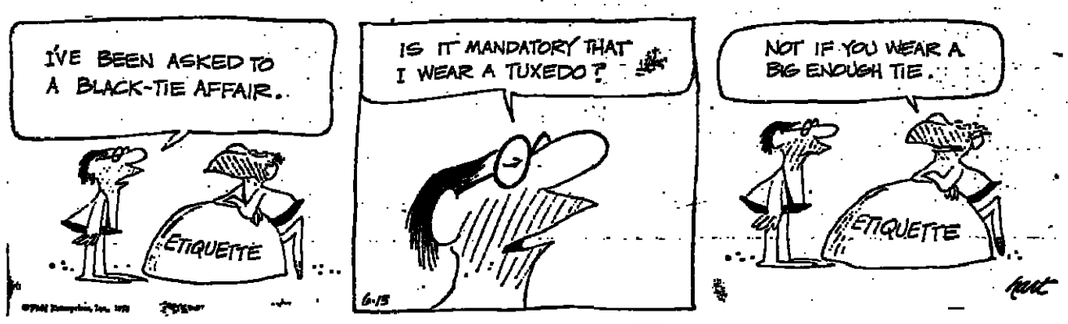
—1973— High. Low.	Stocks and Div. In $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
13½	11¼ PennRIEst 1	8	6	12⅛	11¾	11¾	
5	1⅞ Penob Shoe		3	2	2	2	
1¾	13-16 Pentron Ind	23	15	15/16	13-16	15-16	
23⅜	16 PEPI Inc	9	18	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜+	⅜
6½	4½ Perini .20a	4	385	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜	
9½	5½ Permaneer	17	22	5⅝	5½	5½—	⅛
8¼	4⅜ Pertec Corp	10	3	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜—	⅛
5⅛	3⅝ Phil LD .52r	5	8	5⅛	4⅞	5	
4¼	2¼ Phoenix Stl		9	2½	2⅜	2⅜	
8⅞	4⅜ Pic n Pay St	9	3	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	
9¼	7 Pioneer Plas	10	9	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	
5½	2¼ Pioneer Sys	8	9	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	
7⅜	4⅜ Pioneer Tex	7	11	5	4⅞	4⅞	
7⅛	4½ PIRMVT .57g	9	3	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
45⅞	34⅝ Pittway .60b	14	5	35⅝	34⅞	35⅜	
21¼	9 PizzaCp Am	13	1	9	9	9	
27½	25 Placer Dev	20	1	28	28	28	
10⅞	4 Plant Ind	12	16	4⅛	4	4⅛	
36½	17⅜ Plasmnics	11	6	18½	18⅛	18⅛	
3½	1 Plaza Group	6	41	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	
8¼	4½ PlyGem .22f	5	2	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
3½	2¼ Plym Rub B		5	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝+	⅛
26½	20½ PNBM 2.13e	9	13	21¼	20⅝	20⅝	
6¼	1⅜ PNB MR wt		18	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞	
5⅜	2⅜ Pneumo Dy		1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
5½	2⅝ Polaron Pd		1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
15	9 Polyair .45f	8	5	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	
9½	6 Polymr .45f	12	225	8¼	8¼	8¼—	⅛
8⅜	3½ Poplar Inst		10	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
13⅝	6⅛ Prairie Oil	24	6	6⅜	6⅛	6⅜+	⅛
16⅜	12⅜ Pratt Lmb 1	8	8	13	13	13	
5⅜	3⅜ Prat Rd .20	7	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝+	⅛
11⅞	3½ Prel Corp	5	23	6¼	6	6¼+	⅛
33⅜	16⅜ Prentiss .84	11	397	20¼	19⅝	20 +	⅜
13¾	11 PresRI B .84	42	28	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜—	⅜
13⅜	5 Presley Cos	3	36	5½	5⅜	5 —	⅛
13⅛	8⅝ Preston .56	9	7	11¼	10⅝	11¼+	1
14⅜	6⅛ Prfnse Equit	7	7	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜	⅛
24⅜	15⅜ Profsr .81 1	6	225	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜+	⅜
25⅞	15⅜ PrpCT 1.11e	9	12	26	25⅝	25⅝—	⅜
18⅝	9⅜ PrpGas .72	5	1	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	
2¾	2¼ PrdRIE .24e	18	37	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	
28	18 Pruddtg .24	10	3	12	11⅞	12 +	⅜
9½	2⅛ Prud Fund		1	2¾	2¾	2¾	
12¼	5¾ PSA Inc wt		1	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	
60	55⅜ PSCol pf4.25		2100	58	57⅞	58 +	⅜
7¾	3⅜ Putte Hmes	4	4	4	4	4	
10¾	5¾ PuntaGrd ls	6	8	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
12⅜	5¼ PurtiFsh .28	6	21	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	
19⅛	10 PutnamS .80	6	6	17¾	17½	17½+	⅛
49⅛	10¼ Quadrcor Inc	16	6	16	16	16 —	⅛
R							
15½	12½ Ranchers Ex	26	1	13⅜	13¼	13⅜—	⅜
36½	23¾ RangrO Can	94	82	32¼	32	32¼	
6¾	4⅛ RapidAm wt		66	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜+	⅛
7	4½ Ralfi Pack		10	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝—	⅛
7	4¼ Rav Rearcs	12	5	4¼	4¼	4¼	
10⅜	6¾ Ravenfr .40	7	4	7	6¾	6¾—	⅛
10⅜	5 RB Indust	8	17	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜+	⅛
5½	3 Readina Ind		1	3½	3½	3½+	⅛
19½	13⅝ Realtes 1.40	12	4	14½	14⅜	14½+	⅛
15½	12⅞ RltInT 1.46	9	2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜—	⅛
23½	18¼ Rlt RT 2.14a	9	9	19⅜	18⅞	19 —	⅜
27⅞	17½ Reckton Cre	6	87	20½	19½	20¼+	⅛
17¼	8¼ RedrickTr .12	7	9	9⅝	9¼	9⅝—	⅛
9½	7 RefiTFd .96		11	7½	7½	7½	
51½	47½ ReliF pf2.28		1	48¾	48¾	48¾	
12	10 Rem Ar .80	9	9	10½	10½	10½+	⅛
2	9-16 RepMtln wt		6	15-16	⅜	⅜	
31	30½ RepNey NY	7	21	31	30	31 +	⅛
48¾	48¼ ReschCt .88	28	26	52¾	51¼	52¾+	1⅛
17⅛	5⅝ Reserve Oil	15	7	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+	⅛
9⅜	5¾ Resistflx .20	9	4	7	6⅜	6⅝+	⅛
4⅜	1⅜ ResrtsIntl A	23	1	3	3	3	
4⅜	2 Rest Assoc		7	2½	2	2	
8¼	2½ Rex Nor .14f	4	37	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝+	⅛
9⅝	5 RH Med Svc	5	1	6	6	6 —	⅛
13⅝	4⅝ RiBlet Prod	3	11	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝+	⅛
5½	3⅜ Richford In		1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝+	⅛
6½	2 Richton .20	6	2	3½	3½	3½+	⅛
2⅛	⅝ Riker Maxs		7	⅞	⅞	⅞	
1⅜	½ Riker Mx pfs		5	9-16	9-16	9-16	
20⅜	7⅜ Riley Co	12	26	10⅞	10⅛	10⅛—	⅜
29	20½ RipAlam .40	14	15	27¼	26½	27½+	1⅛
18⅞	9⅛ RisdonAM .36	6	15	10	9⅝	9⅝	
10	4½ RitNFinB .20	9	11	7	6⅞	6⅞	
15⅜	7 Robins Ind	4	22	7⅞	7	7—	⅛
32½	19¼ Robintech	19	54	23⅜	21½	21½—	⅜
6¼	3½ Roblin Ind	4	10	4	3⅝	4 +	⅜
14⅛	10 Rockway .80	6	2	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛	
3	1 Rocky Cmp		42	1⅜	1½	1⅜	
23	16⅛ Rogers Corp	22	2	17⅜	17½	17⅜+	⅛
8¼	3½ Roland Intl	4	2	4¼	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
13⅛	5½ Rollins Intl	18	16	7	6⅝	7 +	⅛
6⅛	1⅛ Ronco Telep	7	7	2¼	2	2⅛—	⅛
10⅜	4 Rossmor Cp	3	11	4⅜	4¼	4¼	
4⅜	1 Rossmor wt		4	1½	1½	1½+	⅛
26½	16⅜ Rowan .14	15	25	20¼	20⅛	20⅛—	⅜
12⅜	5⅜ Roylond Pd	47	2	6	5⅝	5⅝	
9⅜	6⅜ Royal Amer	44	3	9	9	9 —	⅛
3⅜	2⅜ RoyBus .32r	6	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
6	3 RoyBch Col	2	21	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛+	⅜
8⅜	3 RPS Prod		17	3	2⅞	3	
2¼	1⅜ RSC Indust	13	1	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜+	⅛
4⅜	2⅞ Ruddick Cp	7	3	3	2⅞	2⅞—	⅛
3⅜	1⅜ Rusco Ind	19	49	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜—	⅛
4½	2¼ Russeks Inc	4	3	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
15½	10 Russ Cp .48	4	23	10	9¾	9⅝—	⅛
35⅜	14 Rust Cft .40	9	3	18	17⅝	18 +	½
29⅜	13½ Ryan H .65e	14	61	19	17⅝	18⅞+	1⅜
31⅜	18½ Ryder Sys wt		1	22½	22⅛	22⅛	
S							
49⅜	27⅜ SabRey .44b	28	7	32¼	32½	32¼—	⅛
8½	2¾ SafmanSv A	3	2	5¼	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
21⅜	12¼ StJohnT .62	7	7	13⅛	12¾	12⅞	
8⅝	4⅜ Salem Corp	29	14	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜+	⅜
30¾	17½ Sambo Rest	26	27	19⅜	18⅜	18½+	⅛
119	115 SDgo pf9.84		1	117	117	117	
14½	13¾ SDig G pf 1		3	13⅛	13⅜	13⅜—	⅛
13⅛	13¼ SDig G pf.90		2	12½	12⅝	12½—	⅛
12⅞	12 SDig G pf.88		1	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜+	⅛
48	34⅝ San JW 2.86	9	9	39¾	39¼	39¾—	1
7¼	3⅜ Sanitas .12	16	46	3¼	3⅛	3⅛+	⅛
5⅜	2½ Sargent Ind		21	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝+	⅛
17¼	9 Saundr L .30	6	10	10¼	10⅛	10⅛	
7	4½ Savoy Ind		28	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	
9⅜	7¼ Schenut .10e	6	2	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝+	⅛
3⅜	1⅜ Schiller Ind		14	2⅝	2¼	2⅜+	⅜
4½	2⅜ Sci Mgt .02e	7	6	2⅜	2½	2⅜	
13⅜	8 Scieny Alfan	12	2	8½	8⅜	8⅜	
10	8 Scope Ind		2	8¼	8¼	8¼—	⅛
8⅝	1¾ Scottex Cp		4	3¼	3½	3½	
35⅜	13⅜ ScottyHo .05	20	29	16¼	15⅞	16¼+	½
19¼	14⅜ Scurry Rain	83	5	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝+	⅛
22	11½ Sea Contain	9	15	13	14⅜	14⅜	
10	5¾ Season All	7	5	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	
15⅞	7⅞ SecMI 1.16e	7	36	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛+	⅛
3¾	½ SecMI In wt		12	⅝	⅝	⅝+1-16	
15⅞	5½ Sec Plastics	7	5	7⅞	7	7—	⅛
12½	6 Selas Cp .27	12	45	7¾	7¼	7¼+	⅛
7⅜	3½ Seligm Asso	3	42	3¼	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
14⅜	8¾ Selig Ltz .40	4	6	10	9⅝	10 +	⅜
23½	10½ Semtec .48f	8	9	10⅜	10½	10½—	⅛
1⅜	⅝ Sequoyah In		56	½	7-16	7-16—	1-16
14⅜	5½ Service Cp 1	6	7	6	6	6 —	⅛
11½	4⅜ Services .20	5	2	7	7	7	⅛
14½	8⅛ Servgtr .18r	7	4	9⅜	9½	9⅜+	⅛
13⅜	4 ShelfR .05e		5 s	25s	4⅜	1	yE+	⅜
13⅜	sc8¾ ShndCp .71i	5	3	9⅜	9⅛	9½—	⅛
21¼	10 Shnandh Off	27	3	11	10⅝	10⅝—	⅛
35	13¾ Sherwd Med	7	3	13½	13¼	13½	
6½	3¼ Shopwll .26e	10	4	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	
14⅜	12⅛ Showbt .48a	7	2	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛	—⅛
12	5 ShulmTr En	7	1	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜+	⅛
10⅜	8⅛ SierPac .12	4	7	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜—	⅛

—1973— High. Low.	Stocks and Div. In $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
19½	7⅜ Sierracin Cp	18	14	8¼	8⅛	8¼+	⅜
9⅛	5⅜ Sigma Inst	6	9	6½	6¼	6½+	⅜
18½	10½ SignetCp .40	8	1	11¼	11¼	11¼	
18⅜	7⅜ SikesCp .20	8	24	8½	8⅛	8⅛+	⅛
8	6⅜ Simkins .50	9	13	7	7	7	
9	4¾ Simplex Ind	6	5	5⅛	5½	5⅜+	⅛
19¾	11¾ Simplex Wir		17	19¼	18⅝	18⅝	—⅜
17½	7⅜ SkyCity Stre	7	2	8¾	8¾	8¾+	⅛
11¼	3⅝ Sollitron .06	21	95	4¾	4	4	
46¾	7¾ Sonder Brdc	6	62	9½	7⅞	8⅜	
33½	11⅜ Soundsn .40	6	33	13⅞	13⅜	13⅜+	⅜
28⅜	19¼ SC 5.8pf 1.45		1	20	20	20	½
23¼	18⅛ SC 5.2pf 1.30		4	18½	18½	18½+	⅛
12	10 SC 4.7pf 1.19		6	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	
15⅜	14 SC 4.3pf 1.08		4	14⅜	14⅛	14½—	⅛
44½	48½ Soo Roy 1.20	35	25	61½	59¾	61 +	1⅜
38⅜	32¼ Swetinv .70a	14	83	38¼	37¾	38 +	⅛
24½	8⅜ Specity Rest	6	6	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
7¾	5 Specter Ind	9	8	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜+	⅛
10	7½ Spectra .24	5	2	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
7⅜	3⅜ Spectro .18b	6	2	4½	4⅜	4½+	⅛
7	3⅜ SpedDP .19t	43	2	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜+	⅛
6½	4¼ Spelzmn Ind	4	32	5½	5½	5½+	⅛
9½	4½ Spencer .32f	4	2	5½	5	5⅛+	⅛
14½	7¼ SSP Ind .22r	6	5	8¾	8½	8¾+	⅛
18	12¼ StdAllen .80	6	9	12⅝	12¾	13⅜—	⅜
4⅜	2⅜ Std Contain	7	15	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞—	
25¼	9 StdMotA .42	7	654	10¾	10¼	10½—	⅜
3½	2⅛ StdPac Corp	7	10	2¼	2¼	2¼ —	⅛
37½	30½ StdProd	5	1	30	30	30 —	⅛
26¼	21½ St Shrs 1.63f		3	21½	21½	21½	
20½	15¼ Stange .20	19	3	17⅞	16¾	17⅛+	⅛
4⅜	3¼ Stardust Inc	11	1	3¼	3½	3¼	
10⅜	8 StarSmk .60	6	3	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝+	⅛
9½	7⅜ StateSL .10h	5	5	9wi6q	85s1	3wi53	1
24⅜	11 Statham wins	62	4	64zyq	62w6q	13w6	
5⅜	3¼ Stelmet Inc	10	3	3½	3½	3½+	⅛
12	5⅜ Stelber Ind	10	47	7¾	7⅜	7¾+	½
2⅛	⅝ Stellar

PEANUTS



B.C.



LI'L ABNER



BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

Prudent declarers who reached six spades reaped a substantial reward on the diagramed deal from a duplicate contest. At one table, as shown, North-South had to cope with an aggressive four-club bid from West after a one-heart opening by North and a one-spade response by South.

Four clubs doubled could have been set three tricks for an 800 penalty, but North-South did better by bidding and making the slam. Over pre-emptive action, the usual requirements for a raise in terms of general strength and trump support can be weakened somewhat, so North bid four spades. Once West was known to have great club length it was highly probable that South held at least a five-card spade suit.

South invited a slam by showing his club control, and North, with control of all the other suits, accepted. West led his diamond eight, and South immediately saw the danger. The lead was very likely to be a singleton, and in that case a normal trump finesse would jeopardize the contract.

The declarer played safely to make his contract, since he judged that few pairs would reach slam and that the overtrick was not a substantial consideration. As it happened, he made the overtrick by playing safely.

The first trick was won with the diamond ace and a spade was led to the ace. South was rewarded when the king fell singleton, and by running out all his black-suit winners he made all the tricks: East could not hold his guards in the two red suits.

This safety play would have been equally necessary if East had held a doubleton spade king, and the slam would have succeeded against any distribution. If West had begun with three or four spades including the king, the same red-suit squeeze would have operated against East. And if East had held three or four spades including the king, a more complex squeeze would have been available.

NORTH (D)
♠ AJ4
♡ AK874
◇ K53
♣ Q10

WEST
♠ 653
♡ 10
◇ 8
♣ KJ987532

EAST
♠ K
♡ QJ952
◇ J10964
♣ 64

SOUTH
♠ Q109872
♡ 63
◇ AQ72
♣ A

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding:

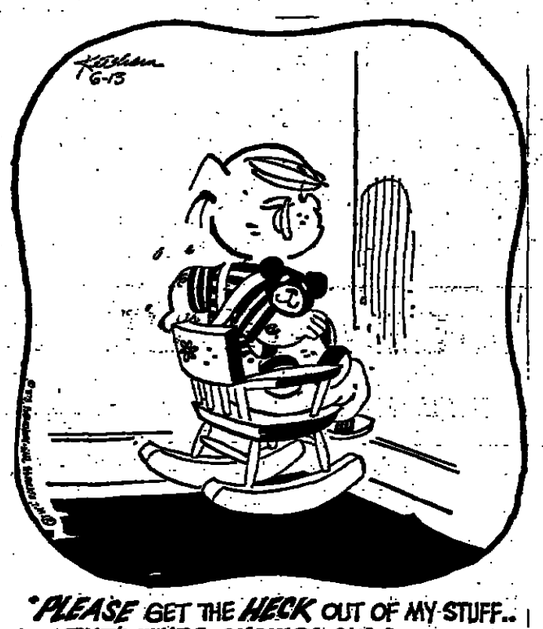
North	East	South	West
1 ♡	Pass	1 ♠	4 ♣
4 ♠	Pass	5 ♣	Pass
6 ♠	Pass	Pass	Pass

West led the diamond eight.

Solution to Previous Puzzle

P	A	T	S	■	P	O	S	E	D	■	D	A	Z	E
R	O	V	E	■	E	A	R	L	Y	■	E	L	I	A
O	N	E	A	T	A	T	I	M	E	■	M	O	O	R
S	E	L	F	I	S	H	■	A	I	L	E	E	N	S
■	■	V	O	L	T	■	I	N	N	E	R	■	■	■
■	I	E	O	■	O	W	N	■	G	A	I	T	E	R
L	A	D	D	■	N	O	S	E	■	S	T	O	L	A
J	I	M	A	■	T	E	N	P	A	S	T	■	T	V	S
M	A	Y	E	R	■	S	I	S	T	■	C	H	I	P
E	S	S	A	Y	S	■	R	E	X	■	O	E	S	■
■	■	■	S	T	O	L	E	■	T	E	R	N	■	■
I	N	S	T	O	R	E	■	B	E	S	T	I	A	L
R	I	P	E	■	T	H	R	E	E	P	E	N	N	Y
I	C	E	R	■	E	A	T	E	N	■	G	E	E	R
S	E	E	N	■	D	R	E	S	S	■	E	S	S	E

DENNIS THE MENACE



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Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

TULSY
NAHDY
CLINAG
NEMPAN



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

"_____ _____ _____"

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: AWOKE TUNED WAITER FORAGE
Answer: Noah put this together—TWO AND TWO

BOOKS

THE BLACK PRINCE

By Iris Murdoch. Viking. 366 pp. $7.95.

Reviewed by Anatole Broyard

IN one of her books, Margaret Mead describes a highly original type of lover who was called, as I remember, a *moetotolo*, or "sleep-crawler." In the South Sea culture in which he flourished, *each family occupied* a hut on stilts, where everyone slept in a closed individual basket as a protection against mosquitoes. During the night, the *moetotolo* would stealthfully insinuate himself into the basket of his mistress, taking care not to disturb the rest of the family. Occasionally, the *moetotolo* would be an impostor, hoping to pass himself off in the silent darkness. Sometimes, too, *the awaited lover would mistake* his mistress's basket.

The situations in Iris Murdoch's most recent novels are very similar. Her characters may be untouchably tucked into their baskets, secure against the creatures of darkness and the itch of love. Then the *moetotolo*—who may also be a female—unexpectedly arrives and pandemonium breaks loose. As in the other primitive culture—*all* cultures are primitive—the excitement may take various forms. The surprised mistress may find that she prefers the intruder; she may suffer him in silence to avoid a scandal in which her family may suspect her of complicity; or she may cry out and provoke a scene sufficient to bring the whole hut tumbling down.

To Miss Murdoch's way of thinking, we are all sleeping beauties waiting for the kiss of love to open our eyes. But her fairy tales are not for children: we may as easily wake up screaming. Love does not mean living happily forever after—but it does mean *living*. It is the agent that releases our demon, that impels us into an antic pursuit of our slumbering potential. Goethe remarked that the only way to come to terms with the true superiority of another person was through love. Miss Murdoch agrees. She sees love as a necessary madness, a flow of adrenalin that gives us the strength to throw off habits, doubts, dead allegiances, inertia—anything in our way. Her characters run amok in what comes to seem a most natural manner.

When we meet Bardley Pearson, he is a writer who is so repressed, so puritanical, that he can neither write nor love. He fears imperfection in his work as some men fear premature ejaculation, and to protect himself he adopts a stultifyingly arty posture. "Every book," he pontificates, "is the wreck of a perfect idea." He *talks* about writing as some timid men brag about women. He is 58, divorced, author of two little-known books. And he pretends, as most of us do, to have chosen his fate.

In his friend, Arnold Baffin, he sees a horrible example of the alternative. Arnold is prolific, successful, a "gabbler." "Arnold was always trying, as it were, to take over the world by emptying himself over it like scented bath water. This wide catholic imperialism was quite alien to my own much more exacting idea of art as the condensing and refining of a conception almost to nothing." Arnold "saw significance where, everything was part of his myth ... life ply one big gorgeous m As you can see, Miss uses her two writers as beat each other in mischievous brand of criticism.

This is typical of he Whatever her character don't do, the landscape author's mind is always color and Panovision. last two novels, she t suffocate her people in cleverness, just as the Nero was said to have ceiling in his palace wh ed over to bury his guest of roses. "The Black continues her steady imp in this respect. Though is gaudy with asides or relationships, manners, love, hate, friendship, hypocrisy and sex, amo things, Miss Murdoch to pin most of her ru on one character or Sometimes, in fact, s them like a dagger h hearts.

When Bradley falls in Julian, his friend Ba year-old daughter, th shows us how sentime unworldly and irrelevan er's responses can be hand in hand with Juli ley says "the sun is shi asks her to admire a tower, while she looks at his "senile" enthusia Bradley's own marriage burden, he divorced his a single-mindedness tha the possibilities of that ship. Even his nondesc Priscilla, has a more co sight into the subtletie an institution. Though band neglected her as any man can, she says " I wasn't alone with m even though he didn't c for his supper, I'd coo put it ready for him.. sit and cry watching t sion program."

Bradley's love for Ju resuscitating, so full of that it makes you year invasion of a disorderi —if you don't already Though their happiness a few days, he feels th known "some great ac experience of love ... incarnate history of hu He feels, together wit altation, torn to piece as if he is being "ea large animal." As a writer and critic, Bra performing anthology poetry: he takes it fo and redeems it from rh

I mustn't tell you—or at—how it all ends, Murdoch's novels ar other things, metaphy pense stories. Who w the human condition? succumb to "the sling rows of outrageous for irony a fatal disease? you have to run the Miss Murdoch's imagi find out.

Mr. Broyard is a boo for The New York Tin

CROSSWORD

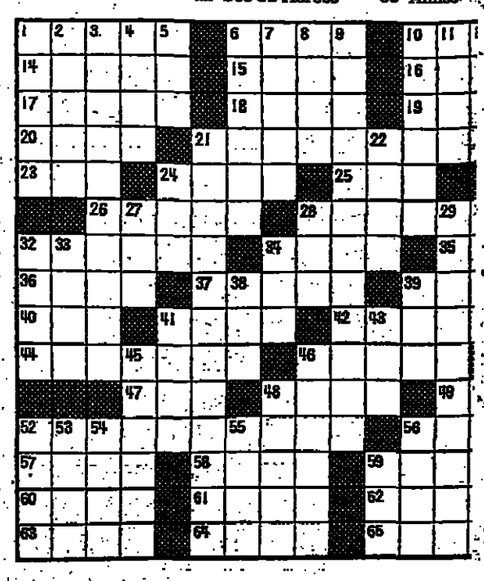
By W

ACROSS

1 Patisserie items
6 I.O.U.
10 Shock
14 Leftward, at sea
15 Fencing gear
16 Mélange
17 Makes out
18 Filberts or pecans, in Calais
19 Pousse——
20 Superior, e.g.
21 Places side by side
23 Shade tree
24 Wild West name
25 Help!
26 "A Day —— Races"
28 Well-wishers
32 Starts afresh, with 29 and 12 Down
34 Time periods
35 The U.S.A., in Caen
36 Mountain goat
37 White House name
39 Cob, e.g.
40 Flaw
41 Bancroft
42 Char-broils
44 Tried
46 Leave off
47 William Inge vehicle
48 Dress feature
49 Dist. ——
52 Contentious ones
56 Hebrew lyre
57 Turn out
58 Ubangi feeder
59 Daisy
60 Dark red
61 Carry on
62 Arctic sights
63 Evian et al.
64 Narrow valley
65 Shifts

DOWN

1 Swiss city
2 Horrify
3 Las Vegas operators
4 Commedia dell' ——
5 Main and Wall
6 Strip
7 Modern adhesive
8 —— known
9 Certain mounted police
10 Merry
11 Palm leaves: Var.
12 See 32 Across
13 Counting of yore
21 Transvaa
22 French ic
24 Coins: A
27 Ritter
28 To's tag-
29 See 32 A
30 Double
31 Without
32 Do a tra job
33 Opposite "vive!"
34 English
38 Certain Abbr.
39 Family
41 —— Kh
43 Kind of
45 Eases
46 Lurch
48 Seek to
50 Played w
51 Part of a tail
52 Barnyard creature
53 One-liner
54 The Mid
55 True-blu Dundee
56 Car part
59 Amiss



هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

NFL Players Reportedly volved in Traffic of Drugs

By Dave Anderson

ORK, June 12 (NYT).—At least four otball League players, each a star, are eillance for traffic in illegal and danger- according to information gathered from agents on the federal, state and local

nmates are suspected of dealing cocaine -million-dollar smuggling ring. Another nderstood to have partially financed a volvement with cocaine. The fourth alleged frequent smoker of hashish, is be connected with substantial supplies

now, the NFL has been reluctant to he situation publicly.
man for the NFL responded in a state- ying:
ffice has no specific information on ontained in the Times story, especially that the story does not identify sources, th specific persons.
always been the case in the past, we are willing to cooperate with any law it body or bodies who may have in- beyond what we have accumulated in other area."
mors involving the two teammates began e last season, Jack Danahy, the NFL's rector and a former Federal Bureau of on agent, minimized the whispers as a " Yesterday, a narcotics agent, holding nd forefinger less than an inch apart, at the two "came this close" to being d last year.
IFL knows this drug traffic would be its " one agent said. "It could explode any

Three Arrests

ast 18 months, three NFL players have ted for possession of dangerous drugs— omas, a running back then with the wboys and now with the San Diego Lance Rentzel, a wide receiver with the es Rams, and Don Parish, a linebacker enver Broncos.
pleaded guilty on Feb. 21, 1972, to pos- marijuana. He received a suspended five- nce and was placed on probation.
pleaded guilty last April 24 to possession na. He was sentenced to 90 days in jail, 0 and placed on three-years probation. nce was stayed, pending appeal. His also had included possession of cocaine sh.
as arrested last Nov. 13 for the possession of cocaine, according to federal agents. He pleaded not guilty. He was ordered March 21 to enter a drug rehabilitation program this year. After that, the court said, the charges would be dropped.

To strengthen its drug-control image, the NFL soon will move to establish tighter guidelines regarding the dispensing of drugs, particularly stimulants, by its teams.

New Precautions Planned

In the past, 26 sets of rules existed, one for each team, supervised by each team physician and implemented by each team trainer. When the club-owners convene here in two weeks for their annual June meeting, commissioner Pete Rozelle will seek approval for his proposals.

"I haven't told the owners about my thoughts as yet," Rozelle says. "But we plan to augment our program."

Rozelle's proposals are expected to include appointing a drug-oriented NFL medical director as well as a demand for the filing of drug-relation information, such as what players took what pills for what medical reasons.

Rozelle's proposals were prompted by Rep. Harley O. Staggers, D., W. Va., the chairman of the House Commerce Committee and its investigation subcommittee.

After a year of unpublicized conversations with coaches, players, trainers and physicians, Staggers last month urged intensified self-regulation not only in pro football, but also in major-league baseball and pro basketball.

Staggers suggested "stringent penalties" for the illegal use of drugs by players, such as "fines, suspension or even barring for life, if warranted."

Another factor in Rozelle's proposals was the recent disclosure of alleged drug misuse, especially the use of "pep" pills, by the San Diego Chargers, principally from the 1966 to 1969 seasons. The allegations appeared in sworn depositions by Charger players prior to the reported $395,000 settlement of a malpractice suit by Houston Ridge, a defensive lineman. He contended that drugs dispensed by the Chargers had been a factor in a 1969 hip injury that ended his career.

The depositions established that the Chargers' organization received as many as 10,000 prescription drugs a year in that span through a bulk delivery system involving an orthopedic surgeon, a pharmacist and the team's trainer.

The drugs included "pep" pills, sleeping pills, pain-killers and sedatives. According to the depositions, they were sometimes distributed without verbal or written prescriptions. The depositions also indicated that the misuse of drugs occurred on the Kansas City Chiefs, the Oakland Raiders and the Cincinnati Bengals.



United Press International.

LANGUAGE MATTERS—Cleveland coach Joe Lutz is restrained by manager Ken Aspromonte from getting to umpire Bill Kunkel, who had just ejected him from the game. Dispute started after "name-calling" bout between Dick Allen of the Chicago White Sox, who was at bat, and the Indians' players—and coaches—in the dugout.

y Seeks to Exhibit Victory Over England

Brian Glanville

N, June 12 (IHT).—The ial match Thursday in ween Italy and England ited as only an exhibi- o the Italians, at least, y great deal more than exactly 40 years of against England, they ... none. The series Rome in 1933 with a the Italians claimed Bastin's equalizer was A year later, with Italy World Cup in which did not compete until had the notorious Bat- ghbury. Seven English eded medical treatment, Eddie Hapgood, the rith a nose broken by inside-forward with a the elbow. Luis Monti, usly rough Italian cen- vent off after 90 sec- breaking a toe in a h the robust Arsenal ward, Ted Drake. The ought it was a deliber- and "retaliated" ac-

England played in lvio Piola, the fine nter-forward, a great r 1938 World Cup vic- ed a goal which was the German referee, uwens. Willy Hall t 2-2 for England.

war, in May, 1948, on Stadio Comunale where eams meet Thursday England thrashed a alian side 4-0, in a remembered for an l scored by the Black- right Stanley Morten- from the goal line. e Italian team were f the Turins side, ed the following May. lled—a dreadful blow otball. Yet, the fol- mber, Italy had a side to go to Tottenham, outplay England, but lose 2-0 because it just couldn't finish its many brilliant movements. In 1952 there was an undistinguished 2-2 draw in Florence, in 1959 an equally unimpressive 2-2 draw at Wembley, while in Rome, two years later, England won 3-2, after Buffon, the Italian goalkeeper, went off with a broken nose, giving place to the young Vavassori, who let in two soft goals.

Lots of Work

One man desperately keen to play in Thursday's game is the big Lazio center-forward, Giorgio Chinaglia, who was once a young reserve with Swansea Town, who gave him a free transfer. Now Chinaglia is an international star with Lazio of Rome, but it is unlikely that for all his ambition, he will be preferred to the forceful 22-year-old Pulici of Torino, provided he be fit.

Last Saturday, Italy played Brazil, and there are some who believe their players are too tired, especially at this time of the season, to undertake two hard international matches in a week. But at least both matches are at home, while England has just made an exhausting tour of Poland and Russia.

This Saturday, it is the West Germans' turn to play Brazil, in a potentially fascinating match. A year ago, this looked as if it might be the 1974 World Cup final. Since then the Germans have rather gone off the boil, while the Brazilians, as we know, are carefully rebuilding their team. A Brazilian victory would be more significant than a German one, which the Brazilians could always explain away on the grounds that they are playing away from home, and that by the time they open the 1974 World Cup in Frankfurt, they'll have had their traditional, essential months of collective preparation. Moreover, they hope that Tostao, whose vision seems to be improving since his most recent operation in Houston, will be fit, just as he was in 1970.

West Germany now has the intriguing problem of Netzer and Overath, the first a star at inside-left of the 1970 World Cup, the second a great figure in Germany's Nations Cup victory last year, players of greatly contrasting style, but vast ability. Injury opened the way for Netzer, but since then he himself has had to miss games through injury, while Overath has returned with somewhat modest success. Netzer's personal life, however, seems confused and his form enigmatic, even if Gerd Muller has put the cat among the pigeons by giving an interview in which he says he prefers to play center-forward with Netzer, and dislikes to play with Overath.

Richard Stays With Canadiens As Money Is a Big Incentive

MONTREAL, June 12 (UPI).—Henri Richard, 37, will skate with the National Hockey League Montreal Canadiens next season but it took the richest contract in club history to keep him from the World Hockey Association.

Richard, 18 years with the Canadiens, signed a two-year contract with the club yesterday for reportedly more than $100,000 a season.

Canadiens' general manager Sam Pollock said, "We never disclose salaries of our players. But he's the highest paid player we've ever had.

"And he deserves it, too. He's been on 11 of our Stanley Cup teams and that's a record."

Richard turned down a $900,000 offer from the WHA Houston Aeros to sign with Montreal.

Coach For Islanders

NEW YORK, June 12 (NYT).—The New York Islanders, who needed—two coaches to get through their first National Hockey League season, when they won only 12 of 78 games, hired a new one yesterday to head the club.

Al Arbour, 40-year-old former defenseman who played with Detroit, Toronto and St. Louis, was named to replace Earl Ingarfield, an interim selection who succeeded Phil Goyette, the original coach, on Jan. 29.

Bullets' Shue Resigns

WASHINGTON, June 12 (WP).—Gene Shue has said he has resigned as coach of the Capital Bullets of the National Basketball Association because of a disagreement with team owner Abe Pollin. Shue has been mentioned as a possible candidate for the vacant coaching position with the Philadelphia 76ers.

Baseball Deals

NATIONAL LEAGUE

NEW YORK METS—Recalled Don Hahn, outfielder, from Tidewater of the International League. Placed Jerry May, catcher, on 15-day disabled list.

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	Pr. 69.00	126.00	Portugal (air)	Esc. 480.00	843.00
y	D.M. 53.00	97.00	Spain (air)	Ptas. 1,040.00	1,920.00
ritain (air)	£ 5.80	10.50	Sweden (air)	S.Kr. 84.00	154.00
(air)	Dr. 497.00	904.00	Switzerland	S.Fr. 64.00	116.00
(air)	£ 5.80	10.50	Turkey	$ 16.80	33.75
	Lire 9,600	17,500	Other countries		
French unity (air)	$ 34.80	45.00	in Europe (air)	$ 18.80	33.75
			Libya (air)	$ 30.00	54.00
			Madagascar (air)	$ 36.00	67.50
South (air) Tunisia	$ 40.50	76.50	Mexico	$ 40.50	76.50
co (air)	$ 17.25	30.75	Nigeria (air)	$ 40.50	76.50
(air)	$ 40.50	76.50	Pakistan (air)	$ 40.50	76.50
ilr)	$ 40.50	76.50	Persian Gulf (air)	$ 40.50	76.50
ak (air)	$ 30.00	54.00	Saudi Arabia (air)	$ 30.00	54.00
(air)	$ 24.80	45.00	Sierra Leone (air)	$ 40.50	76.50
Korea (air)	$ 49.50	93.75	S. America (air)	$ 40.50	76.50
(air)	$ 30.00	54.00	U.A.R. (air)	$ 30.00	54.00
			U.S.A. (air)	$ 34.00	67.50

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Secretariat Has Proved 'Blue Chip' Investment

By Gerald Strine

ELMONT, N.Y., June 13 (WP).—Robert McNamara strolled into the Belmont paddock late Saturday afternoon looking shimmeringly suntanned and frighteningly solvent. The head of the World Bank had come to inspect Secretariat along with several thousand other well-wishers who jammed the outside of the large saddling enclosure.

"Does he look like a solid investment?" the former secretary of defense was asked.

McNamara smiled at the question and looked toward his hostess for this Belmont Stakes afternoon, Penny Tweedy. "I got a tip from my chief economist several months ago that this horse might be a pretty good financial venture," he said.

It turned out that Hollis Chenery, the brother of Secretariat's owner, is a vice-president of the World Bank. He has counseled his sister to "breed a major stakes winner every five years and some kind of a stakes winner every other year" in order to beat the racing game.

Secretariat qualifies handsomely as a "major stakes winner." Young "Sexy," as Mrs. Tweedy occasionally calls her $6,080,000 future stud, just might be the best thoroughbred ever born.

Certainly his 31-length victory in the 105th Belmont Stakes was as stunning a performance as any of us is likely to witness again. And the time, 2:24, was mind-blowing, being 2 3/5 seconds faster than Gallant Man's 1957 record, and over a track that, while fast, was not exactly the Cross Island Parkway.

"The marvelous thing about that coin toss a few years ago was that we lost it," Mrs. Tweedy recalled moments after Meadow Stables' 16.2-hand chestnut colt had become the ninth Triple Crown winner. She was referring to a complicated breeding agreement she had with Ogden Phipps, owner of Bold Ruler, under which Phipps would get one of Something Royal's next two foals.

Phipps won the toss, for a filly named The Bride, and he's been feeling like a man left at the altar ever since. Mrs. Tweedy is the happiest "loser" in the business.

Insurance

Now, however, Boss Tweedy should sit down and take a hard look at what little remains of Secretariat's racing future. He is safely syndicated. He has the 1973 Horse of the Year title tucked away alongside the 1972 championship. He is a superhorse. He has little to prove, and little more to gain, unless...

"Meadow Stable continues in charge of Secretariat's racing schedule," Mrs. Tweedy said before the Belmont, "but we have an agreement with the shareholders (32 of them, at $190,000 a throw) to retire him on Nov. 15. In the interim we carry insurance on his life and insurance on his being fertile. He must prove fertile in order for the syndication to be consummated."

"Just where," a reporter piped up, "can we get some of that fertility insurance?"

"We have it," Mrs. Tweedy responded, "but there's a time limit on it."

After the Belmont, still glowing in the victory, Mrs. Tweedy reiterated that Secretariat "will be given a breather until Saratoga. His next start probably will be in the Travers."

The weight-for-age races in the fall traditionally determine America's champion race horse. So, apparently, Secretariat is headed for the Woodward, the Jockey Club Gold Cup and, possibly, the Washington, D. C., International four days before his retirement.

"There is no reason why we might not try him on the grass," the owner said.

Wonderful, and late July or early August would not be too soon. Then, if Secretariat shows he can handle a turf course—and who would want to bet he can't?—Boss Tweedy should forget all that traditional thinking about the fall and plan instead an overseas adventure.

The Arc de Triomphe in Paris the first Sunday in October should be Secretariat's last start. All the odds are stacked against an American horse's success there—the clockwise course, the undulating terrain—and it would take a superhorse to win. Why not try?

"We don't want to map a schedule for him that would be too chancy," Mrs. Tweedy remarked recently. It is bad enough not having the pleasure of Secretariat's company as a 4-year-old in 1974, but that, as the owner notes, is the breeding business.

"I'd love to see him race next year, too," she said, "but I can't break my heart over it. Our stable operation needed the money after my father died."

Until then, Mrs. Tweedy calls the shots with trainer Lucien Laurin. It would be in the finest tradition of Virginia sportsmen and sportswomen for her to take the big gamble as Raymond Guest and Paul Mellon have done in recent seasons. It would, for that matter, be in the grand sporting flair of her father, Christopher T. Chenery, who built Meadow Stud.

Then Robert McNamara could plan a business trip to France in October to further check on his chief economist's finest stock. Secretariat lost 50 pounds during the Triple Crown and is down to 1,100. His stud value has increased to $8.5 million or perhaps $10 million.

Employing 1,100 pounds and $6,080,000 as the figures, Secretariat is worth $5,527 a pound, conservatively. Neither dollars nor pounds have held up so well in the World Bank in recent months.

Wimbledon Won't Give In To Boycott

LONDON, June 12 (UPI).—The International Lawn Tennis Federation will not bow to the threat of a boycott by the Association of Tennis Players, IL/TF president Alan Heyman said today.

The players have threatened to boycott tournaments, including this month's Wimbledon championships, over the suspension of Yugoslavia's Nikki Pilic.

"No responsible national or international sports organization can allow itself to be intimidated by threats of a walk-out which seem too much in vogue at the present time," Hayman said.

He said it would be "a great pity" if Wimbledon—which has announced it will support the ILTF—suffers.

"But it would be an even greater pity if threats of a strike were to rule the game of lawn tennis in future, especially after a dispute has been adjudicated upon by a tribunal accepted by both sides," he said.

Pilic was banned by the ILTF until June 30—Wimbledon starts June 25—because he refused to play for Yugoslavia in the Davis Cup. The Yugoslav star has claimed he never promised to play for his country.

ILTF secretary Basil Reay said the decision to ban Pilic until the end of this month "is final."

"We have examined a pile of documents, original letters and talked to people concerned," he said.

"We spent three days in Paris on it. This case has been dealt with finally."

Reay denied that a meeting between player representatives Jack Kramer and Donald Dell and the ILTF president had been arranged for tomorrow in London.

"We understand that Kramer is over here in the hope of having a word with us, but nothing has been arranged," Reay said.

Passes Bunning

Cards' Gibson Reaches No. 2 Spot in Strikeouts

NEW YORK, June 12 (NYT).—Bob Gibson, at 37 one of major league baseball's senior citizens, pitched a four-hitter and moved into second place on the career strikeout list as the St. Louis Cardinals scored a 12-4 victory over the Cincinnati Reds in Riverfront Stadium.

Gibson passed Jim Bunning when he struck out Ed Sprague, a Reds pitcher, in the second inning for his third strikeout of the game, and the 2,856th of his 15-year career in a Cardinal uniform.

The 6-footer, who mixes a darting slider among his fast balls, finished with nine strikeouts for a career total of 2,362. The leader is Walter Johnson, who struck out 3,508 batters in 21 seasons with the Washington Senators.

The Cardinals chased Don Gullett by scoring two runs in the first inning and five more in the second. The loss was the fourth against six triumphs for Gullett.

Ken Reitz, the Cards' rookie third baseman, touched off St. Louis's second inning with his fourth homer of the season. St. Louis added two runs in the third when Lou Brock hit his third homer, after a walk to José Cruz.

The 10th run scored in the fifth on a wild pitch and the final two came across in the seventh on Cruz's homer with Luis Melendez on base. The Cards wound up with 14 hits.

Dodgers 5, Phils 3

Don Sutton yielded six hits and Pete Richart relieved to nail down the final out as Los Angeles won in Philadelphia, 5-3. Sutton struck out six and walked one in winning his eighth game in 12 decisions.

The Dodgers knocked out Dick Ruthven in the second inning, scoring four runs on singles by Dave Lopes and Joe Fergusson, Bill Russell's sacrifice fly and a wild pitch. Sutton held the Phillies hitless until the sixth when Larry Bowa and Cesar Tovar singled. He lost his shutout in the seventh when Greg Luzinski hit his seventh homer. Luzinski homered again, a two-run shot, in the ninth. With a runner on second, Richert ended the game and picked up his sixth save.

Giants 2, Mets 1

At New York, the Mets finally scored a run but that was as far as the revival went because the San Francisco Giants scored two for a 2-1 victory that sent the Mets to their 12th defeat in 16 starts.

The Giants snapped a three-game losing streak behind the six-hit pitching of Ron Bryant, with a little last-out help from Randy Moffitt. By scoring one run, the Mets managed a moral victory of sorts because they had been held scoreless four times in their eight previous games. But twice last night they left the bases loaded without scoring as Bryant finessed his way to his 10th victory, seven in a row.

Brewers 10, Twins 6

In the American League, Ollie Brown's two-run single was a key blow in a five-run fourth inning that carried Milwaukee to a 10-6 triumph in Minnesota. The Brewers took a 3-1 lead after Dave Mays' two-run, inside-the-park homer in the third, and they broke the game open with their big fourth. The victory went to Bill Parsons, who won his second game in six decisions. Jim Kaat, the loser, gave up six runs on seven hits before yielding to Dave Goltz in the fourth.

Major League Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Chicago	34	22	.596	—
Montreal	25	25	.500	5 1/2
St. Louis	26	29	.473	7
Pittsburgh	24	27	.471	7
New York	23	29	.442	8 1/2
Philadelphia	22	33	.411	10 1/2

Western Division

San Francisco	38	23	.623	—
Los Angeles	36	23	.610	1 1/2
Houston	33	27	.550	5
Cincinnati	31	28	.544	5 1/2
Atlanta	24	34	.414	12
San Diego	20	39	.339	17 1/2

Monday's Results
San Francisco 2, New York 1.
Los Angeles 5, Philadelphia 3.
Atlanta 9, Pittsburgh 7.
St. Louis 12, Cincinnati 4.
(Only games scheduled.)

Tuesday's Games
Los Angeles at Philadelphia, night.
San Diego at Montreal, night.
San Francisco at New York, night.
Pittsburgh at Atlanta, night.
St. Louis at Cincinnati, night.
Chicago at Houston, night.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
New York	30	26	.536	—
Detroit	29	26	.527	1/2
Milwaukee	28	27	.509	1 1/2
Boston	25	26	.500	2
Baltimore	25	25	.500	2
Cleveland	21	35	.375	9

Western Division

Chicago	31	21	.596	—
Minnesota	30	23	.566	1 1/2
Kansas City	31	28	.525	3 1/2
California	27	26	.509	4 1/2
Oakland	29	28	.509	4 1/2
Texas	18	34	.346	13

Monday's Results
Milwaukee 10, Minnesota 6.
(Only game scheduled.)

Tuesday's Games
Texas at Cleveland, twilight.
Kansas City at Baltimore, night.
Chicago at Detroit, night.
Milwaukee at Minnesota, night.
New York at Oakland, night.
Boston at California, night.

Monday's Line Scores

NATIONAL LEAGUE

San Francisco ... 000 110 000—2 11 1
New York ..... 000 010 000—1 6 2
Bryant, Moffitt (9) and Rader; Stone, Capra (7), Hennigan (8) and Dyer. W—Bryant (10-3). L—Stone (1-3). HR—Kingman (7th).

Los Angeles ..... 040 000 100—5 7 0
Philadelphia ... 000 000 102—3 6 1
Sutton, Richert (9) and Ferguson; Ruthven, Lersch (2), Brandon (7), Scarce (9) and Boone. W—Sutton (8-4). L—Ruthven (1-5). HR—Luzinski (7th & 8th).

Pittsburgh ..... 000 020 300—7 15 1
Atlanta ..... 020 001 06x—9 13 1
Blass, Booker (4), Dettore (8), Hernandez (7), Ofusti (8) and May; Morton, Hoerner (7), Painter (7), House (9), Schueler (9) and Oates. W—Morton (6-4). L—Blass (2-4). HR—Aaron (16th), Johnson (11th).

St. Louis ..... 202 010 200—12 16 2
Cincinnati ..... 200 001 001— 4 6 0
Gibson (5-6) and Simmons; Gullett, Sprague (2), McGlothlin (5) and Bench, Plummer (6). L—Gullett (8-6). HR—Morgan (8th), Reitz (4th), Brock (3d), Cruz (6th).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Milwaukee ..... 012 500 002—10 15 1
Minnesota ..... 100 010 031— 6 12 2
Parsons, Rogman (6), Gardner (8), Linzy (8) and Rodriguez; Kaat, Goltz (4), Strickland (8), Sanders (9) and Mitterwald. W—Parsons (2-4). L—Kaat (6-4). HR—May (11th), Carew (4th), Aaa (9th).

Great Chase For Aaron Moves Closer

ATLANTA, June 12 (UPI).—Hank Aaron hit a three-run homer, the 689th of his career, highlighting a six-run fourth inning as Atlanta beat Pittsburgh, last night.

Aaron's blast, his 16th of the season, moved him within 25 of Babe Ruth's mark of 714.

The Braves got to Steve Blass for six hits in the first two innings, scoring two runs on four hits in the second. Atlanta wrapped up the victory for Carl Morton in the sixth. Dave Johnson hit a two-run homer and Johnny Oates singled in a run before Aaron unloaded his homer.

Ailing Twins Are No 'Jerks' At Putting Together Victories

By Leonard Shapiro

WASHINGTON, June 12 (WP).—The shortstop, Danny Thompson, is suffering through the early stages of leukemia, and the designated hitter, Tony Oliva, walks around on a right knee which doesn't have any semblance of cartilage, the result of three operations.

The first baseman, Harmon Killebrew, once the most feared home run hitter in the American League, has only three after 50 games.

The catcher, George Mitterwald, hurt his back lifting his baby the day after he hit his first home run, and the second baseman, Rod Carew, has been fined $250 this season for not hustling.

The third pitcher in the starting rotation, Bill Hands, has called team owner Calvin Griffith "a jerk," after taking a $3,000 cut.

"If I think a guy's a jerk, I'll call him a jerk," said Hands, who also has called his team "a fifth-place ball club." Then he apologized.

The Minnesota Twins, a soap opera in double knits, are also the hottest team in the American League, winning 18 of their last 26 games and climbing into second place in the West, one and a half games behind the Chicago White Sox.

Of their nine regulars who have played in 35 or more of their first 52 games, only one, right fielder Bobby Darwin, is batting less than .250. And Darwin, around .240, has delivered at least five game-winning hits.

"It's no beeg secret," said Cuban-born Oliva, who lifts 40-pound weights attached to his right ankle before every game to strengthen his knee. "We hitting like hell."

Oliva, 31, and a three-time batting champion, has not played one inning in the field this season, courtesy of the designated-hitter rule.

"But I no have to. The other boys doing the job. I could have played, but not every day, not like I do now."

Oliva, a .313 lifetime hitter, is batting .274 with 26 runs knocked in. Of his 49 hits, 40 are singles, but he also has won six games with his bat. Last year, he only played 10 games before going through the knee operation in July that finished his season.

"Everybody's starting to come around now," said Frank Quilici, the Twins' manager who took over for Bill Rigney in the middle of the 1973 season.

"A lot of people wrote us off because they don't know about us," he said. "We've got some good young players on this club. It's not only Killebrew, Oliva and Carew, believe me.

"We came out of spring training ready to roll. Then we had 11 off days in April. Either the rain or the schedule man got us. Our pitching just collapsed."

During one early May stretch, the Twins lost 10 of 12 games, allowing the Yankees 28 runs in one disastrous three-game series. "Then we started playing every day, we started to get consistent, and we started winning," Quilici said.

One of the most consistent Twins has been Bert Blyleven, 22, who has two major claims to fame. He is the only pitcher in the major leagues born in the Netherlands and, according to Quilici, "he has the scariest curve ball in baseball. It'll come three feet in front of you at your head and wind up on the outside corner."

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Observer

Ron Ziegler's Diary

By Russell Baker

WASHINGTON — The following are excerpts from Ronald Ziegler's diary, which was leaked by sources close to the source of the Nile. Ziegler's diary entries are undated. This is because Ziegler apparently distrusts his diary. Consider the following entry:

"Dear Diary: No, no, no. I have thought about it all week, and it seems manifestly indicative of the present state of —. Oh, Diary, why do I talk that way to you? Can it be that I am now so terrified of saying something when I speak that I cannot even talk straight from the shoulder to my good old faithful Diary?



Baker

"And yet, how do I know you won't leak? Everybody is leaking these days. Nobody is safe. Even safes have begun to leak. That's why I have decided not to put dates on these entries.

"*I am not authorized to tell* anybody what day of the week it is. Why should I tell diaries?"

In the following entry, which is typical of many, Ziegler faces his diary at the end of a busy day:

"Dear Diary: Certain events of a public character eventuated in connection with two separate branches of a certain large government today. As I have indicated in multiple previous entries, I am not at liberty to disclose the identity of that particular government, nor of the two separate branches involved in the eventuation to which my opening statement alluded, and I will stand on that statement in regard to nondisclosure."

In another entry, Ziegler debates how much to tell his diary about a butter pecan ice cream cone which he has eaten during the day at a drugstore:

"Dear Diary: I have a statement for you at this time in regard to a pleasurable incident involving the alimentary process in which White House personnel participated in a public place within the previous 24-hour time period. The incident referred to involved an unheated edible substance containing three elements, the whole set atop a conical sugar module. I can neither confirm nor deny at this point in time any potential allegations in regard to unsubstantiated implications that the pleasurable incident occurred, alimentary-wise, while the White House personnel in question was riffling through a magazine rack copy of Penthouse."

Ziegler's *work requires him* to listen to White House correspondents' questions twice a day.

"Diary, Diary! What a day! Forgive my silly boyish lapse into monosyllabics; I know it should be, 'the present diurnal cycle has been most gratifying.' Nevertheless, Diary, there are times when I feel so wonderful, *spiritwise*, about a particularly good piece of work that I cannot stop myself from lapsing into English.

"The present diurnal cycle in which we are now situated has witnessed such an event. It would be constitutionally ineluctable for me to disclose the details, and as a consequence of this assertion of the doctrine of the ineluctability of excessive disclosure, I shall have nothing more to say about that at this time except that—well, Diary, I was really good in there today."

With the start of the Watergate leaks, Ziegler began to be more careful about what he told his diary.

"Dear Diary," begins a typical entry from this period, "I'd like to tell you who I am, but in the absence of positive evidence of your absolute loyalty to the historic doctrine of the ineffability of powers, I can only caution you not to assume that I am the same person you used to think I might be. Everything that has gone before is now inappropriate."

In the following entry, Ziegler tells his diary that he has been promoted and is now the *Nixon* administration's director of information:

"Dear Diary: In view of the present situation as it exists at this moment in time, it has been decided by me that excessive information supply to diary-type media must be subjected to discreet curbings. For this reason, I will have nothing to tell you today, and may not tomorrow, or thereafter, in actual point of inauspicious fact."

College Head's Sabbatical: Menial Jobs

By Israel Shenker

NEW YORK, (NYT).—Dr. John R. Coleman, president of Haverford College, has repeatedly complained that the educational process keeps people in lockstep from infancy to Ph. D.—and then some.

At the age of 51 he took his words to heart and broke step, leaving Haverford this past semester on a sabbatical. Determined to leave his customary life far behind, resolved to get a variety of hard work experiences, he began on Feb. 9 as a farmhand in his native Ontario. Up at 4:30 each morning, working 13 hours a day in milkshed and barns, he toughened himself for the succeeding jobs as ditchdigger, dishwasher, quick-service counterman and garbage collector.

"I wanted to get away from the world of words and politics and parties—the things a president does," he explained in an interview. "As a college president you begin to take yourself very seriously and think you have power you don't. You forget elementary things about people. I wanted to relearn things I'd forgotten."



NYT.

Dr. John R. Coleman picking up garbage.

Want Ads

He had traveled widely in January, raising funds for Haverford, which is one of the most select liberal arts colleges in the nation, with about 725 students. As he went he gathered classified ads. "I'm a labor economist by training," he noted, "and I think I have an eye for the want ads."

Impressed with opportunities in Atlanta, he landed a job there beginning Feb. 16, for $2.75 an hour, with First Utility Corporation (formerly First Plumbing Corporation), digging ditches for sewers and water lines. Struck by his own ineptness with his hands, he slogged on, meanwhile absorbing a litany of working obscenities from his mates.

Since Dr. Coleman happens to be chairman of the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, he quit his ditchdigging job on March 2 to preside over the bank's monthly meeting. When he looked at the other members of the board, he could not keep from feeling there was something unreal about them all.

The next day he was in Boston, drawn partly by sentimental reasons, for he had earlier taught economics and labor relations at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in neighboring Cambridge. He took a cheap room, as he had in Atlanta, and began feeding dimes into a pay phone, trying unsuccessfully to land a construction job.

He finally found work in Stuart's Cafeteria in South Boston, as porter-dishwasher. Within an hour the boss put $2 in his hand and discharged him, saying, "You won't do."

No Reason

"I'm an academic, so I naturally wanted to know why," Dr. Coleman said, recalling the incident. "But he wouldn't give any explanation and I was out on the street.

"I'd never been fired and I'd never been unemployed. For three days I walked the streets. Though I had a bank account, though my children's tuition was paid, though I had a salary and a job waiting for me back in Haverford, I was demoralized. I had an inkling of how professionals my age feel when they lose their job and their confidence begins to sink."

He struggled to keep his spirits up, explaining to prospective employers that he was "in sales" (and so he was, in a way, as he explained to himself) and was tired of that. He applied for a job as a kitchen helper in an electronics plant next door to the MIT building where he had been a professor 20 years earlier and was turned down. He tried a nursing home and a country club, enduring the snubs of those in authority.

Frustrated, he turned from the Boston Globe's want ads to his horoscope for the day: "Look for money and luck in the early afternoon."

He was hired that afternoon—March 8—as a sandwich and salad man at the Union Oyster House.

An Offer

"I saw people working under conditions of great pressure, when they were great, and in relaxed periods, when they were difficult," he said.

When reprimanded for an inadvertent oversight, he himself was reduced to using an expletive borrowed directly from his Atlanta ditchdigging friends.

Cooking is a hobby with Dr. Coleman, who is divorced and has five children, and he seemed so promising that the manager offered him promotion to assistant chef. But the April meeting at the bank was coming up, so he quit and returned to Philadelphia.

On April 6, he got a job for $2.50 an hour, six days a week, on a garbage truck of American Refuse, Inc., in College Park, Md. As he picked up garbage he would call out cheery greetings to the local residents, but few replied. Most pretended he didn't exist.

In the diary he was keeping, he noted his thoughts about American class-consciousness, and he also elaborated a sketchy sociology of suburban trash-leaving habits. He was not new to the writer's art or theoretical labor: Among his book credits are "Labor Problems" (1953, 1959) and "Working Harmony" (1955).

After a week of collecting about two tons of garbage a day, he left the job and the experiment, and returned to his *checkbook and full-bodied* existence in suburban Haverford, outside Philadelphia.

When Dr. Coleman left Haverford he did not tell his staff where he was going or why. If there were urgent messages, they were to be left with his son, a freshman in the dorms.

Since his return, some faculty and staff members have heard about what he was doing.

"There must be people who think this is the craziest thing they ever heard of, but I'm the better for it," he said. "I can't make the thing out to have been terribly well thought out; it had a serendipitous aspect. But it was answering to my heart and head."

Though some members of the faculty are indeed cynical, or critical, of the whole exercise, Dr. Coleman plans to go on repeating the lesson he urged in his inaugural at Haverford in 1967: "The scholar, young or old, needs time to withdraw and to look back on what has been learned and ahead to what comes next."

PEOPLE: *Henry Miller Casts A Vote for Eroticism*

Books—even obscene books, which is the kind he writes—are on the way out, and Henry Miller says he isn't losing any sleep over it. He isn't even losing any sleep over *his* new book, "Insomnia, or the Devil at Large," he announced in Los Angeles at the convention of the American Booksellers' Association. The dirty old man of yesteryear, who is now 81, seized the occasion not only to predict that books would be superseded within 50 years by "the cinema and television," but also to launch an assault on pornography: "I am not very much interested in pornography as it is today. I think it is killing off sex instead of helping. . . . I prefer obscenity to pornography. Pornography is sly but obscenity is forthright. The other seems a bit dirty to me. What I like best is erotic literature. . . . It titillates because it doesn't use bad words."

Miller said his new book describes his infatuation with Hoki Tokuda, a Japanese nightclub singer who was 29 when she became his fifth wife in 1967. "My love was unrequited—words you don't hear very much any more," he said, "so I developed insomnia . . . I was like a crazy gorilla. So I sat down and began to write about her."

* * *

As the television cameras turned at New York's Waldorf-Astoria and an audience including 60 reporters looked on with bated breath Monday, Margaret Staves, a British medium, announced that she had made contact with the ghost of Tarzan—i.e., Lex Barker, who died May 11—and that TARZAN SPOKE! What did he say, "Me Tarzan, you Jane?" Well, no; not really. He said, according to Miss Staves, "I speak of love and a life beyond. . . . There is forgiveness here . . . I speak of deep regret and heartache."

The seance had been arranged in April, with an agreement among Barker and three Hollywood friends—Arlene Dahl, Rhonda Fleming and Robert Cummings. Each of them wrote a message that was put into a sealed envelope and deposited in a bank vault, with the understanding that each would attempt to transmit it to a medium one month after death.

Among those on hand at the Waldorf on Monday was Tarzan's widow, Zan Barker. Through tears, she asked Miss ... "Is he happy?" The m... plied that "he is ... but there was no immed... on whether any of the ... allegedly received coinc... whatever messages the ... contains.

* * *

Meanwhile, in the hinterland, there are ot... that may be trying to ... a few terse words. ... House of Representa... voted 83-to-1 to cut o... payments to widows o... erans of three Indian c... members of the Spirit ... lief Expedition of 1857, t... ern Border Brigade ... frontier guards of ... Cavalry, circa 1861. T... ture justified the cut... ground that there hav... applications for the $... pension payments sinc...

* * *

"I am a great opti... Boris Spassky, "and I ... ed a good deal of exp... the Reykjavik tournam... Russian grand master, ... ed in Bamberg, West ... said he is still hoping ... turn match with Bob... who defeated him for ... chess championship— according to a recent r... never again play t... chess. But, anyway, ... ky think he could beat ... they were to play ag... is hard to say. Fischer ... genius, but even a ... be beaten."

* * *

Dmitri Shostakovich ... in New York en route ... ton, Ill., where he is ... ceive an honorary ... Northwestern Universi... urday. The Russian ... who is 66, last visited ... States in 1959. He h... ed interest in learning ... American quadrophoni... techniques.

* * *

Liza Minnelli was a... Heathrow Airport on ... greet a visitor from ... half-sister Lorna Luf... who flew in for a w... day. "We are going t... thing and see everyt... said. "I'm going to ... out on the town and ... day we plan to go ... Lorna needs a new w...

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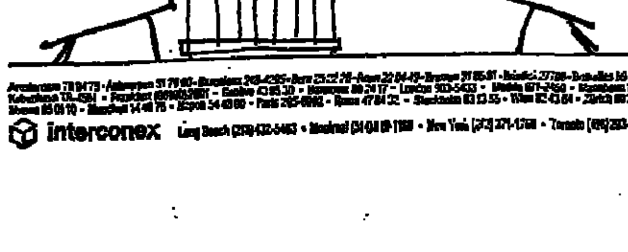
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